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## ABSTRACT

Many feel that scientists and engineers play a critical role in expanding the frontiers and knowledge of science and engineering and in educating and training future generations of scientists and enginecrs. They may do so by providing leadership in areas of national interest including efforts to increase the international competitiveness and strengthen the defense of the United States. The doctoral science and engineering work force has experienced major changes over the period from 1975-1985. The changes have included increases in the number employed, a relative shift to industrial employment, a relative decline in the importance of teaching and a sharp increase in the number of womel with doctorates. This report analyzes the major changes that have taken place over the 1975-85 decade among doctoral scientists and engineers and provides a set of trend data pertaining to this population. Discussions include: (1) "Employment of Doctoral. Scientists and Engineers"; (2) "Character of Science and Technology"; (3) "Age Profiles"; (4) "Sa?.aries"; and (5) "Women and Minorities." Appendices include technical notes, detailed statistical tables, and a reproduction of the 1985 survey questionnaire. (CW)

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# doctoral scientists and engineers: a decade of change 


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## foreword

Scientists and engineers with doctorates play a critical role in expanding the frontiers and knowledge of science and engineering and in educating and training future generations of scientists and engineers. They do so by providing leadership in areas of critical national interest; these include efforts to increase our international competitiveness and strengthen our national defense.

The doctoral science and engineering ( $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{E}$ ) work force has experienced major changes over the 1975-85 decade. In addition to increases in the number eniployed, these changes include a relative shift to industrial employment, a relative decline in the importance of teaching, and a sharp increase in the number of women with doctorates.

This report has two main objectives: (1) to analyze the major changes that have taken place over the 1975-85 decade among doctoral scientists and engineers, and (2) to provide a relatively comprehensive set of trend data pertaining to this population.

William L. Stewart<br>Director, Division of<br>Science Resources Studies<br>Directorate for Scientific,<br>Techological, and International Affairs

March 1988

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This report was developed within the Division of Science Resources Studies, Surveys and Analysis Section, by Melissa J. Lane, Economist, Scientific and Technical Personnel Characteristics Studies Group (STPCSG); under the direction of Michael F. Crowley, Study Director, STPCSG. John A. Scopino, Senior Science Resources Analyst within the Study Group, contributed to the analysis, prepared the Technical Notes, and assisted in several other aspects of the study.
Guidance and review were provided by Charles H. Dickens, Head, Surveys and Analysis Section; and William L. Stewart, Director, Division oí Science Resources Studies.

## general note

Because of changes in definitions and in other aspects of survey conduct and operations, data published in this report for any year are not strictly comparable with estimates published in earlier years. Caution should therefore be exercised in using published data to develop historical trends. The data in this report have, however, been adjusted to minimize these differences and are suitable for use in analyzing historical trends.

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## executive summary

Employment of doctoral scientists and engineers increased from 256,100 in 1975 to 400,000 in 1985; this change represents an annual growth of 4.6 percent. Over roughly the same period, employment of scientists and engineers at all degree levels rose at an annual rate of 7 percent; in comparison, overail U.S. employment increased at an aurual rate of 2 percent. Among Ph.D. scientists, employment of computer specialists increased more than three times faster than for all doctoral-level scientists ( 15.5 percent per year versus 4.6 percent). For doctoral engineers, employment increased at an annual rate of 4.5 percent. Annual growth rates am.ong engineering disciplines ranged from 6.6 percent for aeronautical engineers to 2.9 percent for chemical engineers.

In 1985, 95 percent of Ph.D. scientists and 80 percent of engineers were employed in a field coincident with their field of degree. These proportions have remained relatively constant since 1975 . Computer specialists are, however, a notable exception to this generally high rate of coincidence between employment and degree fields. For example, in 1985, only about 18 percent of those employed as computer specialists had earned their doctorate in computer science. Another 17 percent held their degree in mathematics while 11 percent had physics degrees.

Over the 1975-85 decade, doctoral employment increases varied substantially by sector. In the industrial sector, employment rose at an annual rate of 6.9 percent, compared to 3.6 percent in educational institutions. Underlying these different growth rates, has been a pronounced shift in relative employment from academia to industry over the 10 -year period. In 1985, 53 percent
were in academia, down from 58 percent ten years earlier. In industry, the proportion rose from 25 percent in 1975 to 31 percent in 1985.

The distribution of work activities of doctoral scientists and engineers changed over the decale. The shifts in reported w.ik activities reflect changes both in employment sector and the activity patterns within these various sectors. In general, the proportion of doctorates citing research and development as their major activity remained constant, while the proportion citing teaching and management declined. Activities showing increased relative importance include sales, professional services, and production and related activities (e.g., operations and quality control).
Sectoral mobility patterns of doctoral scientists and engineers have been mixed over the 1975-85 period. While generally, there has been little movement into or out of academia, there have been substantial movements between government and industry. Inflows to industry have exceeded the sector's outflows.
The average age of those in the doctoral science and engineering ( $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{E}$ ) work force has increased over the 197585 decade. $\ln$ 1975, 25 percent were under age 35 and only 14 percent were 55 or older. By 1985, however, 14 percent were under 35 , and 19 percent were 55 or older. Those in academia are, on average, older than their colleagues in industry.
Younger doctoral scientists and engineers are much more likely than their senior colleagues to work in research and development, especially basic research. Among those doctorates who report research and development as their major activity, 23 percent were under 35 , among
those specifically reporting basic research, 27 percent were 35 or younger. Doctorates reporing teaching as their major activity showed age profiles substantially different from those in research and development: in 1985, only 9 percent were under 35 while 24 percent were 55 or older.
The median annual salary of Ph.D. scientists and engineers rose faster than the average weekly earnings in nonagricultural industries over the decade. It did not, however, increase as quickly as the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Salaries of doctoral scientists and engineers rose 93 percent ( $\$ 23,200$ to $\$ 44,800$ between 1975 and 1985); in contrast, average weekly earnings in nonagricultural industries rose 83 percent, while the CPI increased about 100 percent. Engineers, on average, reported salaries about $\$ 10,000$ per year above those for scientists ( $\$ 52,400$ versus $\$ 42,500$ ). S/E doctorates employed in indusiry averaged the highest annual salaries: in 1985, industry sector salaries were $\$ 12,000$ per year above those in academia ( $\$ 52,000$ versus $\$ 40,000$ ).

The number of employed women holding S/E doctorates more than doubled between 1975 and 1985, rising from 22,000 to more than 58,000 . This increase represents an annual growth rate of more than 10 percent; the comparable annual increase for men was about 4 percent. This growth rate primarily reflects the faster rates of degree production for women as well as the relatively small number of women in this population.

Despite more rapid growth, women accounted for only 15 percent of all employed doctoral scientists and engineers in 1985; this fraction was, however, up from about 9 percent in 1975. Among fields, the representation of women varies from 2 percent of engineers to 32 percent of psychologists.
The number of employed doctoral scientists and engineers who were members of racial minority groups rose from 16,500 in 1975 to 41,000 in 1985. Almost all (85 percent) of this increase is attributed to Asians, whose numbers rose from 14,000 to 35,000 . In 1985, Asians accounted for 8.6 percent of all employed doctoral scientists and engineers, up from 5.3 percent in 1975. During the same period, the number of black doctoral scientists and engineers rose from 2,500 (or 1.0 percent of all employed S/E doctorates) to 5,700 ( 1.4 percent). The number of native Americans rose from about 200 to 500 between 1975 and 1985.

There were about 5,900 Hispanic ${ }^{1}$ doctoral scientists and erigineers employed in the United States in 1985, up from 2,000 10 years earlier. In 1985, Hispanics accounted for 1.5 percent of total doctoral S/E employment, as compared to 0.8 percent in 1975.

[^1]
## section i

## employment of doctoral scientists and engineers

## levels and trends

Emp. Jyment of doctoral scientists and engineers rose from 256,000 in 1975 to 400,000 in 1985, an increase of 56 percent or 4.6 percent per year. Over roughly the same period, employment of scientists and engineers at all degree levels increased at an annealate of 7 percent, while overal! • . . loyment grew at an ann. cent. ${ }^{2}$

[^2]In absolute terms, the employment increase between 1975 and 1980 was about the same as that between 1980 and 1985. This relatively even distribution in absolute growth resulted from a relatively constant yearly output of new S/E doctorates from U.S. colleges and universities. New doctorates from U.S. universities represent the major source of additions to the Ph.D. S/E work force. Over the 1974-84 decade, the number of Ph.D.s awarded in scier:ee and engineering was between 17,000 and 18,000 each year. Annual losses in the doctoral S/E work force caused by death and retirement averaged only about 1 percent. In 1985, only
about 16,000 doctoral scientists and engineers were retired.
In 1985, scientists at the doctoral level outnumbered engineers by about five to one. This ratio has been essentially unc'.anged since 1975. Within both science and engineering, however, employmen. gruwth rates varied considerably by field (chart 1). Among scientists, employment of computer specialists rose at the highest annual rate ( 16 percent); this rate was more than three times the rate for all scientists ( 5 percent). Grewth among the various engineer. $g$ fields varied within a narrower range over the 1975-85 decade. Overall employment of doctoral en-

gineers increased at an annual rate of 5 percent, by field, however, growth ranged from 7 percent per year for aeronautical/dstronautical engineers to 3 percent for chemical engineers.

Differences in growth rates altered the field distributions of the science doctoral work force over the 1975-85 decade (chart 2). Most notably, the proportion who were employed as physical and mathematical
scientists declined, while the proportions employed as computer specialists, psychologists, and social scientists increased. In contrast, there were only relatively modest shifts among engineering fir lds.


## field mobility

Degree field versus employment field. If a large proportion of those employed in a field also hold their doctorate in that field, it may be an indication that entry is rigid and often dependent upon field of degree. Conversely, a low proportion indrcat s flexible entry and a much more eclectic educational mix.

Across most S/E fields at the doctoral level, a substantial proportion of those employed in a field also hold their degree in that field (table 1). For example, in 1985, more than 90 percent of doctorate-holders employed as chemists also held doctorates in this field. In five fields, however, less than one-half of those employed held coincident degrees. statistics ( 46 percent), medical sciences ( 46 percent), aeronautical'astronautical engineering (44 percent), systems design engineering (19 per-
cent), and computer specialties (18 percent). The educational backgrounds of those employed in these fields varied substantially. For example, among the 15,000 doctorateholders employed as computer specialists in 1985, 17 percent held doctorates in mathematics, 11 percent had Ph.D.s in physics, and 7 percent held psychology doctorates. Perhaps reflecting the limited skill transferability from field of training to uther Si'E fields, field coincidence patterns for the doctoral SiE work

Table 1. Proportion of doctorates whose field of degree is the same as their field of employment: 1985

| Field | Percent |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total science. | 95 |
| Physical sciences | 92 |
| Chemistry | 92 |
| Physics | 88 |
| Mathematical sciences | 87 |
| Mathematics | 86 |
| Statistics | 46 |
| Computer science | 18 |
| Environmental sciences | 66 |
| Earth sciences | 63 |
| Oceanography | 57 |
| Atmospheric sciences | 54 |
| Life sciences | 83 |
| Biological sciences | 82 |
| Agricultural sciences | 77 |
| Medical sciences | 46 |
| Psychology | 94 |
| Social sciences | 92 |
| Economics | 95 |
| Sociology.. | 95 |
| Other social sciences. | 77 |
| Total engineering | 80 |
| Aeronautical/astronautical | 44 |
| Chemical | 88 |
| Civil | 84 |
| Electrical/electronics | 64 |
| Materials science | 60 |
| Mechanical | 66 |
| Nuclear | 58 |
| Systems design | 19 |
| Other engineering. | 38 |

SOURCE. National Science Foundation, SRS, based on table B-27
force have remained relatively constant since 1975. Field coincidence, however, is affected by a number of factors. These factors include (a) narrowness of field definition, (b) extent to which new knowledge is readily classified in existing fields, (c) the responsiveness of Ph.D. programs to new fields or specialties, and (d) changes in supply/demand conditions.

Changes in employment field. Mobility among fields most often results from changing supply and utilization balances. The doctoral S/E
work force is not as sensitive to such supply/demand changes as are other populations (e.g., the overall S/E work force or all professional and related occupations) partially because of the substantial commitments of resources, time, and mental and emotional energy required to pursue in-depth study of a particular field. Field mobility among doctoral scientists and engineers thus is limited. The mobility that does occur is most often among fields where related skills and training are required, e.g., chemical engineering and chemistry. Field mobility may be explored from two perspectives. The first is the propensity for doc-torate-holders employed in a particular field to remain in that field.
A majority of those doctoral scientists and engineers employed in both 1975 and 1985 were working in the same field during the two periods. The highest propensity to remain in the same field occurred in psychology and economics. Among those working in 1975, 94 percent of doctoral psychologists and 92 percent of doctoral economists continued to be employed in those fields in 1985. Among other fields, proportions ranged from 54 percent of Ph.D. atmospheric scientists to 89 percent of Ph.D. sociologists. Only in systems design engineering did a relatively low fraction ( 28 percent) remain in the field over the 10 -year period. Those who had been employed in this field in 1975 had moved into such fields as computer specialties, electrical engineering, aeronautical engineering, mathematics, and physics by 1985.
Field mobility can also be assessed by determining that fraction of current employment in a particular field accounted for by those who were employed in that field in an earlier period. Fields in which a relatively lower fraction of current employment is accounted for by those who have not changed fields may indicate a demand for that field which outpaces the supply.
Among all science fields (except computer specialties), mr re than
three-fifths of employment in 1985 is made up by those who were in these fields in 1975. However, only 35 percent of doctoral computer specialists working in the field in 1985 were also in this field 10 years earlier. The background of the remaining doctoral personnel employed as computer specialists varied considerably: about 14 percent had been mathematicians, 8 percent were physicists, 6 percent had been systems design engineers, and 4 percent worked as electrical/electronics engineers.
The pattern also varied among engineering fields. More than 78 percent of civil engineers employed in 1985 were also working in this field in 1975; for aeronautical/astronautical engineers, however, only 51 percent had been in the field 10 years before. The lowest fraction again occurred in systems design engineering. In 1985, only about 25 percent of employment in this field was accounted for by those in the same field in 1975. The remainder had been in fields suck as mathematics and electrical engineering in 1975.

## labor market conditions

Labor market conditions for doctoral scientists and engineers remained generally favorable over the 1975-85 decade and seemed little influenced by changes in economic conditions. Unemployment rates, for example, remained low over the 10 year period. In 1985, the unemployment rate for doctoral level scientists and engineers was nominal at 0.8 percent ( 1.0 percent in 1975). By comparison, for the overall U.S. work force, unemployment ranged from a high of 9.7 percent in 1982 to a low of 5.8 percent in 1979; in 1985, it was 7.2 percent. ${ }^{3}$ For scientists and engineers at all educational levels, the

[^3]unemployment rate declined from 3.4 percent in 1976 to 1.6 percent in 1986.

Unemployment rates varied by field; the overall rate for engineers ( 0.5 percent) was below that for scientists ( 0.9 percent). Among doctoral engineers, the unemployment rate ranged from virtually nil for mechanical and nuclear engineers to 1.8 percent for chemical engineers. Among scientists, the rates varied from virtually zero for computer specialists to 2.1 percent for sociologists and anthropologists.
Another indicator of the favorable conditions faced by the doctoral $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{E}$ work force is the S/E employment rate. The S/E employment rate measures the extent to which employed scientists and engineers have a job in science or engineering. Depending on the specific reasons for nonS/E employment, a low rate could be an indicator of underutilization. Factors relating to non-S/E employment include lack of available S/E jobs, higher pay for non-S/E employment, location, or preference for a job outside of science or engineering.
In 1985, the $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{E}$ employment rate for doctoral scientists and engineers was 91 percent; this rate was only slightly lower than the 94 -percent rate recorded in 1975. Over the 10 -year period the $S / E$ emn'zyment rate fell somewhat for all fields, except chemistry and computer specialties where they were essentially unchanged. S/E employment rates varied by field (chart 3 ), with the rate for engineers ( 93 percent) above that for scientists (91 percent) in 1985. Among engineers, the lowest rate was recorded for chemical engineers ( 88 percent); the lowest rate for scientists was recorded for social scientists ( 80 percent).


## character of science and technology

Research and development and teaching are the major activities of doctoral scientists and engineers. The number, proportion, and distribution of those engaged in these activities varies considerably by employment sector. Sectoral employment patterns of Ph.D. scientists and engineers, and the distribution of work activities within these sectors, are indicators of the character of the U.S. science and technology enter $r$ rise, i.e, research and development, management, and production and related activities. This section examines the changes that have occurred over the decade in terms of overall sectoral employment and work activity patterns; it then focuses specifically on the changes that have taken place within the two largest employment sectors of doctoral scientists and engineers: industry and academia.

## sector

Employment increases for doctoral scientists and engineers over the 1975-85 decade varied by sector with industry growing more rapidly than academia. In the industrial sector, employment of Ph.D. scientists and engineers increased at an annual rate of 6.9 percent, compared to 3.6 percent in academia, and 4.6 percent in all sectors combined (table 2). Industry growth reflects both a relative lack of opportunity in academia in some fields (e.g., social science) and strong industrial demand for other fields (e.g., computer science and engineering). Other factors contributing to the greater demand in industry include increased R\&D funding, relatively strong growth in those industries (especially high technology ones) that
employ large numbers of scientists and engineers, ar.d changes in occupational staffing patterns.

Table 2. Employment growth rates of doctoral scientists and engineers by sector of employment: 1975.85

| Sector of <br> employment | Annual <br> growth <br> rate | Employment <br> change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total ....... | $4.6 \%$ | 144,400 |
| Industry........ | $6.9 \%$ | 61,100 |
| Academia ...... | $3.6 \%$ | 62,500 |
| Federal |  |  |
| Government ... | $3.3 \%$ | 62,500 |
| Other' ........ | $4.7 \%$ | 13,400 |

'includes hospitaisiclinics, nonprofit organizations, Statellocal governments, and all other employers. SOURCE: Natlonal Sclence Foundation, SRS; based on table B-4

There has been a pronounced shift from academia to industry in relative employment levels over the 197585 decade. The proportion of all doctoral scientists and engineers employed in industry rose from 25 percent in 1975 to 31 percent in 1985. Over the same period, the proportion employed in academia declined from 58 percent to 53 percent (chart 4).

The relative importance of each sector in providing employment opportunities for doctoral scientists and engineers is very field specific. Educational institutions employed about one-half of all Ph.D. scientists and engineers in 1985; by major field, however, proportions ranged from 80 percent of mathematical scientists to 33 percent or engineers. Industry,

with about one-third of all employed doctoral scientists and engineers in 1985, employed almost 60 percent of engineers but only 11 percent of mathematical scientists. Within major fields, the differences in relative employment are even more striking. These differences are discussed in more detail in the sections entitled "The Industrial Perspective" and "The Academic Perspective."

## work activities

Work activities of doctoral scientists and engineers have shifted considerably since 1975. While the proportion citing research and development as their major activity has remained relatively constant, those citing teaching and management have declined. Consulting, sales, professional services, and production and related activities all increased in relative importance over the decade. Nonetheless, research and development ( 33 percent) and teaching ( 28 percent) continued to be the major work activities of Ph.D. scientists and engineers (chart 5).
The number of doctoral scientists and engineers citing research and development as their primary activity increased from 82,000 in 1975 to 133,000 in 1985, representing an increase of 5 percent per year. Almost 112,000 were primarily engaged in teaching in 1985, up from 91,000 since 1975. This increase, however, represents a growth rate of only 2 percent per year, considerably below the increase of about 5 percent per year noted for all employed Ph.D. scientists and engineers.
The largest relative increases were registered by those involved in sales, professional services, and production and related activities, such as quality control. Although rapidly growing, these activities employ relatively fewer doctoral scientists and engineers. For example, the number reporting their major area as production and related work increased

at an annual rate of more than 16 percent between 1975 and 1985. In 1985, however, only about 2 percent $(8,500)$ reported this type of work as their primary activity.

Changes in reported work activities for doctoral scientists and engineers reflect both sectoral shifts in employment and shifts in activity patterns within the various sectors. To gain a better understanding of the relationship of inter- and intrasectoral shifts, the following section discusses the two major employment sectors of doctoral scientists and engineers.

## the industrial perspective

Industrial employment of doctoral scientists and engineers increased more rapidly than did the average growth rate across all employment sectors over the 1975-85 decade. This growth has been accompanied by shifts in reported work activities; these shifts indicate changes in the character of activities in the industrial sector.

The number of doctoral scientists and engineers in industry grew from about 65,000 in 1975 to 125,000 in 1985, an increase of about 7 percent per year. In 1985, almust one-third of all doctoral scientists and engineers worked in this sector, up from one-quarter in 1975.

Over the decade, employment of scientists in industry increased more rapidly than did that of engineers ( 7.5 percent versus 5.5 percent annual!y). Among major science fields, computer specialists showed the most rapid growth, rising from 1,400 to 8,400 , an increase of 19 percent per year. Other major fields showing increases significantly above the average included psychology and social sciences. Notably slower growth was recorded by physical scientists. Among engineering fields, the most rapid increase for the decade was in aeronautical/astronautical engineering, up at an annual average rate of 10 percent. Growth in this field reflects the increased emphasis on national defense. On the other hand, chemical, materisl science, and nuclear engineering rose at below average rates.

Variatirns in growth among fields altered the distributions of those doctoral scientists and engineers in industry. For instance, as a proportion of total doctoral employment in industry, the number of physical scientists declined from 34 percent in 1975 to 24 percent in 1985. (See table B-4 for actual changes in employment.) In contrast, computer specialists represented 2 percent of
the total in 1975 and more than 6 percent in 1985; the proportion who were psychologists rose from 6 percent to 12 percent. Roughly 80 percent of the increase in psychologists represents growth in the number of those who were self-employed. Reflecting the slower average growth
among engineers, their proporion in industry declined from 34 percent to 30 percent over the decade.

Industry's significance in providing employment opportunities for doctoral scientists and engineers varies considerably by field (chart 6). For example, about three-fifths of

computer specialists and engineers were in this sector, compared to only about one-tenth of either social or mathematical scientists. Regardless of field, however, the proportions of doctorates employed in industry in 1985 were above those for 1975.
As stated earlier, reported work activities of industrial doctoral scientists and engineers have shifted over the 1975-85 decade (chart 7). In general, those in 1985 were less likely than those in 1975 to report research and development or management as their major activity; they were, however, more likely to report sales, professional services, and production and related work. In part, these shifts reflect: (a) the drive to improve inćustrial competitiveness through enhanced quality control and other aspects of the production
process, and (b) the increasing numbers of psychologists providing professional services to individuals.
In 1985, about 39 percent of Ph.D. scientists and engineers in industry reported research and development as their major work. This fraction was down from 45 percent in 1975. Shifts in employment away from R\&D-intensive fields (e.g., physical sciences) and toward those fields that are not R\&D intensive (e.g., computer specialties) account for about one-half of the decline in this proportion. The remainder of the decline reflected changing activity patterns for each field. The R\&D intensity of major fields is shown in chart 8 . Among these fields, only those employed in life and social sciences showed an increase in R\&D intensity.

Doctoral scientists and engineers citing management (both of $R \& D$ and non-R\&D projects) as their major activity increased at an annual rate of only 2.4 percent over the 1975-85 decade. As a result of this relatively slower growth rate, the proportion reporting this activity declined from 35 percent in 1975 to 23 percent in 1985. If, however, management of research and development is separated from more general management, a very different pattern emerges. The number in $R \& D$ management rose at an annual rate of 3.4 percent while the number in general management remained virtually unchanged.

One of the fastest growing work activities within industry has been that reported as "sales or professional services." The number re-


porting this activity rose from 4,400 in 1975 to 20,000 in 1985, representing an average increase of 16 percent per year. Doctoral scientists and engineers in these activities rose from 7 percent to 16 percent.

Most of those reporting "sales or professional services" as their major work were providing professional services: 15,000 in 1985. Furthermore, almost three-quarters of thuse reporting this activity were psy-
chologists. Over the decade, psychology was one of the most rapidly growing fields within business and industry.
The number of doctoral scientists and engineers reporting their major
activity as production increased at an annual rate of 16 percent over the 1975-85 decad. . rising from 1,300 to 5,800 . As a proportion of total employment, those in production and related activities increased from 2 percent to almost 5 percent. Production and related activities include operations, maintenance, installation, quality control, testing, and evaluation.

## the academic perspective

Employment of doctoral scientists and engineers in educational institutions reached 212,009 in 1985. This number was up from 149,000 in 1975 and represented an annual increase of 3.6 percent. In 1985, about 95 percent $(202,000)$ of those in academic institutions were in 4 -year colleges and universities. Of the remainder. 6,000 were employed in 2 -year colleges, and 3,600 worked in elementary and secondary schools. Over three-fifths of those doctorates in elementary or secondary schools were either psychologists or life scientists.
Since most of the doctoral scientists and einginears in educational institutions are in 4 -year colleges and universities (where most academic science and engineering research takes place), the following analysis focuses on individuals at these institutions.

Employment of doctoral scientists and engineers at 4 - year colleges and universities grew at an annual rate of 3.5 percent over the decade (chart 9). The largest growth occurred in the number of computer specialists; this number increased at an annual rate of almost 12 percent. Other major fields showing above average increases were the life and social sciences and engineering. Slower than average growth was recorded by physical, environmental, and mathematical scientists, and psychologists. Differences in growth

rates changed the field distribution of doctoral scientists and engineers. For example, the proportion who were physical scientists declined from about 17 percent to 14 percent, while
the proportion who were social scientists rose from 20 percent to 22 percent over the 197585 decade.
The relative importance of the academic sector in providing employ-
ment opportunities for doctoral scientists and engineers varies considerably by fied. This sector, for example, employs 78 percent of the mathematicians but only 19 percent of doctoral-level aeronautical engineers. Four-year colleges and universities employ more than one-half of the doctoral-level mathematical, life, and social scientists. For engineers, civil engineering is the only field where more than one-half of those in the field are employed by academia; among other engineering fields, the proportion ranged from 44 percent of the mechanical engineers to 19 percent of the aeronautical engineers. Since 1975, the share of doctoral scientists and engineers employed in 4-year colleges an : universities has declined for all major fields except chemical, civil, and mechanical engineering (chart 10).
Reported work activities of doctoral scientists and engineers in academia have changed over the decade. Although teaching remains the major activity, it grew slower than did most others. The number reporting research and development as their major activity, for example, increased at an anriual rate of 5.5 percent over the 1975-85 period while the number reporting teaching as their major work rose at an annual rate of only 1.8 percent. Because of these different growth rates, the proportion reporting research and development as their major activity rose from 25 percent in 1975 to 30 percent in 1985. The proportions reporting teaching as their major activity declined from 60 percent to 51 percent over the same period.

The more rapid increase in R\&D employment mirrors the growth in academic $R \& D$ expenditures: these expenditures increased (in constant dollars) more than 4 percent per year. ${ }^{4}$ The relatively slow growth in the number reporting teaching as

[^4]
their major activity reflects, to some extent, the small increase in the number of students earning degrees in science and engineering.

The relative importance of teaching varied by field in 1985, ranging from 70 percent for social scientists to 33 percent for life scientists (chart
11). Declines in the relative importance of teaching were reported for all major science and engineering
fields. Absolute declines were recorded for physical and environmental scientists.


## sectoral mobility

Over the 1975-85 period, the sectoral mobility patterns of doctoral scientists and engineers have been mixed (table 3). In general, there has been little flow into or out of academia; on the other hand, there have been substantial movements among public sectors (Federal and State/local ) and other sectors. Inflows to industry have been greater than outflows.
The number of employed doctoral scientists and engineers rose from 256,000 in 1975 to 400,000 in 1985. Focusing on those who were employed in both 1975 and 1985 permits an: examination of mobility among employment sectors. Sectoral mobility can be viewed from two perspectives: (1) flows out of a sector; and (2) flows into a sector.

Outflows from the major employment sectors were not large over the 1975-85 decade (table 3). For example, about 91 percent of those employed in industry in 1975 also were employed in industry in 1985; only about 5 percent had left industry for a job in a 4 -year college or university. The proportion who remained in 4 -year colleges or universities over the decade was about 87 percent, while about 8 percent had left academia for a job in industry. Table 3 also shows relatively large outflows from the government sectors: most who left the public sectors moved to jobs in industry. For example, only about 48 percent of those employed in State and local government in 1975 were still in that sector by 1985, while about 26 percent had switched to a job in industry. These outflows from the public sector may reflect the impact of lower salaries sompared to those paid by industry.
The largest inflows were into the industrial sector (table 3). Of those employed in industry in 1985, about 72 percent were.in industry in 1975. Roughly 16 percent of those in industry in 1985 had been employed in a 4 -year college or university in 1975.

Table 3. Sectoral flows of doctoral scientists and engineers: 1975.85

| (Percents) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OUTFLOWS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sector In 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sector | Total | Industry | 4-year colleges and universities | Federal Government | Statel local government |  |
| Sector In 1975 <br> Total $\qquad$ | 100 | 31 | 54 | 7 | 1 | ; |
| Industry ......... | 100 | 91 | 5 | 2 | ' | 2 |
| 4-year colleges and universitles | 100 | 8 | 87 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Federal Government... | 100 | 13 | 8 | 74 | 1 | 4 |
| Statellocal government ... | 100 | 26 | 13 | 2 | 48 | 11 |

inflows

| Sector | Sector in 1985 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Industry | 4-year colleges and universities | Federal Government | Statel <br> local government |
| Sector In 1975 <br> Total $\qquad$ | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Industry ........ | 24 | 72 | 2 | 5 | 6 |
| 4-year colleges and universitles | 58 | 16 | 94 | 13 | 23 |
| Federal Government. | 7 | 3 | 1 | 77 | 3 |
| Statellocal government ... | 2 | 1 | , | , | 50 |
| All other sectors $\qquad$ | 9 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 18 |

'Less then 0.05 porcont
SOURCE: National Scionce Foundation, SRS: basoc on unpubilished data

## age profiles

The average age of the doctoral S/E population has increased over the decade. This insiease reflects the relatively level production of new doctora! scientists and engineers (between 17,000 and 18,000 per year) and the resulting slowdown in the rate of growth in the number of employed S/E ductorates. In 1975, 25 percent were under age 35 and 14 percent were 55 years of age or older. By 1985, 14 percel. tere under 35 years of age and 19 rercent were 55 or older. Examining the age profiles by field reveals relatively little differences except for computer specialists: in 1985, only about 8 percent of computer specialists were 55 or older, compared to 19 percent of all scientists and engineers.

Doctoral scientists and engineers in academia, on average, are older than their colleagues in industry. In 1985, 21 percent of those in academia and 16 perceric of those in industry were 55 or older.
 activity suggests that younger doctoral scientists and engineers are much more likely than their more
senior colleagues to work in research and development, especially basic research. More than one-half ( 55 percent) of all those under 35 years of age were in research and development compared to only 23 percent of those 55 years of age or older (table 4).

On average, those doctoral $\mathrm{s}=\mathrm{i}$ entists and engineers who reported teaching as their primary work activity were older than those who reported R\&D work. In 1985, only 9 percent of those involved mostly in teaching were under 35; 24 percent were 55 or over.

Table 4. Doctoral scientists and engineers by age and selected wark activity: 1985

| Age | Percent engaged In |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total research end development | Basic research | Teaching | Total . 3seerch and development | $\begin{gathered} \text { Basic } \\ \text { research } \end{gathered}$ | Teaching |
| Total . | 33.1 | 15.3 | 27.9 | 100.0 | 100.v̌ | 100.0 |
| Under $3^{\prime}$. | 54.7 | 29.9 | 18.9 | 22.5 | 26.6 | 9.2 |
| Under 4l. | 45.5 | 22.9 | 21.7 | 45.6 * | 49.5 | 25.8 |
| Under $50 . .$. | 37.0 | 17.5 | 25.0 | 78.7 | 80.2 | 62.9 |
| Under $55 . .$. | 35.4 | 16.6 | 26.1 | 86.8 | 87.9 | 75.9 |
| 55 and older | 23.1 | 9.8 | 35.6 | 13.2 | 12.1 | 24.1 |

SOURCE: Natlonal Sclence Foundation. SRS; based on table B. 3 and unpublishod da:-

## salaries

The median annual salary for Ph.D. scientists and engineers increased faster than the average weekly earnings in selected nonagricultural industries, but slower than the Consumer Price Index (CPI) between 1975 and 1985. The median salary for doctoral scientists and engineers rose 93 percent ( $\$ 23,200$ to $\$ 44,800$ ), while the average weekly earnings in nonagricultural industries rose 83 percent, ${ }^{5}$ and the CPI was up 100 percent.
Salaries for doctoral scientists and engineers vary by field, sector, work activity, and years of professional experience. In 1985, median annual salaries for scientists $(\$ 42,500)$ were below those for engineers ( $\$ 52,400$ ). The highest $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{E}$ salaries were reported by chemical engineers ( $\$ 55,700$ ); the lowest salaries $(\$ 39,500)$ were reported by psychologists.
Examining the decile range of salaries shows a slightly different pattern across fields (table 5). Engineers' salaries at both the lower and upper decile were higher than the corre-

[^5]sponding salaries of scientists. Among the lower decile salaries of scientists, psychologists reported the lowest; at the upper decile level, the
lowest salaries were reported by mathematical scientists.
Doctoral scientists and engineers in industry reported salaries sub-

Table 5. Lower and upper deciles and median annual salaries of doctoral scientists and engineers by field: 1985

| Field | In dollars |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lower decile | Median | Unper decile |
| Total. | 28,600 | 44,800 | C9,700 |
| Total scientists. | 27,600 | 42,500 | 67,200 |
| Physical scientists | 30,800 | 47,000 | 70,300 |
| Mathematical scientists | 28,600 | 42,100 | 62,200 |
| Computer specialists. | 30,700 | 46,000 | 68,300 |
| Environmental sclentists | 30,500 | 46,600 | 68,900 |
| Life scientists. | 27,300 | 41,700 | 66,600 |
| Psychologists | 25,900 | 39,500 | 65,800 |
| Social scientists. | 26,200 | 40,500 | 64,400 |
| Total engineers. | 39,000 | 52,400 | 77,600 |
| Aeronautical/astronautical | 39,600 | 53,800 | 70,700 |
| Chemical | 39,900 | 55,700 | 84,500 |
| Civil | 35,400 | 48,500 | 70,000 |
| Electrical/electronics. | 39,700 | 55,100 | 82,700 |
| Materials science | 39,900 | 51,800 | 73,200 |
| Mechanical | 39,100 | 51,100 | 71,000 |
| Systems design | 40,200 | 54,600 | 75,800 |

[^6]stantially above those received in other sectors. In 1985, the average in industry was $\$ 52,000$ per year; this salary was more than $\$ 11,000$ above the average in educational institutions. In 1975, the highest earned salaries were those in ine Federal Government with industry running a very close second. In 1985, salaries of those in the Federal Government
averaged $\$ 48,400$ or 7 percent below those in industry (appendix table 28).

Doctoral scientists and engineers citing $R \& D$ management as their major work activity reported annual salaries of $\$ 60,300$ in 1985, 35 percent higher than the average. The lowest saiaries ( $\$ 39,200$ or about 12 percent below average) were reported by those primarily engaged
in teaching (table B-29).
Finally, salaries increase with number of years of professional experience. In 1985, those with 1 year or less of professional experience reported salaries of $\$ 30,400$, while those with 35 years or more of experience reported salaries of about $\$ 60,000$. (See table B-33.)

## section v

## women and minorities ${ }^{6}$

## women

Levels and trends. The number of employed women holding doctorates in science aind engineering more than doubled between 1975 and 1985, increasing from 22,000 to more than 58,000 . This sharp increase represented an annual average growth rate of more than 10 percent. In comparison, employment of doctoral men scientists and engineers rose only about 4 percent per year over the same period.
Annual growth rates in employment have slowly declined for both

[^7]Ph.D. women and Ph.D. men throughout the decade. For example, the annual growth rate for ductoral women scientists and engineers was 11.8 percent between 1975 and 1977; between 1981 and 1985, the annual rate of increase averaged somewhat more than 9 percent. This trend was similar for men scientists and engineers: between 1975-77, their annual average employment growth rate was 4.9 percent; it fell to 2.9 percent between 1981-83; and rose somewhat to 3.3 percent during the last 2-year period.
The above average growth rate in employment for Ph.D. women scientists and engineers throughout the decade reflects their above average growth in terms of degree production. Between 1975 and 1985, the number of $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{E}$ doctorates granted to
women rose from 2,836 to 4,655 . Conversely, the number of such degrees earned by men declined from 15,522 to 13,606 .
Annual average employment growth rates for women outpaced those for men across all fields of science and engineering between 1975 and 1985. The highest rate for women (27 percent per year) was posted among those holding Ph.D.s and working as computer specialists; the lowest rate ( 6 percent annually) was among doctoral mathematical scientists. For men, the corresponding annual growth rates ranged from 15 percent (computer specialties) to 2 percent (mathematical sciences).
Despite more rapid growth rates across all fields, women accounted for only 15 percent of all employed doctoral scientists and engineers in

1985; this fraction was, however, up from 9 percent in 1975. Representation of women varies considerably by field (chart 12). For example, in the sciences, women accounted for 32 percent of Ph.D. psychologists, but only 4 percent of Ph.D. physicists, in 1985. About 2 percent of doctoral engineers were women:

Field distributions differ significantly between women and men (chart 13). Ph.D. women are much more likely to be scientists than engineers and within the sciences, they are concentrated in the life sciences (especially biology), psychology, and
the social sciences. In contrast, men are more often in the physical and life sciences and engineering.

Salaries. In 1985, overall median annual salaries reported by doctoral women scientists and engineers averaged 77 percent of those reported by men: $\$ 35,500$ versus $\$ 46,000$. By field, the narrowest differential was in psychology where salaries for women ( $\$ 34,800$ ) averaged about 86 percent of those for men $(\$ 40,700)$. The widest differentials ( 81 percent) occurred in the physical and life sciences.

The wider overall salary differ-
ential partially results from differences in field concentrations of Ph.D. women and men. Men are more heavily concentrated than are women in those fields (e.g., physical science and engineering) that report above average annual salaries. From 197585, this overall salary differential has widened: in 1975, women's salaries $(\$ 19,100)$ averaged 81 percent of men's salaries ( $\$ 23,500$ ). Again, the differential reflects employment growth patterns among fields since women are more heavily concentrated in fields where below average salaries are reported.



Sector. Doctoral women and men are concentrated in different employment sectors (chart 14). Although academia employs the largest proportions of both women and men, women are more likely to work in educational institutions. The differences in sectoral distribution between the sexes have narrowed during the decade. For example, in 1975, 70 percent of women and 57
percent of men worked in academia; by 1985, these proportions were 59 percent and 52 percent, respectively.

Industry has been the fastest growing sector of employment for both Ph.D. women and men throughout the decade. The annual average growth rate for women in industry, however, has more than tripled that for men. Between 1975
and 1985, the annual increase in industrial employment was 20 percent for women compared to only 6 percent for men. Given this above average rate, the fraction of women employed in industry rose from 10 percent $(2,100)$ in 1975 to 22 percent $(12,900)$ in 1985.

Annual sectoral growth rates over the decade for Ph.D. women were 8 percent in academia and 10 percent in the Federal Government. For doctoral men, comparable rates were 3 percent per year for both sectors.


Work activities. There are significant differences in the work activities reported by doctoral women compared to those of doctoral men (chart 15). For example, about onethird of both Ph.D. women and men report research and development as their primary work activity. Within research and development, however, three-fifths of women, but slightly more than two-fifths of men, were primarily engaged in basic research. Ph.D. women have fewer years of professional experience than do men; this fact helps explain why almost three times as many doctoral men than women report R\&D management as their primary work. In 1985, more than one-half ( 54 percent) of all doctoral women scientists and engineers reported less than

10 years' professional experience compared to 28 percent of doctoral men.
Women are much more likely than men to report professional services as their major activity. In 1985, about 16 percent of Ph.D. women, compared to less than 7 percent of Ph.D. men, reported this activity. Regardless of sex, a large majority of those who report this activity are psychologists: 83 percent of women and 63 percent of men.
Since 1975, the fastest growing work activities for doctoral women have been development ( 20 percent per year), professional services ( 15 percent), applied research ( 14 percent), and consulting (14 percent). Among Ph.D. men, growth in the number reporting professional ser-

vices (11 percent), consulting (10 percent) and development ( 6 percent) outpaced all other activities. Teaching, the work activity of a large fraction of doctoral scientists and engineers, showed relatively low annual growth rates for both women ( 6 percent) and men ( 1 percent): this slower growth partially reflects the relatively low growth rates in overall academic employment.

## racial minorities

Levels and trends. The number of employed doctoral scientists and engineers who were members of racial minority groups rose from 16,500 in 1975 to 41,100 in 1985. Almost all ( 85 percent) of this increase is attributable to the increased number of Asian Ph.D.'s which rose from 13,600 to 34,500. Employment of black Ph.D. scientists and engineers also increased sharply from 2,500 in 1975 to 5,700 in 1985.

Annual average employment growth rates for both Asians and blacks were generally higher than those for whites across all S/E fields (chart 16). However, the fastest growing field regardless of racial group was computer specialties. Growth rates ranged from 15 percent for blacks to 25 percent for Asians.

The above average growth rates for both Asians and blacks reflect rapid rates of doctoral degree production. For Asians, the number of S/E degrees awarded rose from 1,700 in 1975 to almost 2,900 in 1985. This increase is completely attributable to the increasing numbers of doctoral degrees awarded to Asians with temporary visas; over the decade, the number of degrees granted to such individuals rose from 900 to almost 2,100 . The increase in degree production for blacks was not quite as dramatic: between 1975 and 1985, the number of $S / E$ doctorates earned by blacks increased from 370 to almost 540.


Consistent with their high growth rates in employment, representation of Asians among doctoral scientists and engineers rose substantially over the decade. In 1985, Asians accounted for 8.6 percent of employed Ph.D. scientists and engineers, up from 5.3 percent in 1975. The representation of blacks also increased, from 1.0 percent in 1975 to 1.4 percent in 1985.
Minority representation varies substantially by S/E field. For example, Asians account for a little more than 1 percent of Ph.D. psychologists but 27 percent of Ph.D. chemical engineers. Blacks, on the
other hand, account for about 3 percent of Ph.D. social scientists, but less than 1 percent of doctoral engineers.

Field distributions also differ across racial groups (chart 17). While more than one-third of employed Asian Ph.D.s are engineers, about oneseventh of whites, and one-tenth of blacks were employed in this field. Among black doctoral scientists and engineers, more than three-quarters were in either the social or life sciences, or in psychology.

Salaries. Black doctoral scientists and engineers report median annual salaries lower than those of either
their white or Asian counterparts regardless of S/E field. In 1985, overall median salaries were $\$ 40,100$ for blacks, $\$ 44,800$ for whites, and $\$ 45,500$ for Asians. The largest difference in annual salaries occurred in engineering where salaries for blacks averaged $\$ 45,600$ compared to $\$ 50,300$ and $\$ 53,600$ for Asians and whites, respectively. Since 1975, the salary differences between racial groups have increased; at that time, the reported annual salaries were $\$ 22,800$ (blacks), $\$ 23,300$ (whites), and $\$ 21,500$ (Asians).

Sector. Both black and white Ph.D. scientists and engineers are much

more likely to be employed in academia than are Asians. In 1985, twothirds of blacks, a little more than one-half of whites, but only slightly more than two-fifths of Asians, worked in academia. This lower fraction among Asians partially reflects their field concentrations. For exampie, a high proportion of Asian Ph.D.s were engineers; in 1985, twothirds of these Asian Ph.D.s were employed in industry. For all racial groups, industry was the fastest growing employment sector between 1975 and 1985. Annual growth rates were 13 percent for Asians, 11 percent for blacks, and 6 percent for whites.

Work activities. Primary work activities differed substantially by racial group. For example, in 1985, black doctoral scientists and engineers reported teaching ( 38 percent) more often than other activities; Asians, however, were more likely to report activities related to research and development ( 50 percent). Whites, too, reported the largest fraction ( 32 percent) in research and development. Over the 1975-85 decade, the fastest growing work activities for both black and white doctoral scientists and engineers were development and consulting; for Asians, development and R\&D management activities registered the highest rates of growth.

## hispanics

Levels and trends. There were almost 5,900 Hispanic doctoral scientists and engineers employed in the United States in 1985, up from 2,000 10 years earlier. This increase represents an annual growth rate of over 11 percent. In comparison, the annual employment growth rate for all doctoral scientists and engineers was only 4.6 percent. Growth rates for Ph.D. Hispanics, however, have slowed during the decade. For example, between 1975 and 1977, they registered an annual rate of about 15
percent; during the 2 -year period ending in 1979, this rate increased to 24 percent per year; but by the 1983-85 period, their annual growth rate in employment had fallen to about 4 percent.
Doctoral degree production among Hispanics more than about doubled over the decade: in 1975, about 220 doctorates were awarded to Hispanics; this number increased to 560 in 1985. Of the 1985 degrees, about onehalf were granted to Hispanics with temporary visas.
By 1985, doctoral Hispanic scientists and eagineers accounted for 1.5 percent of the total work force, up from 0.8 percent in 1975. The field distribution of Hispanics is similar to that of all Ph.D. scientists and engineers (chart 18): they are much more likely to be scientists rather than engineers; within the sciences, they are concentrated in the life and social sciences.
Salaries. The median annual salary of doctoral Hispanic scientists and engineers was below that for all Ph.D.s ( $\$ 42,200$ versus $\$ 44,800$ ) in 1985. This gap has increased since 1975, when salaries were $\$ 22,500$ (Hispanics) and $\$ 23,200$ (all Ph.D.'s).
Sector. More than one-half (53 percent) of Ph.D. Hispanics were employed in the academic sector in 1985; another one-quarter ( 27 percent) worked in industry. This distribution does not differ substantially from that of all doctoral scientists and engineers. For Hispanics, the fastest growing sector over the decade was industry: employment has increased at almost 17 percent per year over the decade. The comparable annual growth rate for all Ph.D. scientists and engineers was 7 percent.

Work activities. Compared to all doctoral scientists and engineers, Ph.D. Hispanics are more likely to report basic research, general management, or sales/professional services as their primary work activities. They are less likely to report either development or teaching. In 1985, for example, about 21 percent of Hispanics were primarily engaged

in basi. research and another 21 percent reported teaching as their major activity. For ail doctoral scientists and engineers, these percentages were 15 percent and 28 percent, re-
spectively. General management was the fastest growing work activity for Hispanics between 1975 and 1985 ; in 1985, about 10 percent reported this activity as their primary work.

# appendixes 

a. technical notes
b. detailed statistical tables
c. reproduction of 1985 survey questionnaire

## appendix a

## technical notes

The preceding report presents data on the demographic and employment characteristics of the Nation's doctoral scientists and engineers. This population consists of individuals in the United States who hold S/E doctorates or who had received doctorates in non-S/E fields but who, as of 1985, were employed in S/E positions.

The data included in this report were developed from the Survey of Doctorate Recipients, a biennial series initiated in 1973. The population for these surveys encompasses Ph.D. graduating cohorts over a 42-year period. For example, the population for the 1985 survey was comprised of individuals who had received doctorates during the period January 1, 1942, to June 30, 1984. To maintain this 42 -year time span for each succeeding survey, the two most recent graduating cohorts of Ph.D.'s are added to the population, while the two oldest are eliminated.

This report contains selected data from six biennial surveys ( 1975,1977 , 1979, 1981, 1983, and 1985) covering the 1975-85 decade. Based on analysis of individuals' response patterns, revisions were made in 1983
to earlier data: these modifications yielded data that are more accurate and stable over time. Because of these revisions, data appearing in this report may differ significantly from estimates published prior to 1983.

Technical aspects of the Survey of Doctorate Recipients are preserted below. Reproduction of the 1985 questionnaire and accompanying specialties list is included in appendix c .

## survey universe

Surveys of doctoral scientists and engineers are based on a sample of individuals drawn from a roster of doctorate recipients. This roster is principally compiled from the Na tional Science Fourdation's Doctorate Records File, an accumulated record of data on doctorate recipients from U.S. institutions. The file's population consists of those individuals who earned a doctorate in the natural or social sciences, mathematics, or engineering from U.S. institutions; as well as individuals who received research doctorates in non-

S/E fields but were known to be employed as scientists or engineers. The population also includes some individuals who had earned their doctorates at foreign institutions and were known to be working as scientists and engineers in the United States.

## survey procedures

The sample design of the Survey of Doctorate Recipients includes stratified random sampling with variable sampling rates. ${ }^{1}$ Individuals in the sampling frame are stratified ac `rding to the following characterıstics:

[^8](1) Source and type of degree (U.S. S/E doctorate holders, non-S/E doctorate holders, and foreign doctorate holders),
(2) Sex,
(3) Field of doctorate,
(4) Year of doctorate,
(5) Racial/ethnic identification, ${ }^{2}$ and
(6) citizenship. ${ }^{3}$

Variable sampling rates are used to ensure adequate representation of small groups within the population. Within small cells, this has necessitated the inclusion of all available cases; larger cells, however, do not need to be so heavily sampled to yield reliable statistics.

## demographic and employment measures

Information on demographic and employment variables is based on individual responses to survey questions. ${ }^{4}$ The following definitions are provided to permit effective use of the data presented in thus report. (See table A-1.)

Field of science and engineering. Field is derived primarily from the name or title of the specialty most closely related to the respondent's principal employment. Specialties were selected from the Employment Specialties List included with the questionnaire. Individuals failing to respond to this question, as well as those who reported non-S/E em-

[^9]Table A-1. Sciencelengineering field classification of specialties: 1985 Survey of Doctorate Recipients

| Field | Specialty code |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total | 00010799 |
| Physical scientists | 10110299 |
| Chemists | 20010299 |
| Physicists/astronomists . | 101 to 199 |
| Mathematical scientists | 00010060,082 to 099 |
| Mathematicians | 00010 052, 060, 08210099 |
| Statisticians | 055 |
| Computer specialists | 07110081 |
| Environmental scientists | 301 10:39 |
| Earth scientists | 301 to 360, 388 to 395, 398, 399 |
| Oceanographers | 370, 397 |
| Atmospheric scientists | 38110383 |
| Life scientists | 500, 50310599 |
| Biological scientists . | 540 to 599 |
| Agricultural scientists | 500, 50310519 |
| Medical scientists. | 520 to 539 |
| Psychologists | 60010699 |
| Social scientists | 501, 70010799 |
| Economists | 501, 720, 725 |
| Sociologists/anthropologists | 700, 710 |
| Other social scientists | 703 to 709, 727 to 799 |
| Engineers. | 400 to 499 |
| Aeronauticallastronautical | 400 |
| Chemical | 430 |
| Civil. | 420, 480 |
| Electrical/electronics | 436, 437, 440, 445 |
| Materials sclence | 435, 475, 490, 497 |
| Mechanical | 470, 485 |
| Nuclear. | 455 |
| Systems design . | 476 to 478 |
| Other.. | 410, 415, 450, 460, 465, 479, 486, 487, 498, 499 |

NOTE, See Employment Spectallios List associated with 1985 questionnsite for ittes of employment spectattios. SOURCE: National Seience Foundation
ployment were assigned the specialty of their doctoral degree. ${ }^{5}$

Sector of employment. Sector of employment is based on information regarding the individual's prin-

[^10]cipal employment. The category "educational institutions" includes junior colleges, 2-year colleges, technical institutes, medical schools (including university-affiliated hospitals or modical centers), 4-year colleges or universities, and elementary or secondary school systems. The category "nonprofit organizations" includes private foundations.
Primary work activity. This variable is determined from responses
to questions requesting the individual's primary work activity and the percent of time devoted to this and other activities. "Development" encompasses design as well as the develonment of equipment, processes, syste ns, or data.
Salary. Salary information is derived from responses to questions about annual salary before deductions for income tax, social security, redirement, etc., but excluding bonuses, overtime, summer teaching, or other payment for professional work. Salaries reported are median annual salaries, rounded to the nearest $\$ 100$ and computed for fulltime employed civilian scientists and engineers only. Differences between calendar-year salaries (11 to 12 months) and academic-year salaries ( 9 to 10 months) have been accommodated by multiplying aca-demic-year salaries by eleven-ninths to adjust to a calendar-year scale.
This report also contains several derived statistical measures reflecting labor force and employment rates, as foilows:
Labor force participation rate. The labor force is defined as those employed and those seeking employment. The labor force participation rate ( $R_{\text {If }}$ ) is the ratio of those employed ( E ) and those unemployed but seeking employment (U) to the population ( P ).
$$
R_{I I}=(E+U) / P
$$

S/E employment rate. The S/E employment rate $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{se}}\right)$ measures the ratio of those holding jobs in science and engineering ( $\mathrm{S} \& E$ ) to the total employment ( E ) of scientists and engineers, which includes those holding nonscience and nonengineering jobs.

$$
R_{S E}=(S \& E) / E
$$

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate $\left(R_{u}\right)$ shows the ratio of those who are unemployed but seeking employment (U) to the total labor force ( $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{U}$ ).

$$
R_{U}=U /(E+U)
$$

## reliability of estimates ${ }^{\text {© }}$

The survey data presented in this report are subject to error including that resulting from sampling. Sampling variability is that chance variation occurring because a sample, rather than the entire population, was surveyed. The sample selected for any given survey is only one of many which could have been selected using the same sample design and size; estimates based on each of these samples would differ from one another. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples provides the basis for determining the estimate's sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate provides a measure of the precision with which the estimate approximates the average results of all possible samples.

The estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence in-tervals-bounds set around the sample estimate in which, with some prescribed probability, the average estimate from all possible samples will lie. Thus, when the reported standard error is added to and subtracted from a survey estimate, the resulting range of values reflects an interval within which about 68 percent of all sample estimates, surveyed under the same conditions, will fall. Intervals reflecting a greater confidence level may be constructed by increasing the number of standard errors for a given estimate. Thus, $+/-1.65$ standard errors will yield about a 90 -percent confidence interval and $+1-2$ standard errors, about a 95 -percent confidence interval.

[^11]Table A-2 lists the standard errors associated with estimated survey totais for selected S/E fields based on results of the 1985 survey. These data may be used as a proxy measure for standard errors associated with survey estimates from earlier years.
Alternatively, the standard error of an estimated total ( $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{x}}$ ) can be calculated directly using the following formula:

$$
s_{x}=\left[a x^{2}+b x\right]^{1 / 2}
$$

where " $x$ " equals the estimated total and " $a$ " and " $b$ " are regression coefficients. Values of "a" and " $b$ " for selected S/E fields are presented in table A-3.
Table A-4 presents standard errors associated with a rarge of estimated percents ${ }^{7}$ relating to data from the 1985 survey. Again, these data may be used as a proxy for sampling errors from earlier surveys.

The standard error of an estimated percent may also be calculated directly using the following formula:

$$
s_{p}=p[b((1 / x)-(1 / y))]^{1 / 2}
$$

where $p$ equals the percent possessing the specific attribute and $x$ and $y$ represent the numerator and denominator, respectively, of the ratio which yields the observed percent.

Note that the standard error estimates included in this report provide approximations of sampling reliability. They therefore should not be considered precise measurrs. ${ }^{8}$

[^12][^13]Table A-2. Approximate standard errors of estimated number of scientists and engineers by field: 1985 Survey of Doctorate Recipients


[^14]SOURCE: National Rosoarch CouncIl

Table A.3. Listing of $a$ and $b$ parameters for selected science and engineering fields: 1985 Survey of Dontorate Recipients

|  | a | b |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | -0.00003985 | 18.0554 |
| Total scientists | -0.00003859 | 16.4004 |
| Physical scientists | -0.00016339 | 19.1084 |
| Mathematical scientists | -0.00042159 | 13.8816 |
| Computer specialists . | -0.00012426 | 20.7840 |
| Environmental scientists | -0.00000937 | 11.7978 |
| Life scientists | -0.00007564 | 12.3487 |
| Psychologists | -0.00025944 | 17.0769 |
| Social scientists | -0.00030801 | 26.6036 |
| Total engineers | -0.00031461 | 29.8416 |
| Aeronautical/astronautical | (') | (') |
| Chemical | -0.00040686 | 33.6294 |
| Civil | 0.00098256 | 31.9539 |
| Electrical/electronics | -0.00029391 | 31.7871 |
| Materials science | -0.00032891 | 32.1610 |
| Mechanical | -0.00031410 | 35.3973 |

'Estimates of standard errors are not shown for groups with fewer than 20 respondents or when relatively large standard errors were associated with estimates of even 90 percent or mure of the group.
SoURCE: National Research Council

Table A.4. Approximate standard errors for estimated percents of doctoral scientists and engineers: 1985 Survey of Doctorate Recipients

| Base <br> number of <br> percent | Estimated percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 or 99 | 2 or 98 | 5 or 95 | 10 or 90 | 15 or 85 | 25 or 75 | 50150 |  |
| 50 | 6.0 | 8.4 | 13.1 | 18.0 | 21.5 | 26.0 | 30.0 |  |
| 100 | 4.2 | 5.9 | 9.3 | 12.7 | 15.2 | 18.4 | 21.2 |  |
| 200 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 6.5 | 9.0 | 10.7 | 13.0 | 15.0 |  |
| 500 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 6.8 | 8.2 | 9.5 |  |
| 700 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 4.8 | 5.7 | 7.0 | 8.0 |  |
| 1000 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 5.8 | 6.7 |  |
| 2500 | .8 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 4.2 |  |
| 5000 | .6 | .8 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 3.0 |  |
| 10000 | .4 | .6 | .9 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.1 |  |
| 25000 | .3 | .4 | .6 | .8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 |  |
| 50000 | .2 | .3 | .4 | .6 | .7 | .8 | 1.0 |  |
| 75000 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .5 | .6 | .7 | .8 |  |
| 100000 | .1 | .2 | .3 | .4 | .5 | .6 | .7 |  |
| 150000 | .1 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .4 | .5 | .5 |  |
| 200000 | .1 | .1 | .2 | .3 | .3 | .4 | .5 |  |
| 250000 | .1 | .1 | .2 | .3 | .3 | .4 | .4 |  |
| 310000 | .1 | .1 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .3 | .4 |  |
| 409000 | .1 | .1 | .1 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .3 |  |

SOURCE: National Research Councll

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-

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[^15]TABLE B-1. EMPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND SEX: 1975-85

| FIELD | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 235,900 | 285,100 | 314,300 | 344,000 | 369,300 | 400,400 |
| MENEN | 233,900 | 257,500 | 280,900 | 303,000 | 320, 500 | 341,900 |
|  | 22,120 | 27,600 | 33,400 | 41,000 | 48,800 | 58,500 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . . . . . | 213,500 | 240,000 | 263,900 | 286,900 | 307,800 | 334,500 |
| MEN. | 191,700 | 212,700 | 231,000 | 246,700 | 260,000 | 277,500 |
| WOMEN . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 21,800 | 27,300 | 32,900 | 40,200 | 47,800 | 57,000 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS 5400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMP:OYED........... | 54,600 | 57,500 | 60,200 | 63,100 | 64,000 | 67,500 |
|  | 52, 100 | 54,600 | 57,100 | 59,300 | 59,800 | 62,800 |
| CPEMISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . | 33, 800 | 35,000 | 37,100 | 38,800 | 37, 800 | 33,700 |
| WOMEN | 2,100 | 2,400 | 2,600 | 3,200 | 3,500 | 3,800 |
| PHYSICISTS/ASTRONOMERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED........... | 18,800 | 20,100 | 20,600 | 21,200 | 22,700 | 23,700 |
| MENIEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 18, 300 | 19,600 600 | 20,000 600 | 20, 600 | 22,000 | 22,900 |
| MATHEMATICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ERPLOYED.......... | 13,600 | 14,600 | 15300 | 15,600 | 16,400 | 16,800 |
|  | 12,700 | 13,600 | $14,1,0$ | 14,300 | 15,000 | 15,200 |
| MATEEMATICIANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MEN. | 11,000 | 11,900 | 12,800 | 13,000 | 13, 600 | 14,000 |
| WOMEN | 800 | 900 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,200 |
| STATISTICIANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 1,700 | 1,80n | 2,400 | 2,500 | 2,800 | 2,800 |
| HOHIEN | 1,700 100 | 1,600 | 2,200 | 2,300 | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| COMPUTER/ENFORMATION SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED........... |  | 5,800 | 6,700 | 9,100 | 12,200 | 15,000 |
|  | 3,400 100 | 5,500 | 6,300 400 | 8,400 | 10,900 | 13,300 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED........... | 12,100 | 13,000 | 14,600 | 15,900 | 16,500 | 17,300 |
| MEN. | 11,800 | 12,600 | 14,000 | 15,100 | 15,600 | 16,200 |
| WOMEN | 300 | 400 | 600 | 900 | 900 | 1,100 |
| FARTH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20TAL EMPLOYED... | 9,500 | 9,700 | 11,100 | 12,000 | 12,500 | 13,200 |
| MENAEN: | 9,300 | 9,400 | 10,700 | 11,400 | 11,900 | 12,400 |
|  | 200 | 300 | 400 | 60 J | 600 | 0 |
| OCEANOGRAPHERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOIAL EMPLOYED. | 1,300 | 1,600 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 1,700 | 2,000 |
| MEN. | 1,200 | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,700 |
| howe | 100 | 1, 100 | 200 | 200 | , 200 | 1,200 |
| ATMOSPHERIC SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 1,300 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,100 | 2,200 | 2,100 |
| MENEN | 1,300 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,000 | 2,100 | 2,000 |
|  |  | 100 |  | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 63,300 | 70,500 | 78,900 | 84,900 | 92,800 | 101,800 |
| MEN. | 55,800 | 61,400 | 67,500 | 71,600 | 76,600 | 82,100 |
| WOMEM | 7,500 | 9,100 | 11,300 | 13,300 | 16,200 | 19,700 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 39,000 | 42,100 | 45,600 | 49,600 | 55,200 | 59,900 |
| MENEN. | 33,300 | 35,400 | 37,700 | 40,600 | 44,600 | 47, 200 |
| WCOEN | 5,800 | 6,700 | 7,900 | 9,000 | 10,600 | 12,600 |
| AGRICULTURAL SC' ENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED........... | 11,000 |  | 12,800 | 13,500 | 14,500 | 15,500 |
| MEN. | 10,800 100 | 11,900 200 | 12, 500 | 13,100 400 | 13,900 | 14,700 |
| MEDICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.... | 13,300 | 16,400 | 20,500 | 21,800 | 23,100 | 26,500 |
|  | 11,700 | 14,200 | 17,300 | 17,800 | 18,100 | 20,200 |
|  | 1,600 | 2,2.00 | 3,200 | 3,900 | 4,900 | 6,200 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 30,000 | 33,700 | 37,800 | 42,800 | 46,600 |  |
| MEN. | 23,700 | 26,100 | 28,700 | 31,100 | 33,000 | 35,600 |
| WOTEN. | 6,300 | 7,600 | 9,200 | 11,700 | 13,700 | 16,600 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 50,500 | 55,500 | 59,300 | 64,000 |
| MENT. | 32,200 | 39,000 | 43,300 | 47,000 | 49,300 | 52,200 |
| WOMEA . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4,100 | 6,000 | 7,100 | 8,600 | 10,100 | 11,800 |
| ECONOMISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED........... | 11,800 | 13,000 | 14,000 | 16,000 | 17,000 | 17,900 |
| MEN. | 11,200 | 12,200 | 13,000 | 14,800 | 15,500 | 16,200 |
| WOHEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 600 | 800 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,700 |
| SOCIOLOGISTS/ANTHRO. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED............ | 7,900 | 9,500 | 10,200 | 11,000 8,100 | 12,100 8,600 | 12,700 |
|  | 6,300 | 7,200 | 7,600 | 8,100 | 8,600 | 9,100 |
| W0.10............... |  | 2,300 | 2,600 | 2,900 | 3,500 | 3,600 |

[^16]TABY: B-1.
CONTINUED

| FIEID | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OTHER SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.......... | 16,600 | 22,500 | 26,300 | 28,500 | 30,300 | 33,400 |
| MEN. ..................... | 14,800 | 19,600 | 22,700 | 24,100 | 25, 200 | 27,000 |
| WOMEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,800 | 2,900 | 3,600 | 4,400 | 5,100 | 6,400 |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 42,400 | 45,100 | 50,300 | 57,000 | 61,500 | 65,900 |
| MENE | 42,200 | 44,800 | 49,800 | 56,300 800 | 60,500 1,100 | 64,400 1,500 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MEMEN. | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,300 | 2,500 | 3,600 $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | 3,700 $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EPPLOYED | 5,400 | 5,600 | 6,200 | 7,100 | 7,000 | 7,100 |
| MEN. | 5,300 | 5,60 | 6,100 | 7,100 | 6,900 | 7,000 |
| Wome |  |  |  | 10 |  | 100 |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS $\quad 3,800$ [ 4,100 5,200 6,100 5,300 6,400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MEAL EMPLO..... | 3,800 | 4,100 | 5,100 | 6,1000 | 5,200 | 6,300 |
| WOMEN |  |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WOMEM | 8, ${ }_{\text {¢ }}$ | 8, ${ }^{+}$ | 8, 100 | -100 | - 200 | , 300 |
| MATERTALS SCI. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MEN. | 4,700 | 5,200 | 5,700 | 6,000 | 7,300 $\mathbf{2 0 0}$ | 7,000 $\mathbf{2 0 0}$ |
| MECRANICAL ENGINESRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 4,000 | 4,600 | 5,200 | 5,400 | 5,760 | 6,600 |
| MON. | 4,000 | 4,600 | 5,200 | 5,300 | 5, 600 100 | 6,500 $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MEN. ${ }_{\text {WOMEN... }}$ | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,300 | 2,000 | 2,300 | 2,300 |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ENGINEERS <br> $\begin{array}{lllllllll} & 2,400 & 3,600 & 4,900 & 5,300 & 3,900 & 3,700\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MEN. | 2,400 | 3,500 | 4,800 | 5,200 | 3,800 | 3,500 |
| OTHER ERGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . | 9,800 | 9,800 | 9,700 | 11, 600 | 13,300 | 14,000 |
| WONEN: | , 100 | , 100 | , 100 | , 200 | , 300 | 400 |
| * TOO FEN CASES TO ESTIMATE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SOURCE: MATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE B-2. ENPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND RACE/ETHNIC GROUP:

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { FIEID AND RACE/ETHNIC } \\ & \text { GROU?(1) } \end{aligned}$ | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 255,900 | 285,100 | 314,300 | 344,000 | 369,300 | 400,400 |
| WHITE | 232,800 | 258,300 | 285,000 | 309,100 | 329,900 | 355,100 |
| BLACK. | 2,500 | 2,700 | 3,200 | 4,200 | 5,000 | 5,700 |
| NAEIVE AMERICAN | 13,600 | 15,300 | 22,900 | 27,400 | 29,400 | 34,500 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 13,600 | 15,300 $\mathbf{2 , 7 0 0}$ | 22,900 4,100 | 27,400 4,800 | 29,900 5,400 | 34,500 5,900 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 213,500 | 240,000 | 263,900 | 286,900 | 307,800 | 334,500 |
| WHITE........ | 195,800 | 219,600 | 243,000 | 261,900 | 280,000 | 302,570 |
| BLACR. | 2,400 | 2,600 | 3,100 | 4,000 | 4,500 | 5,200 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN | 9,300 | 11,200 | 15,400 | 18,400 | 19,400 | 22, 400 |
|  | 9,300 | 11,200 | 15,000 3,400 | 18,300 4,100 | 19,300 | 22,700 5,100 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 54,600 | 57,500 | 60,200 | 63,100 | 64,000 | 67,500 |
| WHITE. | 49,800 | 52,000 | 54,600 | 56,200 | 56,800 | 59,600 |
| BIACK. ${ }^{\text {NAT. }}$ | 500 | 500 | 400 | 600 | 700 | 500 |
| NAT IVE AMERICAN . . . . . . . . ASTAN/PACTETC ISL ANDER |  | 3,40* | 4.100 |  | 5100 | 6. 100 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. EISPANIC. | 3,400 | 3,400 500 | 4,700 900 | 5,800 900 | 5,700 900 | 6,600 900 |
| CHEMISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 35,800 | 37,400 | 39,700 | 41,900 | 41,300 | 43,700 |
| WHITE. | 32,700 | 33,900 | 35,800 | 37,300 | 36,500 | 38,500 |
| BLACR. ${ }^{\text {NATIVE }}$ | 400 | 400 | 300 | 400 | 400 | 400 |
| ASIAN / PACIFIC I S | 1,900 | 2,200 | 3,200 | 3,900 | 3,900 | 4,300 |
| 自ISPPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,300 | 2, 300 | 3,600 | 3,600 | -700 | 4,700 |
| PHYSICISTS/ASTRONOMERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED......... | 18,800 | 20,100 | 20,600 | 21,200 | 22,700 | 23,700 |
| WHITE......... | 17,100 | 18,100 | 18,800 | 18,900 | 20,300 | 21,100 |
|  | 100 | 100 | 100 100 | 200 | 200 | , 100 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,500 | 1,900 | 1,800 | 2,200 |
| EISPANIC................ | 100 | - 200 | 1300 | 1,300 | 1,200 | 2,300 |
| MATHEMATICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . . . | 13,600 | 14,600 | 15,300 | 15,600 | 16,400 | 16,800 |
| WHITE. . | 12,300 | 13,200 | 13,700 | 14,000 | 14,600 | 14,900 |
| BLACTVE MMERİCAN | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 700 | 800 | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,400 |
| EISPANIC................ | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 1200 | 1,300 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 11,900 | 12,800 | 12,800 | 13,000 | 13,600 | 14,000 |
| Waite. | 10,700 | 11,600 | 11,700 | 11,800 | 12,300 | 12,500 |
| BLACK. ${ }^{\text {NATE }}$ | 100 | 100 | , 100 | , 200 | - 200 | 12,100 * |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLidiser: | 700 | 700 | 800 | 900 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| gispanic. .......... ... | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 1,200 | 1,300 |
| STATISTICIANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . . . . . . | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,400 | 2,500 | 2,800 |  |
| WHITE.................... | 1,600 | 1,600 | 2,000 | 2,200 | 2,300 | 2,400 |
| NATIVE AMERICANE. . . . . | * | * | * | $\stackrel{\text { * }}{ }$ | * | * |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. HISPANIC. | 100 | 100 | $30 \pm$ | 300 | 400 | 300 |
| COMPUTER/INFORMATION SPECLUISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . . . . . | 3,500 | 5,800 | 6,700 | 9,100 | 12,200 | 15,000 |
| WHITE..................... | 3,200 | 5,000 | 6,100 | 8,100 | 11, 000 | 13,100 |
|  | * | * | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | * | * | $\stackrel{\text { * }}{ }$ |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 200 | 600 | 600 | 900 | 900 | 1,600 |
| EISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 100 | 100 | 200 | , 200 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . . . . . | 12,100 | 13,000 | 14,600 | 15,900 | 16,500 | 17,300 |
| White. | 11,400 | 12,100 | 13,800 | 15,000 | 15,500 | 15,800 |
| BLACR. ......... | $\stackrel{\text { * }}{\text { * }}$ | * | $\underset{*}{100}$ | * | * ${ }_{\text {* }}$ | , 100 |
|  | 300 | $600^{\circ}$ | 500 | $70{ }^{*}$ | 800 |  |
|  | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 1,300 |
| EARTH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 9,500 | 9,700 | 11,100 | 12,000 | 12,500 | 13,200 |
| WHITE. | 9,000 | 9,100 | 10,500 | 11,300 | 11,800 | 12,000 |
| BLACR. ${ }^{\text {NATIVE AMERİCAN }}$. . . . . . . | * | * ${ }_{\text {* }}$ | 100 | * ${ }_{\text {* }}$ | * | 100 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC IS | 200 | 400 | $40{ }^{*}$ | $50{ }^{*}$ | $60{ }^{*}$ | 900 |
| HISPrNIC. . . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 100 |
| OCEANOGRAPHERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . . . . . | 1,300 | 1,600 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 1,700 | 2,000 |
| WHITE . . . . . . . . . | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,600 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 1,800 |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLLASDER. | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| BISPANIC................ | * | * | 100 | 100 | * | 100 |
| ATMOSPHERIC SCIENTISTS 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TCTAL EMPLOYED.......... | 1,300 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,100 | 2,200 | 2,100 |
| GRITE. | 1,200 | 1,600 | 1,700 | 2,000 | 2,100 | 1,900 |
| BLACIVE AMERİCAN | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| HISPANIC................ |  |  | * | * | * | 100 |
| (1)HISPANICS INCLUDE MmPBERS OF ALL RACIAL GROUPS.* TOO FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE B-2. EMPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY EIELD AND RACE/ETHNIC GROUP:
CONTINUED $1975-85$

| FIELD AND RACE/ETHNIC GROUP(1) | 1975 | 2777 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LIPE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 63,300 | 70,500 | 78,900 | 84,900 | 92,800 | 101,800 |
| WEITEE. ${ }^{\text {BLACK}}$. $\cdot$. | 57,700 | 64,200 | 71,900 | 77,100 | 83,700 1,100 | 92,000 1,400 |
| NATIVE AMERİCAN: | 100 | 100 | 100 | +100 | +100 | 1, 100 |
| ASIAN /PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 3,400 | 4,000 | 5,400 | 6,300 | 6,800 | 7,400 |
| EISPANIC............... | 600 | , 700 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,300 | 1,400 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 39,000 | 42,100 | 45,600 | 49,600 | 55,200 | 59,900 |
| BLACX: | . 600 | , 500 | , 600 |  | 600 | , 800 |
|  | 2,000 | 2,400 | 3,300 | 4,000 | 4,200 | 100 4,700 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 2,000 | 2,400 400 | 3,300 600 | 4,700 | 4,200 700 | 4,700 800 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . . . . . | 11,000 | 12,100 | 12,800 | 13,500 | 14,500 | 15,50? |
|  | 10,300 | 11,300 100 | 11,900 | 12,700 100 | 13,500 100 | 14,40C |
| NATIVE AMERICAN | * | * | ${ }^{\text {* }}$ | * | * |  |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 400 100 | 500 100 | 800 200 | 700 200 | 800 300 | 900 |
| MEDICAL SCIENTTSTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . | 13,300 | 16,400 | 20,500 | 21,800 | 23,100 | 26,500 |
| WHITE BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 12,000 | 14,700 200 | 18,600 | 19,600 | 20,600 | 23,700 |
| NATIVE AMERİCini |  |  | 300 | 300 |  | 500 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 900 | 1,100 | 1,400 | 1,600 | 1,700 | 1,900 |
| HISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . | 200 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 |
| PSYCBOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 30,000 | 33,700 | 37,800 | 42,800 | 46,600 | 52,200 |
| WEITE $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 28,300 | 31,900 | 36,500 | 41,800 | 44,500 | 49,500 |
| NATIVE AMERİCAN | ${ }^{\text {* }}$ | 100 | 100 | 100 | 1,100 | 1, 100 |
| ASIAN DACIFIC ISLANDER. | 300 | 300 | 400 | 600 | 700 | 800 |
| HISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 200 | 300 | 500 | 600 | 700 | 1,000 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 36,300 | 44,900 | 50,500 | 55,500 | 59,300 | 64,000 |
|  | 33,100 | 41,100 | 46,400 1,000 | 50,500 1,300 | 53,800 1,500 | 57,700 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN | 100 | 100 | , 100 | , 100 | , 100 | , 100 |
| ASIAN/PACIPIC ISLANDER. | 1,400 | 1,500 | 2,300 | 3,000 | 3,100 | 3,800 |
| HISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . | 300 | 500 | 600 | 800 | 1,000 | 1,100 |
| ECONOM1STS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 11,800 | 13,000 | 14,000 | 16,000 | 17,000 | 17,900 |
| WHITE. | 10,800 | 11,800 | 12,800 | 14,400 | 15,100 | 15,800 |
| BLACK. | 100 | 100 | 300 | 200 | 300 | 300 |
| NATIVE MMERICAN. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $50{ }^{\star}$ |  | 100 | 100 | + 100 | , 100 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. HISPANIC | 500 100 | 600 200 | 800 200 | 1,200 | $\begin{array}{r}1,300 \\ \hline 300\end{array}$ | 1,500 |
| SOCIOLOGISTS/ANTERO. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . | 7,900 | 9,500 | 10,2, ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 11,000 | 12,100 | 12,700 |
| WHITE. | 7,200 | 8,700 | 9,500 | 10,200 | 11,100 | 11,700 |
|  | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 300 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 200 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 400 | 500 |
| HISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| OTEER SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 16,600 | 22,500 | 26,300 | 28,500 | 30,300 | 33,400 |
| WHITE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 15,100 | 20,700 | 24,100 | 25,900 | 27,700 | 30,100 |
| BLACK. <br> सATIVE $\dot{\text { Mibricicia }}$ | 300 | ${ }_{\text {4 }}{ }_{\text {* }}$ | 600 | 800 | 800 | 1,100 |
| ASIANPACIPIC ISLANDER. | 600 | 600 | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,400 | 1,800 |
| EISPANIC. | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 500 |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. |  | 45,100 | 50,300 |  |  | 65,900 |
| WEITE ${ }^{\text {BLACK}}$. $, \ldots, \ldots, \ldots, \ldots$, | 36,900 100 | 38,600 100 | 42,000 | 47,200 | 49,900 | 52,600 |
|  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 300 | 400 | 500 100 |
| ASIANTPACIFIC ISLANDER. | 4,300 | 5,000 | 7,900 | 9,000 | 10. 500 | 11,900 |
| EISPANIC............... | 300 | 400 | 600 | 800 | 2,000 | 800 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . . . . . | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,400 | 2,500 | 3,700 | 3,800 |
|  | 1,800 | 1,800 | 2,100 | 2,200 | 3,100 | 3,300 |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ASIFNTHACIFIC ISLANDER. | 200 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 500 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 5,400 | 5,600 | 6,200 | 7,100 | 7,000 | 7,100 |
|  | 4, ${ }_{\text {* }}$ | 4,7** | 5,00* | 5,60才 | 5,400 | 5,100 |
| NATIVE AMERiciant. . . . . . | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| ASIAN/PACIPIC ISLANDER. | 500 | 700 | 1,200 | 1,600 | 1,500 | 1,900 |
| HISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 100 | 100 |  | 100 | 100 |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . . . . |  | 4, 300 | 5,200 3,900 | 6, 100 | 5,300 |  |
| WEITE. | 3,100 | 3,300 | 3,900 | 4,800 | 4,200 | 5,100 |
|  | * | * | * | 0 | * |  |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 600 | 700 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,200 |
| HISPANIC............... | 100 |  |  | 100 | 100 | 100 |

(1)HISPANICS INCLUDE MEMBERS OR ALL RACIAL GROUPS.

* TOO FEN CASES TO EStIMATE

TABLE B-2. ENPLOYED DOCTORAL wUIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD ABD RACE/ETENIC GROUP:
CONTINUED $1975-85$

| FIELD AND RACE/ETHNIC GROUP(1) | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ELEC. /ELECTRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . . . . . . | 8,500 | 8,300 | 8,600 | 10,600 | 12,700 | 14,200 |
| WHITE....... | 7,300 | 7,200 | 7,300 | 8,900 | 10,300 | 11,400 |
| BLACK. . . | $\pm$ | * | * | $\star$ | -100 | 11, 100 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. | * | * | * | ${ }^{\star}$ | * | * |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 900 | 800 | 1,300 | 1,600 | 2,100 | 2,609 |
| HISPANIC.................. | 100 | 100 | 1,100 | 1,100 | 2, 200 | 2, 200 |
| MATERIALS SCI. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED . . . . . . . . . | 4,800 | 5,200 | 5,700 | 6,100 | 7,400 | 7,300 |
| WHITE. | 4,300 | 4,600 | 4,800 | 5,100 | 6,100 | 5,700 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . . . | * | $\stackrel{\text { * }}{\star}$ | $\stackrel{\star}{\star}$ | $\stackrel{\text { * }}{\star}$ | * | * |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 400 | 600 | 800 | 800 | 1,200 | 1,500 |
| HISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . . | * | 100 | 100 | 200 | 1,200 | 1,500 |
| MECFANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOEAL EMPLOYED. | 4,000 | 4,600 | 5,200 | 5,400 |  |  |
| WHITE....... | 3,400 | 3,800 | 4,100 | 4,300 | 4,400 | 5,100 |
|  | * |  |  |  | 100 | 100 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN | * | * | $\star$ | * | * | + |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 600 | 800 | 1,200 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,400 |
| EISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | * | * | 100 | * | 100 | 100 |
| NUCLEAR ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EPPLOYED. . | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,300 | 2,100 | 2,300 | 2,400 |
| WHITE. | 1,500 | 1,500 | 2,000 | 1,600 | 1,900 | 1,800 |
| BLACK. . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | + |  | * |  | * |  |
| NATIVE AMERIC. | * | $\star$ | * | * | * | * |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 100 | 200 | 200 | 400 | 400 | 500 |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMTILOYED. . . . . . . . . | 2,400 | 3,600 | 4,900 | 5,300 | 3,900 | 3,700 |
| WHITE. ........ | 2,100 | 3,200 | 4,300 | 4,800 | 3,500 | 3,200 |
| BLACK. . . | * | * | * | * | * | 3, |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 200 | 300 | 600 | 500 | 300 | 400 |
| HISPANIC................. | * | * | * | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 9,800 | 9,900 | 9,900 | 11,800 | 13,600 | 14,300 |
| WHITE. . . . . | 8,700 | 8,600 | 8,600 | 19,900 | 10,900 | 11,900 |
| BLACK. ....* | $\star$ | * | * | 100 | 100 | 11,100 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. | * | * | * |  |  |  |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 800 | 800 | 1,200 | 1,700 | 2,300 | 2,000 |
| EISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . . | * | 100 | 300 | 1,200 | 200 | 2,100 |

(1)HISPANICS INCLUDE MEMBERS OF ALL RACIAL GROUPS.

* TOO FEN GASES TO EstTMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT."
SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS
table b-3. EMPLOYED DOGTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD, AGE, AND PRIMARY hORK ACTIVITY: 1975 AND 1985


TABLE B-3. EMPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD, AGE, AND PRIMARY HORR ACTIVITY: 1975 AND 1985


[^17]TABLE B－3．EMPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD，AGE，AND PRIMARY HORR ACTIVITY： 1975 AND 1985


| AERO／ASTRO EMGINEERS TOTAL EMPLOYED． <br> RESEARCE \＆DEVĖOBPAGENT： BASIC RESEARCB． APPLIED RESEARCH DEVELOPMIENT． <br> MANAGENENT／ADYIN． <br> OP RED． <br> GENERAL <br> TEACHING． <br> CONSULEIMG <br> SALES． <br> PROP．SERVICES <br> PROD．RELATED ACT． |
| :---: |
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|  |  |
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|  |  |



| 2，000 | 500 | 1，100 | 1，700 | 1，900 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1，000 | 400 | 700 | 900 | 1，000 | ＊ |
| 200 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | － |
| 500 | 200 | 400 | 500 | 500 | ＊ |
| 300 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 300 | ＊ |
| 600 | 100 | 300 | 500 | 600 | 100 |
| 500 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 400 | ＊ |
| 200 | ＊ | 100 | 100 | 200 | ＊ |
| 300 | ＊ | 100 | 200 | 300 | ＊ |
| ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ |
| ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ |
| ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ |
| ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ |

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700
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$\star$
100
$\begin{array}{rr}3,400 & 300 \\ 700 & \star \\ 100 & \star \\ 300 & \star \\ 300 & \star \\ 800 & 100 \\ 300 & 100 \\ 500 & 100 \\ 1,300 & 200 \\ 400 & \star \\ \star & \star \\ \star & \star\end{array}$




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700
100
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## $\begin{array}{rr}55 & \text { OVER } \\ & \\ 3,100 & 700 \\ 1,600 & 300 \\ 300 & \star \\ 700 & 100 \\ 600 & 200 \\ 900 & 200 \\ 800 & 100 \\ 100 & \star \star \\ 200 & 200 \\ 100 & \star \\ \star & \star \\ 100 & \star \\ \star & \star \\ & \\ 6,200 & 1,000 \\ 2,700 & 400 \\ 400 & 100 \\ 1,400 & 100\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rr}55 & \text { OVER } \\ & \\ 3,100 & 700 \\ 1,600 & 300 \\ 300 & \star \\ 700 & 100 \\ 600 & 200 \\ 900 & 200 \\ 800 & 100 \\ 100 & \star \star \\ 200 & 200 \\ 100 & \star \\ \star & \star \\ 100 & \star \\ \star & \star \\ & \\ 6,200 & 1,000 \\ 2,700 & 400 \\ 400 & 100 \\ 1,400 & 100\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rr}55 & \text { OVER } \\ & \\ 3,100 & 700 \\ 1,600 & 300 \\ 300 & \star \\ 700 & 100 \\ 600 & 200 \\ 900 & 200 \\ 800 & 100 \\ 100 & \star \star \\ 200 & 200 \\ 100 & \star \\ \star & \star \\ 100 & \star \\ \star & \star \\ & \\ 6,200 & 1,000 \\ 2,700 & 400 \\ 400 & 100 \\ 1,400 & 100\end{array}$ <br> H

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200
\end{array}
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＊TO FEH CASES tO Estimate

TABLE B-3. EMPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD, AGE, AND PRIMARY HORK ACTIVITY: 1975 AND 1985
CONTINUED

| FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK ACIVITY | TOTAL | $\begin{array}{r} \text { UNEER } \\ 35 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { UNDER } \\ 40 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { UNDFR } \\ \text { SO } \end{gathered}$ | UNDER 55 | S ${ }_{\text {S }}^{\text {OVPR }}$ | TOTAL | UNDER 35 | $\text { UNDER } \frac{40}{}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { UNDER } \\ 50 \end{array}$ | UNDER 55 | $\begin{aligned} & 55 \text { OR } \\ & 0 \vee E R \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OTHER ENGEAEFRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ERPILYED........ | 18,700 | 4.530 | 8,800 | 14,400 | 16,800 | 1,900 | 27,700 | 3,000 |  |  |  | 5,300 |
| RESEARCH E DEVELUPHENT. | 7,500 | 2,800 | 4,700 | 6,600 | 7,100 | 1,900 | 11,700 | 1,900 | 4,600 | 18,700 8,700 | 10,100 | 1,600 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. ${ }^{\text {APDL }}$.... | 4.900 | 400 1.500 | + 500 | , 800 | . 900 | ${ }^{*}$ | 11,700 | 1. 200 | $\begin{array}{r}4.800 \\ \hline 600\end{array}$ | 1,200 | 1,1,500 | 1, 200 |
| APILIED RESEARCE..... <br> DEVELOPMTVNT | 4,000 | 1,500 | 2,600 | 3,600 | 3,900 | 100 | 5,900 | 1,300 | 2,600 | 4, 500 | 5,000 | 900 |
| DEVELOPMIFAT. <br> MANAGEMENT/ADMYN | 2,600 | 1.500 800 | 1,600 | 2,200 | 2,400 | 200 | 4,100 | 1, 400 | 1,500 | 2,900 | 3,600 | 500 |
| OF RED | 5,900 3,900 | 800 500 | 2,000 | 4,000 | 5,200 | 700 | 6,800 | 300 | 1,400 | 4,400 | 5,300 | 1,500 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { OF RED. } \\ & \text { GENERAI. } \end{aligned}$ | 3,900 | 500 200 | 1,500 | 2,800 | 3,500 | 400 | 4,500 | 300 | 1,200 | 3,100 | 3,700 | 1.800 700 |
| TEACEITG. | 3,300 | 200 | 1,300 | 1,200 | 1,700 | 300 400 | 2,300 | 300 | 200 | 1,300 | 1,600 | 1700 |
| CONSULTME . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - 800 | 200 | 1,300 | 2, 500 | 2,900 600 | 400 | 4,000 1,800 | 300 200 | 700 400 | 2,300 | 2,800 1,300 | 1,100 100 |
| SALES | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | * | 1,600 | $\pm$ | 200 | 1,400 | 1,500 | 100 |
|  | 200 | 100 | 200 | $20{ }^{\text {* }}$ | 200 | * | + 200 | * | ${ }^{+}$ | 100 | 200 | 100 |
| 2ROD. REMAED ACI.... | 200 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 | $\star$ | 3,000 | $\star$ | 300 | 800 | 800 | 200 |

* TOO FEN CaSEs to estimate
note: components may not add to total because that sim includes "otier" and "no report."
SOIRCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS


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TABLE B-4. EMPLOYED DOCTORAL SGIENIISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND SECTOR OF

| FIELD AND EMPLOKMENT SECTOR | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL PPPLOYED. | 255,900 | 285,10G | 314,300 | 344,000 | 369,300 | 400,400 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 64,600 | 71,600 | 82,900 | 99,100 | 113,500 | 125,800 |
| SELF-EYPLOYED | 6,100 | 7,400 | 10,400 | 14,700 | 18,000 | 23,200 |
| 4 YR. COLL UNIV | 143,600 | 157,100 | 167,400 | 179,200 | 187,600 | 202,000 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINIC | 7,500 | 8,600 | 9,700 | 9,900 | 10,400 | 11,400 |
| NONPRROFIT ORCS | 8,300 | 10,200 | 12,500 | 12,600 | 11,900 | 13,600 |
| FEDERAL GOVT: STATE/LOCAL GOVT. | 19,000 | 21, 400 | 23,900 | 25,100 | 25,800 | $26,300$ |
| STATE/LOCAL GOVT | 4,900 | 5,300 | 6,100 | 6,600 | 7,700 | 8,200 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 213,500 | 240,000 | 263,900 | 286,900 | 307,800 | 334,500 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 42,500 | 48,700 | 56,300 | 67,300 | 79,000 | 87,900 |
| SELF-BPL | 5,300 | 16,400 | 9,400 | 13,100 | 16,400 | 20, 800 |
| 4 YR. COLL | 128,800 | 141,400 | 150,500 | 161,200 | 167,300 | 180, 200 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINIC | 7,500 | 8,600 | 9,700 | 9,900 | 10,400 | 11,300 |
| NONPROFIT ORCS | 7,100 16,000 | 8,600 17,900 | 10,400 | 10,300 21,300 | 10,000 | 11,900 |
| FEDERAL COVT | 16,000 | 17,900 4,900 | 20,400 | 21,300 | 22,000 | 22,900 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EPLOYED.... | 54,600 | 57,500 | 60,200 | 63,100 | 64,000 | 67,500 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 22,100 | 23,000 | 25,000 | 27,400 | 28,700 | 30,300 |
| SELF-BYPLOYED. | 24, 600 | 23, 500 | 26,900 | 1,100 | 28,800 | 1,200 |
| 4 YR. COLL UNIV | 24,200 | 25,600 | 26,000 | 26,800 | 26,500 | 28,200 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | . 500 | . 500 | . 500 | 500 | 26, 600 | 28, 500 |
| NONPROFIT ORCS. | 1,900 | 2,000 | 2, 000 | 2,100 | 1,800 | 2,300 |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | 3,700 | 3,900 | 4,600 | 4,300 | 4,300 | 4,000 |
| STATE/LOCAL COVI | 300 | 300 | 300 | 400 | ${ }^{2} 200$ | 300 |
| CEEMISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 35,800 18,100 | 37,400 | 39,700 20,500 | 41,900 | 41,300 | 43,700 |
| SELF-ETPLOYED | 18,400 | 18,300 | 20,700 | 22,900 | , 600 | 1,1000 |
| 4 YR. COLL. ${ }^{\text {UNI }}$ | 13,200 | 13,700 | 14,200 | 14,500 | 13,900 | 15,000 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINI | . 400 | . 400 | . 400 | - 400 | , 400 | , 400 |
| NOAPROFIT ORCS | 1.100 | 1,100 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 800 | 1,000 |
| FEDERAL COVT. | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 1,800 |
| STATE/LOCAL GOVT | 200 | 200 | 100 | 300 | 2, 200 | 1,300 |
| PHYSICISTS/ASTRONOMERS 20,100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED INDUSTRY IOTAL. | 2.8,800 | 20,100 | 20,600 | 21,200 | 22,700 | 23,700 |
| SELF-EMPLOYED | 4,200 | 4, 100 | 4, 200 | 5, 300 | 6,200 | $\begin{array}{r}6,200 \\ \hline 200\end{array}$ |
| 4 YR.COLL UNIV | 11,000 | 11,800 | 11,800 | 12,3n0 | 12,500 | 13,200 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINIC | -100 | , 100 | -11. 100 | -100 | -200 | - 200 |
| NOPPROFIT ORGS. | 900 2.100 | 1,000 | 1, 000 | 1,000 | 2900 | 1,200 |
| PEDERAL COVT | 2,100 | 2,100 | 1,500 100 | 1,200 $\mathbf{2} 00$ | 2,300 100 | 2,300 |
| MATHEMATICAL SCIENIISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL MPLOYED..... | 13,600 | 14,600 | 15,300 | 15,600 | 16,400 | 16,800 |
| IRDUE ${ }^{\text {S }}$, TOTAL. | 1,000 | 1,300 | 1,500 | 1,600 | 2,000 | 1,900 |
| S ${ }^{\text {SR }}$ C-MPLOYED. | 11.100 | 1, 100 | 12,200 | +1200 | 2, 200 | $\begin{array}{r}1,900 \\ \hline 13\end{array}$ |
| H YR COLI | 11,400 | 11,800 | 12,100 | 12,300 | 12,800 | 13,000 |
| NONPROFIT ORES. | 200 | 300 | 300 | 300 |  | $30{ }^{\star}$ |
| FEDERAL GOVI. | 600 | 690 | 800 | 900 |  | 300 900 |
| STATE/ROCAL GÓ | * | 100 | 100 | 90 | 80 | 900 |
| MATHENATICIANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 11,900 | 12,800 | 12,800 | 13,000 | 13,600 | 14,000 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 800 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,500 | 1,400 |
| 4 SELF-MPLOYED. |  | 10,100 10,500 | 10,300 | 1,200 10,600 | 1,290 | . 1100 |
| 4 YR. COLL HOSPILILSICLINIC | 10,100 | 10,500 | 10,300 | 10,600 | 10,900 | 11,100 |
| NONPROFIT ORCS. | 200 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 100 |  |
| FEDERAL GOVI <br> STATE/LOCAL COVT | 400 | ${ }_{4}{ }_{\text {* }}$ | 600 | 600 * | 500 | 600 |
| STATISTICIANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,400 | 2,500 | 2,800 | 2,800 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 200 | 300 | 300 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| SELF-EMPLOYED. |  | * |  | 100 | * | 100 |
| 4 YR. COLL | 1,300 | 1,200 | 1,800 | 1,700 | 1,900 | 1,900 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS |  |  |  | * |  | * |
| NONPROFIT ORCS. | * | ${ }^{\text {* }}$ | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| FEDERAL GOVI | 200 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| CORPUTER/INFORMATION SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.: |  |  | 6,700 | 9,100 | 12,200 | 15,000 |
| .NDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 1,400 | 3,100 | 3,700 | 5,200 | 6,800 | 8,400 |
| SELF-BTPLOYED. | . 100 | +100 | . 100 | 5. 300 | , 300 | -700 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { YR. COLL } \\ & \text { HOSPITIVIV } \end{aligned}$ | 1,700 | 2,100 | 2,400 | 3,000 | 3,900 | 5,109 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS |  | * ${ }^{*}$ | *** | *** | - 100 |  |
| NONPROFIT ORCS. FEDERAL COVT. | 100 | 200 300 | 200 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| FEDERAL GOVT: | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 700 |
| STATE/LOCAL GOV.. | * | 100 | * | 200 | 300 | 200 |
| ENVIROMMENTAL SCIENTI |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 12,100 | 13,000 | 14,600 | 15,900 | 16,500 | 17,300 |
| INDUSTRY, TOAAL. | 2,900 | 3,100 | 4,200 | 4,700 | 5,200 | 5,300 |
| SELF-EPISYED. | 5,300 | 200 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 7700 |
| 4 YR. COLL | 5,800 | 6,100 | 6,000 | 6,600 | 6,500 | 7,100 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NONPROFIT ORCSE. |  | 2,400 | 2,700 | 3. 600 | . 600 | 700 300 |
| STATEILOCAL GOVT. | 2,200 400 | 2,400 500 | $\begin{array}{r}2,700 \\ \hline 700\end{array}$ | 3,100 | 3,100 800 | 3,300 700 |

[^18]53

TABLE B-4. EMPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENJISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AHD SECTOR OF
CONTINUED EPLOYKNT: $1975-85$

| FEETD AND EPLOMENT | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 98 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EARTH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ERRLOYED | 9,500 | 2,700 | 11,100 | 12,000 | 12,509 | 13,200 4,800 |
| 4 SELPEPPLOYED.....: | 2, 300 4.500 | 2, 200 4,500 | 4,500 | 4,500 4,800 |  |  |
| Hospirclilictinics: | 4,500 | 4,500 | 4,500 | 4,800 | 4,500 | 5,000 |
|  | - 300 | 300 1.600 | 300 1.800 | 2. 100 | 2, 300 | 2, 300 |
| STATE/LOCNL | 300 | 1,600 | 1.800 | 2. 100 | 2,200 | 2,400 |
| OCEAMOGRAPHERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EPPLOYED.. <br> INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 1.300 100 | 1.600 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 1,700 | 2,000 |
| INDUSTRY SELFETOTALD. |  |  | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
|  | 800 | 900 | 800 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,200 |
| NOAPROFIT ORGS....: | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  | 200 | 300 100 | 400 100 | 400 | 300 100 | 400 |
| ATMOSPHERRC SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,300 | $\begin{array}{r}1,700 \\ 300 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,800 | 2,100 | 2,200 | 2,100 |
| $4_{\text {SEL }}$ CRAPLOYED | 600 | 700 | 700 | 800 | 900 | 1, 1000 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FEDERAL GOVT STATE/LOCNL coòis | 40 | 500 | 500 | 200 600 $*$ | 200 700 | 200 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 63,300 | 70,500 | 78.9 | 34,900 13,100 |  | 101,800 |
|  | -1,200 | 1,7300 | $11 ;$ | 13,1500 | 16,400 | 19,200 |
|  | 41,500 | 45;600 | 50,4 | S4,400 | 57, 300 | 61, 080 |
| NoNPROFI ORGS.. | 1,800 | 2,400 | 3;000 | 3;200 | 3;300 | 3; ${ }^{100}$ |
| FEDERAL GONT STATE/LOCAL Covi:....... | 5,900 | S'400 | 7.200 | 7,200 | 7:800 | 8; ${ }^{\text {a }}$, 200 |
| biological scientists |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EPTLOYED.......... | 39,000 | 42,100 | 45,603 | 49,600 | 55,200 | 59,900 |
|  | 3,500 | 4.000 | 4.300 | 5,300 | 7,700 | 9,309 |
| $4{ }^{4}$ YR. COLI ${ }^{\text {Hospit }}$ | 28,000 | 29,800 | 32,000 | 34,700 | 36,800 | 39. 200 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINI S. | 1,000 | 1,100 | 2,200 | 1,200 | 1,300 |  |
|  | 3,400 600 | 3.400 500 | 3,900 | 4,100 | 4,600 | 4,800 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TMIAL EPMPLOYED | 11,000 | 12,100 | 12,800 | -3, ${ }^{3}$ | 14,500 | 15,500 |
| INDEEF-DPPLOYED......... | 2,300 | 2,500 | 3, 100 | 3, 5000 | $\begin{array}{r}3,600 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,900 |
|  | 6,500 | 6,900 | 6,800 | 7,500 | 8,000 | 8,500 |
| NOHPROFIT ORGS.........: | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 300 |  |
|  | 1,700 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2.200 | 2,000 300 | 2,100 |
| MEDICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 13,300 2,800 | 16,400 | 20,500 | 21,800 | 23,100 | 26,500 |
| SEEFEMPLOYED.:....: | 2,600 | , 700 | 1,000 | 1, ${ }^{1}$, 400 | 1,500 | 1,800 |
|  | 7,100 | 9.000 | 11,500 | 12,200 1,800 | 12,500 | 14,100 2,900 |
| NoPProfit orcs........: | ${ }^{4} 400$ | 1.600 | -,700 | , 600 | , 600 | 2.800 |
|  | 800 500 | 900 600 | 1,100 | 1. 0000 | 1.100 | 1.100 900 |
| PSYCHOLCGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 30,000 | 33,700 | 37,800 | 42,800 10 | 46,600 | 52,200 |
|  | 4, ${ }^{4}, 700$ | 3,600 | 5,200 | 17,100 | 13,500 | 12,000 |
| S YRirclil | 16,000 | 16,600 5,400 | 17.606 | 19,000 | 19,400 | 21,500 |
| NoNPROFIT ORGS.........: | 1.100 | 1,300 | 1,700 | 1; ${ }^{1} 100$ | 1,800 | 2,100 |
|  | 1, 1,000 | 1,300 | 1,700 | 1, 1,700 | 1,200 | 1, 1,000 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLIMEYED | 36,300 | 44,900 | 50,500 | 55,500 | 59,300 | 64,000 7,400 |
| INDESF-EpPLIXED........: |  | 3, 5000 |  | 5,1000 | 6,800 | 7,400 |
|  | 28,200 | 33,600 | 36,100 | 39,100 | 41,2000 | 43,800 |
| Nonprofir orgs........: | 2,500 | 2.000 | 2.706 | 2,200 | 2,100 | 2,300 |
|  | 2:100 | 3,200 | 3,700 | 4,300 | 4,300 | 4,600 |
| ECONOMISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 11,800 \\ 1,400 \\ 400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,000 \\ 1,700 \\ 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 ; 900 \\ & 1 ; 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} 26 ; 000 \\ 2 ; \\ \hline, 600 \end{aligned}$ | 17,080 | $\begin{aligned} & 17,900 \\ & 3 ; 000 \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 SERFECTI | 8,100 | 8,700 | 9, 100 | 10,400 | 11,300 | 11.600 |
| HOSPITALSM/CLINICS..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.300 | 1.400 | $\begin{array}{r}1.600 \\ \\ \hline 100\end{array}$ | 1.600 | 1,700 | 1,700 |

[^19]$5:$

TABLE B-4. BYPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND SECTOR OF CONIINUED EMPLOMMENT: 1975-85

| $\operatorname{FIEED}_{\text {SECTOR }}$ AND EMPLOYMENT | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SOCIOLOGISTS $/$ Anthro. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7,900 | 9,500 | 10,200 | 11,000 | 12,100 | 12,700 |
| NEEF-ETPLOYED......... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | , 100 |
| 4 YR. Coll | 7,200 | 8,300 | 8,600 | 9,000 | 9,800 | 10,000 |
| NOMPROFIT ORGS. | 300 | 400 | 600 | 500 | 400 | 600 |
|  | 200 100 | 100 100 | 100 200 | 300 200 | 100 200 | 200 100 |
| OTHER SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 16,600 | 22,500 | 26,300 1,600 | 28, 500 | 30,300 | 33,400 |
| SFFFMpLOED.... | (200 | 1,300 | 1,500 | 2,700 | 1,200 | 1,300 |
|  | 12,900 | 16,600 | 18,600 | 19,700 | 19, 900 | 22,100 |
| NoNPROIT ORGS......... | 800 | 1,100 | 1,400 | 1,300 | 1,400 | 1,400 |
|  | 900 600 | 1,600 | 1, ${ }^{1,900}$ | 2, 1,300 | 2, $\mathbf{1}, 600$ | 2,70c $\mathbf{2 , 2 0 0}$ |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 42,400 22,100 | 45,100 | 50,300 | 37,000 | 61,500 | 65,900 |
| SELFEBYPLOXD......... | 22, 800 | 22,000 | 26,500 | 31,800 | 34,500 | 37,300 |
|  | 14,800 | 15,700 | 17,100 | 18,000 | 20, 200 | 21, 500 |
| NONPRORIT ORGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,000 | 3, 400 | 3,600 $\mathbf{2 0 0}$ | 3, 800 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3, } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3, ${ }^{1} \mathbf{4 0 0}$ |
| AERC/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOINL EMPLOYED | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,400 | 2,500 | 3,700 | 3, ${ }^{3,100}$ |
| 4 SELP PMPLOYED... |  |  |  |  | -100 |  |
|  | 500 | 600 | 800 | 700 | 900 | 700 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 300 |
|  | 400 | * | $\stackrel{\text { * }}{ }$ | 400 | $\stackrel{500}{*}$ | 600 |
| ChEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INDUSIRY TOTAi......... | 3,900 | 4,100 | 4,500 | 5,300 | 4,800 | 5,100 |
| 4 SELF-MPL | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,200 1,100 | 5,100 | 1,100 | 5,700 |
|  | 1, ${ }^{*}$ | 1,20. |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100 | 200 | 300 | $\xrightarrow{100}$ | 200 | $\stackrel{100}{200}$ |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,800 1,100 | 4,100 | 5,200 | 6,100 2,600 | 5,300 | 6,400 |
|  | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,800 | 2,600 | 1, 900 | 2,400 |
| $4{ }^{4} \mathrm{YR}$ | 2,000 | 2,200 | 2,700 | 2,900 | 3,100 | 3,400 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS.........: | - | - | , | 100 | * | ${ }_{*}^{*}$ |
|  | ${ }_{-0}^{2 n 0}$ | 300 200 | 200 100 | ${ }_{200}^{100}$ | 100 100 | 300 200 |
| ELEC. ${ }^{\text {ELECTRON. ENGINEERS }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 8,500 | 8, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3,900 }\end{array}$ | 8,600 | 10,600 | 12,700 | 14,200 |
| S SEPP-EMPLOYED........ | 4, 100 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3, } \\ \\ 3 \\ \mathbf{2 0 0} \\ \hline 100\end{array}$ | 4,700 200 | 6,200 | 7,600 300 | 8,600 |
| 4 HR | 3,100 | 3,300 | 2,900 | 3,600 | 4,000 | 4, 600 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS........ | 100 | 300 600 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 200 |
|  | 500 | 600 | 700 | 500 100 | 800 100 | 80 |
| MATERTALS SCI ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INDUSIRY, TOTAL.......... | 3,800 | 3,200 | 3,500 | 6,100 | 7,400 | 7,800 |
| 4 SELF-EMPLOYED....... | 1,300 | 100 1,500 | +100 | 300 1,500 | +100 | +200 |
| Hospiraisiclinics:...: | 1,300 | 1,500 | 1,600 | 1,500 | 1,800 | 1,800 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS......... | 200 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
|  | $\stackrel{300}{*}$ | 300 | 300 | 400 | 500 | $\stackrel{\text { 4 }}{*}$ |
| MECHANICAL ENGIIEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTALS ERY | 4,000 | 4,600 2,100 | 5,200 | 5,400 | 5,700 | 6,600 |
| 4 SELFMPLIOXED | 1,100 | ,100 |  | 2,100 | 2, 100 | - 200 |
|  | 1,800 | 2,000 | 2,200 | 2,100 | 2,600 | 2,900 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. <br> FEDERAL GOVT. | 200 200 ¢ | 200 | 200 300 * | $\begin{array}{r}300 \\ 300 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 100 400 | 200 300 $*$ |
| NUCLEAR ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,300 | 2,100 | 2,300 |  |
| SELF-BMPLOYD. |  | 1,00* | 90************ | 1,100* | 1,400 | 1,500 |
|  | 500 | ${ }_{\text {5 }} \times$ | ${ }^{900}$ | 600 | 760 | 50 |
| NONPROPIT ORGS. | 100 | 100 200 | 200 | 200 | 100 | 200 |
| State/Local covit .......: | * | * | ${ }_{*}^{*}$ | 100 | 100 | 100 |

* TOO FEH CASES TO ESTIMATE

| EMPLOYED DOCTORAZ SCIENTIST EMPLOMENT: 1975-85 |  | AND EN | RS BY FIELD AND SECTOR OF |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FIELD AND EMPLOMTENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SECTOR | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ENPLOYED......... | 2,400 | 3,600 | 4,900 | 5,300 | 3,900 | 3,700 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 1,200 | 1,900 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 2,300 | 2,500 |
| SELF-EMPLOYED. | - 100 |  | * | , 100 | 2, 200 | 2, 200 |
| 4 YR. COLL . UNIV. | 700 | 800 | 900 | 1,000 | 900 | 800 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | * | * | * | 1, * | * | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. | 200 | 300 | 500 | 500 | 400 | 200 |
| FEDERAL GOVT | 300 | 400 | 400 | 700 | 300 | 100 |
| STATE/LOCAL GOVT. | * | * | 100 | * | * | * |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 9,800 | 9,900 | 9,900 | 11,800 | 13,600 | 14,300 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 4,700 | 4,700 | 4,700 | 5,900 | 7,200 | 1,1800 |
| 4 SELP-ETMLOYED. | 3 200 | 300 3,800 | +200 | 5, 400 4,200 | + 400 | , 700 |
| 4 YR. COLL/CUNIV. | 3,800 | 3,800 | 3,900 | 4,200 | 4,600 | 5,000 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | 200 | $30{ }^{\text {* }}$ | 100 | ** |  | * |
| NONPROEIT ORGS. | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 400 | 300 |
|  | 900 | 800 | 700 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,000 |
| STAIB/LOCAL GOVT. . . . . . | 100 | 100 | * | * | 100 | 100 |

* TOO FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BEGAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT." SOURGE: MATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

TABLE B-5. EMPLOYED NEN DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND SECTOR OF

| FIELD AND EMPLOXMENT SECTOR | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 233,900 | 257,500 | 280,900 | 303,000 | 320,500 | 341,900 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 62,500 | 68,600 | 78,300 | 91,900 | 103,300 | 112,800 |
| SEF-EMPLOYED. | 5,100 | 6,200 | 8,500 | 11,800 | 13,900 | 17,500 |
| 4 YR. COLL /UNIV. | 129,400 | 139,900 | 147.300 | 155,500 | 160,600 | 170,300 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | 5,700 | 6,600 | 7,800 | 7,700 | 7,900 | 8,000 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. . | 7,400 | 8,800 | 10,600 | 10,500 | 9,600 | 10,400 |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | 18,000 | 20,100 | 22,300 | 23,100 | 23,300 | 23,600 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 191,700 | 212,700 | 231,000 | 246,700 | 260,000 | 277,500 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 40,500 | 45,800 | 52,000 | 60,500 | 69,400 | 75,800 |
| SELP-EMPLOYED | 4,400 | 5,200 | 7,500 | 10,200 | 12,300 | 15,100 |
| 4 YR. COLL ${ }^{\text {d }}$ UNIV | 114,700 | 124,200 | 130,600 | 137,700 | 140,600 | 149,300 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | 5,700 | 6,600 | 7,800 | 7,700 | 7,900 | 7,900 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. | 6,200 | 7,200 | 8,600 | 8,200 | 7,700 | 8,800 |
| FEDERAL GOVT | 15,000 | 16,600 | 18,800 | 19,400 | 19,600 | 19,900 |
| State/local go | 3,900 | 4,100 | 4,700 | 4,900 | 5,700 | 6,300 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 52,100 | 54,600 | 57,100 | 59,300 | 59,800 | 62,800 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 21,700 | 22,400 | 24,200 | 26,300 | 27,300 | 28,600 |
| SELP-DAPLOYED | 2200 | 2400 | 24,900 | 2,100 | 700 | 1,100 |
| 4 YR COLL IUNIV | 22,700 | 24,000 | 24,400 | 25,000 | 24,600 | 26,100 |
| BOSPITALS/CLINIC | 400 | , 500 | 400 | 400 | 500 | , 500 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS | 1,800 | 1,900 | 1,800 | 1,900 | 1,600 | 2,100 |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | 3,600 | 3,700 | 4,400 | 4,100 | 4,000 | 3,700 |
| STATE/LOCAL GOV | 300 | 300 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 300 |
| MATH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 12,700 | 13,600 | 14,100 | 14,300 | 15,000 | 15,200 |
| INDUSTRY TOTAL | 1,000 | 1,300 | 1,400 | 1,500 | 1,900 | 1,700 |
| 4 YR YR-COLL $/$ UNIV | 10,600 | 10,900 | 11,200 | 11,300 | 11,700 | 11,900 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | 10,60* | 10, ${ }^{\text {* }}$ | 11,20* | 11, ${ }_{\text {* }}$ | 11, | 11,90* |
| NONPROFIT ORGS | 200 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| FEDERAL GCVT | 500 | 600 | 800 | 800 | 700 | 800 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 3,400 | 5,500 | 6,300 | 8,400 | 10,900 | 13,300 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 1,400 | 3,000 | 3,500 | 4,800 | 6,100 | 7,400 |
| SELP-EMPLOYED. |  | 100 | 100 | 390 | 200 | 600 |
| 4 YR. COLL. IUNIV | 1,600 | 2,000 | 2,300 | 2,700 | 3,600 | 4,700 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| FEDERAL GOVT | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 500 | 700 |
| State/local gov |  | 100 |  | 100 | 200 | 2 CO |
| ENVIROMMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 11,800 | 12,600 | 14,000 | 15,100 | 15,600 | 16,200 |
| INDUSTRY TOTAL | 2,900 | 3,000 | 4,100 | 4,500 | 4,900 | 4,900 |
| SELF-EMPLOYED | 5,600 | 5,900 | 5,400 | 6, 500 | 6, 600 | 6, 700 |
| BOSPITALSICLINICS | 5,600 | 5,900 | 5,700 | 6,200 | 6,100 | 6,600 |
| NONPROEIT ORGS. | 500 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 500 | 600 |
| FEDERAL GOVT | 2,200 | 2,400 | 2,600 | 2,900 | 2,900 | 3,100 |
| State/Local gov | 400 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 800 | , 600 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 55,800 | 61. 400 |  | 71,600 |  |  |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL SELF-EYPLOYED | 8,200 1,000 | 9,200 | 10,200 1,600 | 11,800 2,200 | $1 \wedge, 600$ 4,600 | 16,600 3,000 |
| 4 SR COLL JUNIV | 36,200 | 39,300 | 42,400 | 45,200 | 46,600 | 48,000 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINIC | 1,800 | 2,100 | 2,800 | 2,500 | 2,800 | 3,100 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS | 1,500 | 1,900 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,500 | 2,900 |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | 5,500 | 5,800 | 6, 500 | 6,500 | 6,900 | 6,900 |
| State/local govi | 1,200 | 1,200 | வ, | 1,400 | 1,300 | 1,700 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 23,700 | 26,100 | 28,700 |  | 33,000 | 35,600 |
| INDUSTRY TOTAL | 3,300 | 4, 400 | 5,300 | 7,100 | 8,900 | 10,400 |
| 4 SELF-EMPLOYED | 12,000 | 2,700 | 13,700 | 44,800 | 6,300 14,100 | 17,700 |
| HOSPITALSICLINICS | 3,400 | 4,000 | 4,500 | 4,600 | 4,400 | 4,200 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. | 900 | , 900 | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,100 |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | 800 900 | 1,100 | 1,900 1,300 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,800 |
| SIATE/LOAL GOVI | 900 | 1,000 | 1,300 | 1,100 | 1,500 | 1,400 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 32,200 | 39,000 | 43,300 | 47,000 | 49,300 | 52,200 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 2,100 | 2,700 | 3,300 | 4,500 | 5,700 | 6,200 |
| SELF-EPPLOYFD |  |  | 31.700 | 33, 100 | 34,700 | 15,900 |
| 4 YR. COLL ${ }^{\text {d }}$ UNIV. | 25,000 | 29,100 | 31,000 | 33,200 | 34,200 | 35,800 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS |  | 1100 |  |  | , 100 | 200 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS | 1,200 | 1,600 | 2,300 | 1,600 | 1,500 | 1,600 |
| FEDERAL GOVT | 2,200 | 2,800 | 3,300 | 3,700 | 3,600 | 4,000 |
| State/local govt | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,300 | 1,400 | 1,700 | 2,000 |
| ENGGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 42,200 | $\begin{aligned} & 44,800 \\ & 22,800 \end{aligned}$ | 49,800 | 56,300 | 60,500 | 64,400 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 22,000 | 22,800 | 26,200 1,000 | 31,400 1,600 | 33,900 1,600 | 37,000 2,300 |
| 4 YR. COLL IUNIV | 14,700 | 15,600 | 16,800 | 17,800 | 19,900 | 21,100 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | 14, ${ }^{\text {* }}$ | * | , 100 | * | * |  |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. | 1,200 | 1, 3 , 500 | 2,000 | 2,300 | 1,900 | 1,700 |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | 3,000 | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,800 | 3,800 | 3,700 |
| State/Local govi.. | 400 | 400 | 200 | 400 | 400 | 300 |

[^20]TABLE B-5. MPLOYED MEN DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND SECTOR OF
CONTINUED

| FIECTOR AND EPPLOMMENT | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ITSUS ETRY, | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,300 | 2,500 | 3,600 1,900 | 3,700 2,000 |
| SELTEMPLOYED........: |  |  | 900 | 1,100 | 1, 100 | 2,000* |
|  | ${ }^{500}$ | 500 | 800 | 700 | 900 | 700 |
| NOAPROEIT ORGS......... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 300 |
|  | * | 400 | 400 | 400 | 500 | 600 |
| Chemacal magineers |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLIMEXED | 3,900 | 5,600 | 6,100 | 5,300 | 6,700 | 5,000 |
| SELF-biplo ke. | , 100 | , 100 | , 200 | , 100 | 100 |  |
|  | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,400 | 1,700 | 1,700 |
| NOMPROFIT ORGS......... | 100 100 | 100 200 | 200 300 | ${ }_{300}^{100}$ | 200 | 100 |
| EEDERAL GOVITL | + | 200* | 300 | ${ }^{300}$ | 200 | ${ }^{200}$ |
| CITIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,800 | 4, 1,200 | 5,100 | 6,000 | 1,900 | 6,300 |
| SELP-EPPLOYED.......: | ,100 | ,100 | 1,200 | 2, 300 | 1,300 |  |
| 4 YR. COLL. IUNIV. hospitals/CLINICS....... | 2,000 | 2,100 | 2,700 | 2,800 | 3,100 | 3,400 |
|  |  | $30{ }^{*}$ |  | 100 |  |  |
| STATE/LOCNL | 200 | 300 200 | 200 | ${ }_{200}^{100}$ | 100 | 300 100 |
| ELEC / ELEECTRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTNL EMPL | 8,500 | 3,200 | 4,700 | 10,500 | 12,500 | 13,900 |
| S SELF-EMPLOYED........ | 4,600 | 3,900 | 4, 700 | 6,1000 | 7,500 | 8,300 |
| 4. YR. COLLD | 3,100 | 3,200 | 2,900 | 3,600 | 3,900 | 4,500 |
| NOXPROPIT ORGS... | 100 | 300 | 200 | 300 |  |  |
|  | 500 | 600 | 700 | 500 100 | 800 100 | 700 |
| MECEANTCAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 4,000 | 4,600 | 2,200 | 5,300 | 5,600 | 6,500 |
|  | 1,800 | 2,100 | 2,400 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 3,100 |
|  | 1,800 | 2,000 | 2,200 | 2,100 | 2,500 | 2,900 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS.. | 203 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 100 | 200 |
|  | 200 | ${ }^{300}$ | ${ }^{300}$ | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| OTEER ENGTNEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18,600 | 20,300 | 22,500 | 24,900 | 26,700 15,400 | 26,900 |
| 4 SELP-ETPLOYED |  |  | , 400 |  |  | 1,100 |
|  | 6,100 | 6,500 | 7,200 | 7,200 | 7,900 | 7,900 |
| NENPROFIT ORGS.. | 700 1,500 | 1,700 | 1,300 | 1, 2,400 | 1,100 | 1,000 |
| SEDEERAL | 1, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 160 }\end{array}$ | 1,700 100 | 1,600 | 2,100 | 1,900 | 1,600 |

* TOO FEH CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT."
SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

TABLE B-6. EMPLOYED HCMEN DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGTNEERS BY EIELD AND SECTOR OF

| SIELD AND EMPLOYMENT | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 22,100 | 27,600 | 33,400 | 41,000 | 48,800 | 58,500 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. ........ | 2,100 | 3,000 | 4,600 | 7,200 | 10,200 | 12,900 |
| SELF-GPPLOYED........ | 14900 | 17,200 | 1,900 | 23,900 | 4,100 | 5,700 |
| 4 YR. COLL ${ }^{\text {d }}$ UNIV...... | 14,200 | 17,200 | 20,100 | 23,700 | 27,000 | 31,700 |
| HOSPITALSTCLINICS | 1,800 | 2,000 | 1,900 | 2,200 | 2, 600 | 3,400 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS.......... | 900 | 1,400 | 1,800 | 2,100 | 2,300 | 3,200 |
| FEDERAL COVT STATE $_{\text {LOCAL }}$ | 1,000 | 1,300 $\mathbf{8 0 0}$ | 1,600 1,200 | 2,000 1,400 | 2,500 | 2,700 |
| ScIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EPPLOYED. . . . . . . . | 21,800 | 27,300 | 32,900 | 40,200 | 47,800 | 57,000 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL......... | 2,000 | 2,900 | 4,300 | 6,800 | 9,600 | 12,100 |
|  | 14,100 | 17, 100 | 19,900 | 23, 200 $^{\text {2, }}$ | 46,100 | 3,700 |
| HOSPITALS CCLINICS $^{\text {d }}$ | 1,800 | 2,000 | 1,'900 | 2,200 | 2, 2 ,600 | 3, ${ }^{3} 00$ |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. . | , 900 | 1, ${ }^{2} 00$ | 1,800 | 2,100 | 2,300 | 3,100 |
| FEDERAL GOVT | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,600 | 2,000 | 2,400 | 2,600 |
| Stateilocal GOVT....... | 600 | 800 | 1,200 | 1,300 | 1,700 | 1,600 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED INDUSTRY, TOTAL............ | 2,500 | $\begin{array}{r}2,900 \\ \hline 600\end{array}$ | 3,100 | 3,800 1,100 | 4,200 | 4,700 |
| SELF-EMPLOYED ${ }^{\text {a }}$. |  |  |  | 1, 200 | 1,100 | 1,100 |
|  | 1,500 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,800 | 1,900 | 2,100 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS...... | , 100 | 1. 100 | 1, 100 | 1, 100 | 1, ${ }^{*}$ | 2,10** |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
|  | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 100 | 300 100 | 300 |
| MATH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ETPLOYED. . . . . . . . | 900 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,300 | 1,400 | 1,600 |
| INDUSTRY TOTAL . . . . . . . | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 |
|  | $80{ }^{*}$ | $90{ }^{\circ}$ | 900 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,100 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | * | * | * | 1,00* | 1,10* | 1,10* |
| NONPROFIT ORGS.......... | * | * | * | * | * | 100 |
| FEDERAL COVT. <br> state/logal govit....... | * | * | * | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED ${ }^{\text {I }}$. . | 100 | 200 | 400 | 700 | 1,300 | 1,600 |
| INDUSIRY, TOTAL. | 100 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 700 | 1,000 |
| 4 YR. COLL / UNIV | 100 | 100 | 100 | $20{ }^{*}$ | 100 300 | 100 500 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS |  |  | * | * |  |  |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. | * | * | * | * | * | 100 |
| EEDERAL GOVT ${ }_{\text {STO }}$ | * | * | * | * | 100 | ** |
| State/local covt. | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.i. . . . . | 300 | 400 | 600 | 900 | 900 | 1,100 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 300 |
| 4 SELF-EMPLOYED. | * | * | * | * | * | 100 |
|  | 200 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 400 | 500 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | * | * | 100 | * | $10{ }^{*}$ | * |
| FEDERAL GOVT | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 |
| Staie/Local govi. | * |  |  |  |  |  |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 7,500 | 9,100 | 11,300 | 13,300 | 16,200 | 19,700 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 500 | 600 | 900 | 1,300 | 1,900 | 2,600 |
| SELF-ETPLOYED. | 100 | 100 | 200 | 400 | , 500 | 700 |
| 4 YR , COLL IUNIV | 5,300 | 6,400 | 7,900 | 9,200 | 11,000 | 12,900 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | 400 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 800 | 1,000 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. . | 300 | 500 | 600 | 700 | 700 | 1,000 |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | 500 | 600 | 700 | 800 | 900 | 1,100 |
| State/local covt. | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 | 500 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 'IOTAL EMPLOYED. | 6,300 | 7,600 | 9,200 | 11,700 | 13,700 | 16,600 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL | 800 | 1,200 | 1,800 | 3,000 | 4,100 | 5,100 |
| 4 SESP-EMPLOYED. | 700 | 1,000 | 1,500 | 2,300 | 3,100 | 4,300 |
| 4 Y . ${ }^{\text {COLS }}$ /UNIV | 3,100 | 3,500 | 3,900 | 4, 900 | 5,300 | 6,200 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,400 | 1,500 | 1,600 | 2,200 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. | 200 | 300 | 600 | 500 | 700 | 1,000 |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| State/Local covt. | 300 | 300 | 400 | 600 | 700 | 500 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . . . . | 4,100 | 6,000 | 7,100 | 8,600 | 10,100 | 11,800 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL ......... | 100 | 200 | 400 | 600 | 1,000 | 1,200 |
| SELF-ETPLOYED. | 100 | , 100 | 5 100 | 200 | , 300 | , 500 |
| 4 YR. COLL. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ UNIV....... | 3,200 | 4,500 | 5,200 | 6,000 | 6,800 | 8,000 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS...... |  |  |  | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  | 200 | 400 | 400 | 600 600 | 600 700 | 800 |
| Stateflocal govi'........ | 100 | 200 | 400 | 300 | 400 | 500 |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.i. . . . . . | 200 | 300 | 500 | 800 | 1,100 | 1,500 |
| INDUSIRY, TOTAI............ SELF-EMPLOYED | 100 | 100 | 300 | 400 | 600 $*$ | 800 |
| 4 YR, COLL , UNIV ${ }^{\text {Hes }}$. | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 400 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS...... | * |  |  | $\star$ |  | * |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | * | * | * | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | 100 | 100 |
| Stateflocal covit. | * | * | * | * | 10 | 100 |

[^21]TABLE B-6. EMPLOYED HOMEN DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY PIELD AND SECTOR OF
CONTINUED CONTINUED EMPLOKMENT: 1975-85

| FIELD AND EMPLOMENT SECTOR | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL BMPL OYED | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| INDIS TRY TOTAL .. | * | * | * | * | * | 100 |
|  | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| 4 YR HOSPITALSICLINIV. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Hospitals ${ }^{\text {cheinics }}$ | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| PEDERAL GOVT | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | * | * | * | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| SELP-EMPLOYED. | * | * | * | * |  |  |
| 4 YR COSPITS | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NONPROPIT ORGS... | * | $\star$ | * | * | * | * |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| STATE/LOCAL GOVi | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CIVIL EMGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL MPPLOYED | * | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | * | * |  |  |  |  |
| 4 SELF-EMPLOYED. |  | * | * | * | * | * |
| 4 YR COLL | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NONPRROPIT ORGS. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| STATE/LOGAL GOVT. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ELEC /ELECTRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED . . . | * | * | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 |
| INDUSTRY TOTAL.. | * | * |  | 100 | 200 | 200 |
| 4 YR. COLS. UNIV.. | * | * | * | * |  |  |
| Hospitalsiceinics: | * | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| NOXPROFIT ORGS. . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| FFDERAL GOVT. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| State/local govi. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| MECEANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INDUSTRY TOTAL. | * | * | * | * |  |  |
| 4 SR. COLL TUNIV.. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| EOSPITALS/ĊLINICS. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| FEDERAL GOVI. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| State/LOCAL GOVI. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED... | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 800 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 |
| 4 SELP-EEMPL OYED ${ }^{\text {Y }}$ | 100 | $10{ }^{*}$ | $10{ }^{*}$ | 100 | $20{ }^{*}$ | $20{ }^{*}$ |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS |  | * |  |  |  |  |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| SEATE/LOCAL GOVi̇.. | * | * | $*$ | * | * | * |

* TOO FEH CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REFORT."
SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

TABLE B-7. BPPLOYED WHITE DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND SECTOR OF


[^22]TABLE B-7. EMPLOYED UHITE DOCTORAL SCIENTISTE AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND SECTOR OF
CONTLNUED EPLOYENT: $1975-85$


* 100 FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COAPONENTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT." SOURCE: MATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS



[^23]TABLE B-8. EMFLOYED BLACK DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND SECTOR OF
CONTINUED

| FIELD AND EMPLOYMENT SECTOR | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGI NEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| INDUSTRY TELPEETPLOYED. . . . . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Hospitals/CLINICS....... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NONPROFIT ORGS.......... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| FEDERAL GOVT | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| STAIE/LOCAL GOVT....... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INDELP-EMPLOYED.......... | * | * | * | * | * | 100 |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| HOSPITALS/CEINICS....... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NONPROFIT ORGS.......... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CIVIL EMGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | * | * | * | * | * | 100 |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | 100 |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NOAPROFIT ORGS. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| State/Local govt. . . . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ELEC (ELECTRON. EMGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | * | * | * | * | 100 |  |
|  | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | * | * | * | * |  |
|  | * | * | * | * | 10* |  |
| HOSPITALS/CiLINICS | * | * | * | * | 100 | * |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| STATE/LOCAL GOVTİ...... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| MECRANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.. | * | * | * |  |  |  |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. . . . . . . | * | + | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| SELFFEPPLOYED........ | * | * | * | * | * | * |
|  | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS........... | * | * | * | * |  |  |
| FEDERAL GOVT | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| STATE/LOCAL GOVT. . . . . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED . . . . . . . . . | * | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. . . . . . . | + | * |  | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| SELF-EMPLOYED........ | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| HOSPITALS/CLTNICS | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NONPROFIT ORGS.... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| FEDERNL GOVI. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| State/LOCAL GOVT....... | * | * | * | * | * | * |

* TOO FEN GASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT." SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

| FIELD AND EMPLOKMENI SECTOR | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL PIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 13,600 | 16,300 | 22,900 | 27,400 | 29,900 | 34,500 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 4, 600 100 | 6,100 100 | 9, 300 | 11,900 | 13,500 | 15, 100 |
| 4 YR. COLL. JUNI ${ }^{\text {Y }}$ | 7,000 | 7,600 | 10,600 | 12,000 | 12,500 | 14,800 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | , 300 | ${ }^{4} 400$ | ${ }^{400}$ | - 500 | 500 | 500 |
| NONPROPIT ORGS. | 400 | 600 | 700 | 800 | 800 | 1,100 |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | 700 | 800 | 1,100 | 1,300 | 1,400 | 1,800 |
| State/local Govi. | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 400 | 5 CO |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 9,300 | 11,200 | 15,000 3,800 | 18,300 5,400 | 19,300 | 22,700 |
| INDUSPRYMPLOYED. | 1,900 | 3, 100 | -200 | -, 200 | , 400 | , 400 |
| 4 YR. COLL UNIV | 5,900 | 6,200 | 8,900 | 10,200 | 10,100 | 11,900 |
| HOSPITALSICLINICS | 300 | 400 | 400 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS... | 300 | 400 | 400 | 500 | , 500 | 700 |
| FEDERAL COVI. | 500 | 600 | 800 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,300 |
| STATE/LOGAL COVT | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 400 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS 3 3,000 3,400 4,700 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED IOTAL... | 3,000 1,100 | 3,400 1,400 | 4,700 2,200 | 5,800 | 5,700 3,000 | 6,600 |
| SELF•EYYLOYED |  |  |  |  |  | , 100 |
| 4 YR. COLL JUNI | 1,400 | 1,400 | 1,900 | 2,100 | 2,000 | 2,300 |
| HONPROFIT ORGS. | 200 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 100 |
| F.DDERAL COVI. | 200 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 400 | 400 |
| Statellocal govi |  |  | 100 | 100 |  |  |
| MATH SCIENTISTS 700 , 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ETPLOYED | 700 | 800 | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,400 100 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 100 | 100 | * | 100 $*$ | 300 | ${ }^{100}$ |
| $4 \mathrm{SR}^{\text {P }}$ COLL UNI | 700 | 600 | 900 | 900 | 1,000 | 1,100 |
| Hospitalsictinics | * | * | * | * |  |  |
| NONPROPIT ORGS... | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| PEDERAL GOVT. | * | * | * | * | 100 |  |
| STATE/LOCAL CȮ̇̇': | * | * | * | * | * | * |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | * | 400* | 300 | 600 | 600 | 1,000 |
| 4 YR . COLL JUNI ${ }^{\text {V }}$ | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 600 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS |  |  |  |  | * |  |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| FEDERAL COYT. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| STATE/LOCNL Cȯivi | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS 300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED . . . | 300 | 600 | 500 | 700 | 800 | 1,100 |
| INDUSTRY TOTAL | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 400 |
| $4{ }^{4} \mathrm{R}$ COLL | 200 | 300 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 |
| gospitalilciInics | 2 | + | 20 | ${ }^{*}$ | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | * |
| NENPROFIT ORGS. | 100 | $10{ }^{\text {* }}$ | $10{ }^{*}$ | 100 100 | $10{ }^{\text {* }}$ | $20{ }^{\text {* }}$ |
| PEDERAL GOYT ${ }^{\text {STATEILOCAL }}$ GOV̇ | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 100 |
| LIPE SCIENTISTS 3 , 400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TCS.LL EMPLOYED. | 3,400 | 4,000 | 5,400 | 6,300 | 6,800 | 7,400 |
| INDISTRY, TOTAL | 500 100 | 700 | 800 | 1,100 | 1,300 | 1,600 |
| 4 SELF-EMPLOYED | 2,200 | 2,500 | 3,700 | 4,200 | 4, 200 | 4,500 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | 2, 200 | 2, 300 | 3,300 | 4,300 | 4, 400 | , 300 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 400 |
| FEDERAL GOVT. | 200 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 |
| State/local govi | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| PSYCBOLOGISTS 300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 300 | 300 | 400 | 600 | 700 | 800 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | * | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| SELF-ETPLOYED. |  | ${ }^{*}$ |  | * | 100 | 100 |
| 4 YR. COLL (UNIV | 200 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | * | 100 | * | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| FEDERAL COVI | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| State/local coivi | * | $\star$ | * | * | * | * |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. |  | 2,100 | 2,200 | 3,400 | 3, 500 | 3,800 |
| SELP-EYPLOYED. |  |  |  | 100 | 200 | 100 |
| 4 YR. COLL (UNIV. | 1,100 | 1,100 | 1,700 | 2,200 | 2,100 | 2,700 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS |  |  |  |  |  | 100 |
| NONPROFIT ORGS... | ${ }^{*}$ | *** | 100 | ${ }^{*}{ }^{*}$ | * | 100 |
| FEDERAL GOVT | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 |
| State/local covi.. | 100 | * |  | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. |  |  |  | 9,000 | 10,500 | 11,900 |
| IKDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 2,800 | 3,100 , 100 | 5,400 +100 | $\begin{array}{r}6,500 \\ \hline 200\end{array}$ | 7,300 200 | 7,900 |
| 4 YR COLL ${ }^{\text {S }}$ UNIV | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,400 | 3,000 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NONPROFIT ORGES. | 100 | 200 | 300 300 | 200 300 | 300 300 | 400 500 |
| Statellocal ćȯoiti.: | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

[^24]TABLE B-9. EMPLOYED ASIAN DOCTORAL SCIENIISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND SECTOR OF
CONIINUED EPLOYMENT: $1975-85$

| FIELD AND EMPLOYMENT SECTOR | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED... | 200 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 500 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 |
| SELF-EMPLOYED. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 4 YR . COLL. UNIV | * | * | * | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | $\ldots$ | * | * | * | * | * |
| NOMPROPIT ORCS... | * | * | * | * | 100 | * |
| FEDERAL COVT. | * | * | * | * | * | 100 |
| STATE/LOCAL GOVT. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CHEMTCAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 500 400 | 700 | 1,200 | *,600 | 1,500 | 1,900 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 400 | 600 | 900 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,400 |
| 4 YR. COLL. UNIV | 100 | 100 | 100 | 300 | 300 | 400 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NONPROEIT ORGS. | * | * | * | * | 100 | * |
| FEDERAL COVT. | $\cdots$ | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| STATE/LOCAL GOVT. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CIVII EMGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAS, EMPLOYED.. | 600 | 700 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,200 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 300 | 400 | 800 | - 900 | - 600 | - 800 |
| SELF-EMPLOYED. | * | * | 100 | 100 | 200 | 100 |
| 4 YR. COLL | 200 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 300 | 300 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | $+$ | * | * |  | * | * |
| NONPROPIT ORGS. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| FEDERAL COVT | 100 | 100 | * | * | * | 100 |
| STATE/LOCAL CO**. | * | 100 | 100 | * | 100 | * |
| ELEC /ELECTRON. EMGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.: | 900 | 800 | 1, -3 | 1,600 | 2,100 |  |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. | 600 | 500 | 1900 | 1,000 | 1,600 | 1,700 |
| SELP-EPPLOYED: | * | ** | 100 | 1,00* | 1,60 | 1,70* |
| 4 YR. COLL $/$ UNIV. | 300 | 300 | 200 | 400 | 300 | 600 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NONPROFIT ORGS. . . | + | * | 100 | * | 100 | 100 |
| FEDERAL GOVT | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| MECRANICAL ENGIHEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED... | 650 | 800 | 1,200 |  |  |  |
|  | 400 | 400 | . 700 | 1.700 | - 700 | 1.800 |
|  | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| 4 YR. COLL | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 | 500 |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NONPRORIT ORGS. . | * | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| FEDERAL FOVT | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| STATE/LNAAL COVT. | * | * | * | * | * | + |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLCYED... | 1,500 | 1,900 | 2,800 | 3,400 | 4,200 | 4,400 |
| INDUSTRY, TOTAL. SELP-EMPLOYED. | 1,000 | 1,200 | 2,000 | 2,600 | 3,000 | 2,900 |
| 4 SELP-ENPLOYED. |  | $5{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | $70{ }^{\text {* }}$ | 100 | 1,00* |  |
| HOSPITALS/CLINICS | 400 | 50 | 700 | 500 | 1,000 | 1,100 |
| NONPROFIT -RGS... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | * | 200 |
| FEDERAL GOVT | 100 | 100 | 10 | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| STATE/LOCAL COVT. | * | * | * | 100 | 100 | 100 |

- 7OO FEN CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT." SOURCE: MATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

TARLE B-10. EPRLOYED HISPANIC DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND EMGINEERS BY FIELD AND SECTOR OF

| SEETER ADD ERPLOMENT | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alt pripl ITNUT BRTM <br>  Hospithis chinc <br>  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,000 \\ 300 \\ 300 \\ 100 \\ 100 \\ 100 \\ 200 \\ 200 \\ 100 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 4,800 \\ 1 ; 300 \\ 2,400 \\ 2.400 \\ 200 \\ 200 \\ 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{5}, 400 \\ 1,350 \\ 2,300 \\ 2,200 \\ 200 \\ 400 \\ 100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{5}, 900 \\ 1,600 \\ 2,400 \\ 2,000 \\ 3000 \\ 300 \\ 200 \end{array}$ |
| SCIEMITSTS TOTAL <br>  ${ }_{4}^{4}$ SEP COPLOMD. <br>  FEDERUGCONT: | $\begin{array}{r} 1,700 \\ 200 \\ 1,000 \\ 100 \\ 100 \\ 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$ | $$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,400 \\ 3,400 \\ 1,200 \\ 1000 \\ 2000 \\ 200 \\ 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 4,500 \\ 1,500 \\ 3,300 \\ 2,3000 \\ 2000 \\ 2000 \\ 300 \\ 100 \end{array}$ |  |
| pgysical scientists <br>  <br>  <br> Hospirititctinics <br> Moybrorit orgs. <br> ${ }_{\text {FTRMRIN }}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 900 \\ 300 \\ 300 \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ 200 \\ \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| mita scientists <br> Tintis prli <br> SELP-EPLOXD:........ <br>  <br> NOOPROFTT ORGS. <br>  |  |  | 200 <br> $*$ <br> 200 <br>  | 200 200 \% | $\begin{array}{r}200 \\ \text { 21. } \\ \stackrel{*}{*} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 300 20* 0 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS TOTAL EMPLOYEDA․ <br> SELF-EMPLOYED. HOSPITALS/CLINICS NONPROPIT ORGS. FEDERAL GONT |  |  | 100 |  | 200 100 100 20 | 200 100 100 0 |
| environiental scientists <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Nomprorit orgs. <br>  | 100 100 | 100 0 100 $*$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}200 \\ 100 \\ \text { 10\% } \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| 1 ITEE SCIENTISTS <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Nosproit orci. <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 600 \\ & 100 \\ & 00 \\ & 100 \\ & 100 \\ & 100 \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ 100 \\ 600_{*}^{2} \\ 100 \\ 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,200 \\ 200 \\ 800_{\star} \\ 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,300 \\ \text { 200 } \\ 100 \\ 800 \\ 100 \\ 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$ |  |
| ${ }^{\text {PSYCBOLOGISTS}}$ <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> SEDERK GOVT | $$ | $\begin{gathered} 30 r \\ 20 \\ 200 \\ 100 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \\ 200 \\ \hline 00 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 600 \\ & 100 \\ & 100 \\ & 300 \\ & 100 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 700 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 200 \\ 1200 \\ 2000 \\ 200 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | 1,000 300 200 200 100 100 100 100 |
| SOCUN SCIERTITTS <br> ${ }^{\text {TSTAL }}$ STMTOXED <br>  <br>  <br> AOPTROTIT RRGS. <br>  | $\stackrel{300}{*}$ | 500 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ 100 \\ 600 \\ 100 \\ 100 \\ 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$ | 1,100 100 600 00 00 100 1000 |
| EVGTNERRS <br>  <br> SELF-EMPLOME.:.:.:: <br>  <br>  $\qquad$ | 300 100 100 | 400 200 200 $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ 600 \\ 300 \\ 30 \\ 100_{\pi}^{*} \\ 10 \end{array}$ |  |

[^25]TABLE B-10. EMPLOYED HISPANIC DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND SECTOR OR
CONTINUED EMLOAENT: $1975-85$ FIELD
SECTOR
AND ETPLOMAENT



* TOO FE' 6, SE TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPGEDTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT." SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, RS

TABLE B-11. EMPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK

| FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK ACTIVITY | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYE: ${ }^{\text {E }}$, | 255,900 | 285,100 | 314,300 | 344,000 | 369,300 | 400,400 |
| RESEARCH | 82,400 | 93,500 | 99,700 | 120,100 | 124,800 | 132,500 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. ..... | 38,100 | 43, 600 | 47,900 | 55,200 | 57,100 | 61,500 |
| APPIIED RESEARCH. | 32,900 | 36,400 | 36,800 | 46,500 | 47,400 | 49,100 |
| MANAGEEENT/ASMI | 51,700 | 60,700 | 72,300 | 60,500 | 61,800 | 69, 600 |
| OF RED. | 28,700 | 30,800 | 43,100 | 32,700 | 31,400 | 34, 900 |
| GENERA | 23,100 | 29,900 | 29,200 | 27,800 | 30,400 | 34,700 |
| TEACEING. | 91,100 | 90,800 | 92,200 | 105,200 | 108,200 | 111,700 |
| CONSULTING | 5,500 | 6,100 | 9,060 | 12,100 | 12,700 | 14,200 |
| PRLES. SERV̇İĊĖṠ........... | 10,300 | 13,900 | 18,900 | 23,700 | 3,600 | 31,900 |
|  | 1,9900 | 2,200 | 18,100 | 3, 3 ,600 | 26,500 | 31,500 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. ${ }^{\text {a }}$, | 213,500 | 240,000 | 263,900 | 236,900 | 307,800 | 334,500 |
| RESEARCE E DEVELOPMENT. | 65,900 | 76,300 | 81,930 | 96,700 | 100,000 | 106,700 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. ${ }^{\text {B }}$. . | 36,500 | 41,900 | 46,000 | 52,400 | 54,000 | 57,800 |
| DEVELED RESEARCH...... | 24,900 | 27,800 | 28,800 | 35,800 | 35,500 | 37,700 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMIN | 39,100 | 46,100 | 55,'500 | 45,400 | 46,300 | 53,200 |
| OF RED. | 20,700 | 22,100 | 30,600 | 22,500 | 20,900 | 24,030 |
| GENERAL | 18,400 | 24,000 | -4,900 | 22,900 | 25,400 | 29,200 |
| TEACEING | 81,800 | 82,000 | 82, 900 | 94,400 | 96,400 | 99,200 |
| SALES... | 1,100 | 1,500 | 2,400 | 8, 1,900 | 9,000 | 10,500 |
| PROF. SERVICES. | 10,200 | 13; 100 | 18,000 | 22,300 | 25,900 | 30,700 |
| FROD: ¢ RELATED ACT.... | 1,400 | 1,700 | 3,100 | 2,700 | 2,300 | 6,500 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| COTAL EMPLOYED......... | 54,600 | 57,500 | 60,200 | 63,100 | 64,000 | 67,500 |
| RESEARCE E DEVELOPMENT. | 22,700 | 24,800 | 23,900 | 29,600 | 29,100 | 29,900 |
|  | 10,900 | 12,200 | 12,100 | 13,800 | 34,000 | 14,300 |
| DEVEEOPEET | 2,100 | 10,500 | 9,000 | 12,700 | 11,500 | 11,900 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMI | 12,200 | 13,200 | 16,200 | 12,000 | 11,800 | 13,000 |
| OF RED. | 8,500 | 8,500 | 12,600 | 8,800 | -8,800 | 9,400 |
| GENERAL. | 3,700 | 4,700 | 3,500 | 3,200 | 3,100 | 3,600 |
| TEACAING, | 15,500 | 14,700 | 14,500 | 15,600 | 14,700 | 15,200 |
| CONSULTINC | 400 | - 400 | - 800 | 1,100 | - 900 | 1,200 |
| SALES. ${ }^{\text {PREPV}}$ | 600 | 700 | 800 | . 600 | 900 | 1,300 |
|  | 400 | 400 700 | 500 1,200 | 800 100 | 800 | 700 |
| CHEMISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 35,800 | 37,400 | 39,700 | 41,90c | 41,300 | 43,700 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | 13,800 | 15,500 | 14,400 | 18,500 | 18,000 | 18,400 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. <br> APPITED DESEARC | 6, 100 | 7,000 | 7, 7 , 000 | 8,100 | 7,900 | 8,000 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH...... | 6,300 | 6,800 1,800 | 5,500 | 8,300 2,100 | 7,600 | 7,800 2,600 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMIN:. | 9, 400 | 9,600 | 2.1,900 | 9,000 | 8,300 | 9,000 |
| OF R\&D. | 6,700 | 6,200 | 9,600 | 6,900 | 6,500 | 6,800 |
| GENERAL | 2,700 | 3,400 | 2,300 | 2,100 | 1,700 | 2,200 |
| TEACAING. | 9,400 | 8,700 | 9,000 | 9,600 | 9,000 | 9,100 |
| CONSULTIN | 300 | 200 | , 500 | +900 | , 700 | , 900 |
| SALES... | 500 | 600 | 700 | 600 | 700 | 1,100 |
| PRJF. SERVICES.. | 300 | 300 | 300 | 600 | 500 | , 500 |
| PROD. \& RELATED ACT | 600 | 600 | 1,100 | 1,000 | 1,800 | 1,900 |
| PHYSICISTS/ASTRONOMERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.......... | 18,800 | 20,100 | 20,600 | 21,200 | 22,700 | 23,700 |
| RESEARCH \& IEVELOPMENT. | 8,900 | 9,300 | 9, 500 | 11,100 | 11,100 | 11,500 |
| BASIC RESEARCE. . . . . | 4,800 | 5,200 | 5,100 | 5,800 | 6,100 | 6, 400 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH. . | 3,400 | 3,300 | 3,600 | 4,300 | 3,900 | 4,100 |
| DEVELOPMENT | 700 | 800 | , 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,100 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMIN | 2,800 | 3,600 | 4,300 | 2,900 | 3,600 | 4, 000 |
| OF RED. | 1,800 | 2,200 | 3,000 | 1,900 | 2,300 | 2,500 |
| GENERAL | 1,000 | 1,400 | 1,300 | 1,000 | 1,300 | 1,400 |
| TEACEING. | 6,100 | 6,000 | 5,400 | 5,900 | 5,700 | 6,000 |
| CONSULTI | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 |
| SALES. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 |
| PROF. SERVICES.......... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 200 |
| PROD. E RELATED ACT.... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 400 | 400 |
| MATHEMATICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED...-. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 13,600 | 14,600 | 15,300 | 15,600 | 16,400 | 16,800 |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMENT. | 2,700 | 3,300 | 3,600 | 3,400 | 3,400 | 4,000 |
| BASIC RESEARCH...... | 1,600 | 1,800 | 2,100 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,300 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH. . . . | - 800 | 1,100 | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,100 |
| DEVELOPMENT | , 300 | . 400 | , 500 | 1, 400 | - 500 | , 600 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMIN. | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,700 | 1,300 | 1,500 | 1,700 |
| OF RED. | 400 | 1,300 | 1. 400 | 1,300 | , 500 | 1,400 |
| GENERAL | 800 | 1,100 | 1,300 | 1,000 | 1:000 | 1,300 |
| TEACEING. | 9,100 | 9,100 | 8, 900 | 9,603 | 9,700 | 9,400 |
| CONSULTING | 100 | 100 | 400 | 500 100 | 600 100 | 500 100 |
| PROF. SERVİCESS | 100 | * | 200 | 200 | 100 100 | 100 100 |
| PROD. RELATED ACT.... | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| MATHEMATICIANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 11,900 | 12,800 | 12,800 | 13,000 | 13,600 | 14,000 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELO PIENT. BASIC RESEARCH | 2, 300 | 2,800 | 3,000 | 2,700 | 2,800 | 3,200 |
| BASIC RESEARCH........ | 1,400 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 2,100 |
| APPIIED RESEARCH. . . . | 600 | 900 | 700 | 800 | 800 | 700 |
| MAEVELOPMENT | , 300 | 300 | . 500 | , 300 | 400 | 400 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMIN. ...... | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,400 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,500 |
| OFENERAL....... | 300 | 200 | 400 | 200 | 300 | 300 |
| TEACHING. | 700 | 900 | 1,000 | 900 | 900 | 1, 200 |
| CONSULİN | 8,100 | 8,200 | 7,700 | 8,300 | 8,300 | 8,200 |
| SALES. | * | 1 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 200 |
| EROF. SERYICES. . . . . . . | * | * | 100 | 100 | -00 | 100 100 |
| PROD. \& RELATED ACT.... | * | * | * | * | * | 100 |

TABLE B-11. EMPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK
CONIINUED ACTIVITY: $1975-85$

| FIELD AND PRIMARY HORK ACTIVITY | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATISTICIANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,400 | 2,500 | 2,800 | 2,800 |
| RESEARCH | 400 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 800 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. | 100 | 200 | 300 | 100 | 200 | 200 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH | 200 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 400 | 400 |
| DEVELOPMENT | * | 100 | 3 C | 100 | 100 | 200 |
|  | 200 100 | 200 100 | $3 C 0$ 100 | 200 100 | 400 300 | 200 100 |
| GENERAL | 100 | 200 | 300 | 100 | 109 | 160 |
| 2 Eacaing | 1,000 | 900 | 1,200 | 1,300 | 1,400 | 1,300 |
| CONSULTING | 100 | 100 | 100 | 300 | 300 | 200 |
| PROF. SERVICES. | * | * | 100 | 100 | * | 100 |
| PROD. \& RELATED ACT.... | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| COMPUTER/INFORMATION SPECI | TS |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL RAPLOYED.-. ${ }^{\text {PESEARE }}$ | 3,500 | 5,800 | 6,700 | 9,100 | 12,200 | 15,000 |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMENT. | 1,400 | 2,600 | 3,000 | 4,500 | 5,400 | 6,100 |
| BASIC RESEAFICE. | 200 | 300 | 400 | 600 | 600 | 1,000 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH..... | 400 800 | 1,800 | 2,100 | 900 3,000 | 3,900 | 1,000 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMİR........ | 800 | 1,400 | 1;700 | 1,700 | 2,100 | 2,100 |
| OF RED. | 400 | +700 | 1,000 | 1,800 | 1;100 | 1,700 |
| GENEAL | 400 | 700 | 1700 | 900 | , 900 | 1,100 |
| TEACAING | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,500 | 2,400 | 2,800 |
| COMSULTING | 100 | 200 | 300 | 600 | 700 | 900 |
|  | $10{ }^{*}$ | * | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 |
| PROD. S RELATED ACT..... | 10 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 12,100 | 13,000 | 14,600 | 15,900 | 16,500 | 17,300 |
| RESEARCR S DEVELOPMENT. | -600 | 4,900 | 5,600 | 6,300 | 6,700 | 6,800 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. | 2, 300 | 2,500 | 2,700 | 3,300 | 3,300 | 3,600 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH..... | 2,100 | 2,200 | 2,500 | 2,700 | 3,100 | 2,900 |
| DEVELORMENT MANAGEMENT/ADMIN | 2,800 | 3,100 | 4.400 3,600 | 3,300 3,500 | 300 3,100 | 2,300 3,500 |
| OF RED......... | 2,500 | 3,100 | 3,600 | 3,400 | 3,100 | 3,500 |
| GENERAL | 1,300 | 1, ${ }^{1}$, 400 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,300 | 1,400 |
| TEACEING. | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,000 | 3,600 | 3,490 | 3,400 |
| CONSULIIN | 500 | 400 | 800 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,400 |
| PROF. SERVİCĖS. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 300 | 100 | 300 |
| PROD. \& RELATED AC | * | 200 | 100 | 100 | 4 CO | 500 |
| EARTH SCIENTISTS <br> TOTAL EMPLOYED |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 9,500 | 9,700 | 11,100 | 12,000 | 12,500 | 13,200 |
| BASIC RESEARCH.-.... | 1,300 | 1,400 | 3,1500 | 1,700 | 1,400 | 2,400 |
| APPLIED RESEARCE. . . | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1;,900 | 2,100 | 2,300 | 2,300 |
| DEVELOPMETT | ${ }^{100}$ | 100 | -30 | 300 | 200 | 200 |
| MANAGEREST/ADMI | 2,300 | 2,300 | 2,800 | 2,600 | 2,500 | 2,600 |
| GEXERAL | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,800 | -,000 | 1,200 | 1,100 |
| TEACHING. | 3,100 | 3,000 | 2,600 | ,,100 | 2,900 | 3,000 |
| CONSULTIM | $\begin{array}{r}500 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 300 | 700 | 900 | 1,100 | 1,300 |
| PRROE. SEERIİĖS | $10{ }^{\star}$ | 100 | 100 | $30{ }^{*}$ | 100 |  |
| PROD. \& RELATED AOCT | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 400 | 400 |
| OCEANOGRAPHERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED......... | 1,300 | 1,600 | 1,700 | 1,300 | 1,700 | 2,000 |
| RESEARCH ${ }^{\text {E }}$ DEVEECPMENT. | 600 | 800 | 900 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,100 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. ..... | 500 | 600 | 500 | , 800 | - 800 | 1,000 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH..... | 100 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMIṄ....... | 300 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 300 | 400 |
| OF RED | 200 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 200 |
| GENERRL | 100 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  | 300 | 300 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| CONSULTIMG. | * | * | 100 | 100 | * | * |
|  | * | $\star$ | * |  | * | * |
|  | * | * | $\star$ | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | * | * |
| ATYOSPHERIC SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,300 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,100 | 2,200 | 2,100 |
| RESEARCA \& DEVELOPMENT. | 900 | 900 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,300 | 1,200 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. . . . . | 400 | 500 | 700 | P00 | 700 | 600 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH.... | 400 | 400 | 300 | 400 | 600 | 500 |
| DEVELOPMENT | 100 | 100 | ${ }^{*}$ | * | 100 | 100 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMIM. | 200 | 400 | 300 | 500 | 300 | 500 |
| OF RED | 200 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 300 | 300 |
| GEATERAL.............. |  | 100 | * | 100 |  | 100 |
| TEACAING. | 200 | 300 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 200 |
| COHSULTING | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | * |
| PROF. SERVİCES | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | * | * | * | * | * |
| PROD. RELATED ACT | * | * | * | * | * | 100 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EPPLOYED...ionaio | 63,300 | 70,500 | 78,900 | 84,900 | 92,800 | 101,800 |
| RESEARCH 6 DEVELOPMENT. | 25,700 | 28,700 | 32,800 | 39,000 | 41,900 | 44,600 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. | 17,500 | 20,000 | 23,400 | 27,200 | 28,800 | 31,000 |
| ADCLISD RESTARCH..... | 7,500 | 7,900 | 8,500 | 10,700 | 10,700 | 11,900 |
|  |  | 13,500 | -900 | 12,000 | 13,509 | 15,700 |
|  | 10, | 13,500 | 15,900 | 12,100 | 13,000 | 15,700 |
| GENERAL.......... | 4, 400 | 6,200 | 6,600 | 5,400 | 6.2 , | 8,300 |
| TEACHING. | 19,900 | 19,000 | 19,300 | 21,700 | 22,500 | 22,400 |
| COMSULTIM | 900 | 1,000 | 1,400 | :,500 | 2,000 | 2,400 |
| SALES. | 300 | , 400 | 1700 | + 500 | 800 | 9900 |
| PRRF. SERVICES.-....... | 2,000 | 2,600 | 3,600 | ¢. 700 | 5,400 | 6,400 |
| PROD. \& RELATED ACT.... | 600 | 600 | 1,200 | 1,-¢8 | 1,900 | 1,900 |

[^26]TABLE B-11. EMPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND FニTMARY HORK
CONTINUED

| FIELD AND PRIMARY WORX ACTIVITY | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 39,000 | 42,100 | 45,000 | 49,600 | 55,900 | 59,900 |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMENT. | 16,900 | 19,200 | 21,800 | 25,600 | 28,100 | 30,100 |
| BASIC RESEARCH....... | 13,700 | 15,700 | 18,200 | 21,300 | 23,100 | 24,700 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH. . . . | 2,900 | 3,100 | 3,300 | 3,900 | 4,300 | 4,700 |
| MANAGEMIENT/ADMİ* | 4, 200 | 400 | 300 | . 500 | 600 | 700 |
| MANAEMENT/ADMET. | 4,700 | 6,000 | 6,700 | 5,100 | 5,900 | 7,300 |
| GENERAI | 2,100 | 2,800 | 2,700 | 2,800 | 2,800 | 3,800 |
| TEACHING. | 14,800 | 13,500 | 13,600 | 15,200 | 15,200 | 15,500 |
| CONSULTING | 400 | 400 | 600 | 800 | 900 | 1,100 |
| SALES. ${ }^{\text {PROM }}$ | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 400 | . 400 |
| PROF. SERVICES..-ici... | 300 | 300 | 300 | 800 | 800 | 1,000 |
| PRRD. \& RALATED ACr... | 200 | 200 | 400 | 400 | 800 | 900 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCIENTISTS TOTAL EMPLOYED........ | 11,000 | 12,100 | 12,800 | 13,500 | 14,500 | 15,500 |
| RESEAKCH \& DEVELOEMENT. | 4, 11.000 | 4, 2,600 | 4,700 | 5,800 | 6,200 | 7, 100 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. . . . . | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,500 | 1,700 | 1,900 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH. .... | 3,400 | 3,200 | 3,300 | 4,200 | 4,200 | 4,800 |
| DEVELOPMENT | 200 | . 200 | , 200 | . 200 | +400 | . 400 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMIN | 2,500 | 3,000 | 3,800 | 2,806. | 2,800 | 3,000 |
| OF RED | 1,600 | 1,900 | 2,400 | 1,800 | 1,600 | 1,600 |
| GENERAL | 800 | 1,100 | 1,400 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,400 |
| TEACHING. | 2,000 | 2,300 | 2,100 | 2,400 | 2,500 | 2,300 |
| CONSULTINC | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 500 | 600 |
| SALES....... | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| PROF. SERVICES. | 200 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 300 | 400 |
| PROD. \& RELATED ACI | 200 | 200 | 400 | 300 | 600 | 500 |
| MEDICAL SCEENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED...i. | 13,300 | 16,400 | 20,500 | 21,800 | 23,100 | 26,500 |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMENT. | 4,000 | 4,900 | 6,200 | 7,600 | 6,700 | 7,500 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. | 2,600 | 3,000 | 4,000 | 4,400 | 4,000 | 4,300 |
| APPLIED RESEARCE | 1,200 | 1,600 | 1,800 | 2,700 | 2,200 | 2,400 |
| DEVEIOPMENT | , 200 | , 300 | 1,400 | 2,400 | , 500 | , 700 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMI | 3,500 | 4,600 | 5,400 | 4,300 | 4,200 | 5,400 |
| OF RED. | 2,000 | 2,300 | 2,800 | 2,200 | 1,700 | 2,000 |
| GENERAL | 1,500 | 2,300 | 2,500 | 2,100 | 2,500 | 3,400 |
| TEACEING. | 3,100 | 3,200 | 3,600 | 4,100 | 4,800 | 4,600 |
| CONSULTİ | . 200 | 3 | 500 | . 500 | ${ }^{600}$ | . 600 |
| PRALES. SERVİCES |  | 2100 | 3, 100 | 100 | 100 | 300 |
| PROD. SERVICES REDAIEP ACT | 1,500 100 | 2,100 | 3,000 300 | 3,62\% | 4,300 500 | 5,000 500 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED........... | 30,000 | 33,700 | 37,800 | 42,800 | 46,600 | 52,200 |
| RESEARCH E DEYELOPMENT. | 3,400 | 4,000 | 4,800 | 5,400 | 5,000 | 5,200 |
| BASIC RESEFRCH | 1,900 | 1,900 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 3,300 | 2,300 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH.... | 1,300 | 1,800 | 2,000 | 2,500 | 2,400 | 2,400 |
| DEVELOPMENT | , 200 | , 300 | 2,300 | 2. 400 | 2, 300 | 2, 400 |
| MANAGETENT/ADM | 5,500 | 5,900 | 6,600 | 5,800 | 5,600 | 6,200 |
| OP RED | 1,800 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,100 | + 900 | 1,000 |
| GENERAL | 3,700 | 4,300 | 5, 0 , 000 | 4,700 | 4,700 | 5,200 |
| TEACEING | 11,300 | 10,800 | 10,300 | 12,500 | 12,700 | 13,200 |
| CONSULTTM | 1,209 | 1,500 | 1,509 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,100 |
| SALES...... | * | . 100 | , 100 | 2,100 | 2, 200 | 2, 300 |
| PROF. SERVICES......... | 7,400 | 9,500 | 12,900 | 15,000 | 18, 300 | 21,700 |
| PROD. \& RELATED ACT. ... |  | 100 | 100 | 15,100 | +300 | 21,400 |
| SOCIAL SCIEATISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ETYLOYED. . . . . | 36,300 | 44,900 | 50,500 | 55,500 | 59,300 | 64,009 |
| RESEARCH ¢ DEVELOPMENT. | 5,400 | 7,900 | 8,100 | 8,500 | 9,400 |  |
| BASIC RESEARCE. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 2,200 | 3,28,4 | 2,700 | 3,200 | 3,20c | 3,300 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH. . <br> DEME OPMENT | 3,000 | 4,300 | 5,200 | 5,000 | 5,800 | 6,500 |
| DEVELOPMENTI | 5200 | 7500 | , 300 | 300 | 500 | 400 |
| MANAGEPENT/ADML | 5,900 | 7,600 | 9,900 | 8,900 | 9,200 | 10,400 |
| OF RAD. | 1,900 | 2,100 | 3,300 | 2,500 | 1,600 | 2,100 |
| GENERAL. | 4,000 | 5,600 | 6,600 | 6,400 | 7,700 | 8,300 |
| TEACEING. | 21,400 | 23,700 | 25,900 | 29,900 | 31,100 | 32,800 |
| CONSULTIN | 21.600 | . 900 | 1,200 | 1,500 | 1,500 | 2,000 |
| SALES. | 200 | 200 | . 300 | . 400 | 400 | , 600 |
| PROP. SERVICES. | 200 | 400 | 700 | 1,100 | 900 | 1,300 |
| PROD. f RELATED ACT.... | 100 | 109 | 200 | . 300 | 700 | + 600 |
| ECONOMISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED...io.... | 11,800 | 13,000 | 14,000 | 16,000 |  |  |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMENT. | 2,400 | 3,400 | 3,900 | 3,900 | 3,900 | 4,400 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. ..... | 2,600 | . 700 | , 500 | , 800 | , 800 | , 900 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH..... | 1,800 | 2,500 | 3,200 | 3,000 | 2,900 | 3,500 |
| MAEVELOPMENT |  | 200 2.300 | - 200 | 2,400 | 2, 100 | 3, ${ }^{\text {* }}$ |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMIN. . . . . . . | 2,400 | 2,300 | 2,800 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,700 |
| OF RED. <br>  | 1,900 1,500 | 2,700 1,500 | 1,300 | , 800 1,600 | 2.500 2,000 | 2, 300 |
| TEACEING. | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 2,000 | 2,100 |
| CUNSULTIN | - 300 | -,400 | -,600 | 7,400 | , 800 | 7,800 |
| SALES.... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 300 |
| PROP. SERVICES | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 |
| PROD. \& REATED ACT.... | * | * | * | * | 300 | 200 |
| SOCIOLOGISTS/ARTHRO. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL MMPLOYED. | 7,900 | 9,500 | 10,200 | 11,000 | 12,100 | 12,700 |
| RESEARCE SEVELOPMENT. | 1,200 | 1,600 | 1,500 | 1,800 | 1,800 | 1,600 |
| BASIC RESEARCH. ...... | 700 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,100 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH. .... | 500 | 600 | 500 | 800 | 800 | 500 |
| DEVELOPMENT | * | 100 |  |  | * | * |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMIN. | 800 | 1,100 | 1,800 | 1,300 | 1,200 | 1,400 |
| OP RED. | 300 | 300 | , 700 | 300 | , 100 | , 200 |
| GENERAL. | 500 | 5 700 | 1,100 | 900 | 1,200 |  |
| TEACHING. | 5,500 | 5,900 | 5,900 | 6,900 | 7,600 | 7,900 |
| CONSULTING |  |  |  |  | 100 | 300 |
|  | ** | * | ${ }^{*}$ | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  | 100 | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 300 |

[^27]TABLE B-11. EMPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY hork
CONTINUED

| FIEED AND PRIMARY WORK Activity | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1933 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OTHER SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ERPLOYEDED | 16,600 | 22,500 | 26,300 | 28,500 | 30,300 | 33,400 |
| RSASIC RESEARCM....... | 1,000 | 2, ${ }^{2}$, 500 | 2, 1200 | 2,400 | 3,700 1,300 | 4,100 |
| APPLIED RESEARCE. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | , 700 | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,200 | 2,000 | 2,400 |
| MANAGLMENT/ADMİ | 2,800 | 4, 200 | 5,300 | 5,200 | 5,300 | 6,300 |
| OR RED. | 2,700 | 1, 000 | 1,300 | 1, 300 | 1,000 | 1,300 |
| TEACHING. ${ }^{\text {a }}$, | 10, 2100 | 12,300 | , 4,000 | 15,900 | 15,700 | 17,100 |
| CONSULIEG. |  | -500 |  |  | , 600 |  |
|  | 100 | 300 | 500 | 200 800 | 200 | 200 |
| Prod. \& RELATED ACT.... |  | 100 | 200 | 200 | 400 | 300 |
| Engineers |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL RESEARGLOYEU | 42,400 | 45,100 | 50,300 | 57,000 | 614,700 | 65,900 |
| BASIC RESEARCB. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 1,600 | 1,700 | 2,000 | 23,800 | 24,100 | 25,8000 |
| APPLIED RESEARCH....: | 8,000 | 8,700 | 8,000 | 10,700 | 11', 900 | 11,400 |
| MANAGMEAST/ADMİN:.....: | -2,600 | 14, 600 | 16,800 | 15',200 | 15', 500 | 16,400 |
|  | 8,000 | 8, 600 | 12,500 | 10, 200 | \% 0 , 5000 | 10,900 |
| TEACBITM, | 9, 300 | 8,'800 | 9,300 | 10, 700 | 11',800 | 12,500 |
| SALES. | 1,200 | 1,600 | 2,600 | 3,800 | 3,700 | 3,700 |
|  |  |  | 800 | 700 | 000 | 1,400 |
| PROD. \% RELATED ACT...: | 400 | 500 | 1,000 | 900 | 2,100 | 1,900 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGESEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,400 | 2,500 | 3,700 1,800 | 3,800 |
| BASIC RESEARCY $-1 . .$. . | 200 | 100 | 300 | 1200 | , 300 | 1,300 |
| AEVELOP RENSEARCE..... | 300 | S00 | 400 | 600 | 700 | 700 |
| Manageekent/admen. ....... | 600 | 600 | 700 | 800 | 1,000 | 1,100 |
|  | 500 200 | 500 200 | \%00 | 600 | , 800 | 1,900 |
| teacatig. | 300 | 300 | 300 | 200 | 2000 | 200 |
| Consuling SALES........ | , |  | * | + | 100 | 100 |
|  | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |  |
| prod. \& RELATED Act.... | * | * |  | 100 | * | 100 |
| Chemtcal engineers |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPL | 5,400 | 5,600 | 6,200 | 7,100 | 7,000 | 7,100 |
|  | 2, 100 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2, } \\ +200 \\ \hline 1000\end{array}$ | 2,200 | 3,600 | 3,000 | 3,2000. |
| APPLIED RESEARCH..... | 900 | 1,000 | 900 | 1,800 | 1,700 | 1,500 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMiNio.....: | 1,'900 | 2,200 | 2,100 | 1,600 | 1,700 | 1,204 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,300 | 1,800 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1200 |
| TEACAINGL.:........... | 800 | 700 | 700 |  |  | 530 |
| Consulting. | 200 | 200 | 200 | 400 | 1, 200 | 200 |
| SALES. $\qquad$ | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| PROD. \% RELATED ACT.... | 100 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 400 | 300 |
| CIVIL EMGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EREARCH | 3,800 | 4,100 | 5,200 | 6,100 | 5,300 | 6,400 |
| BASIC RESEARCB......: | 100 | 100 | 1,000 | 1.200 | 900 |  |
| APPLIED RESEARCE..... | 300 | 500 | 700 | 600 | 400 | 500 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMINT....... | 300 |  |  | 500 | 300 | 500 |
|  | 900 | 1, $\mathbf{4 0 0}^{0}$ | ., 100 | 1,200 | 800 | 1,500 |
| GENERERL............... | 600 | 700 | 600 | 800 | 600 | 700 |
| TEACBING. ${ }_{\text {consuling }}$. | 1,400 | 1,500 |  | 2,200 | 2,100 | 2,200 |
| SALESTING..............: | 40 | $\stackrel{3}{*}$ | 1,100 | 1,000 | 100 | 800 100 |
|  | * | * | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 |
| PROD. \& RELATED ACT.... | * | * | 100 |  | 200 | 305 |
| ELEC / ELECTRON. ERGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESERCI | 8,500 3,700 | 8,300 | 2,800 | 10,600 4 400 | 12,700 5,000 | 14,200 5,300 |
| BASIC RESEARCE. | - 200 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,300 \\ 200 \end{array}$ | 2,800 |  | 5,000 |  |
| APPLIED RESEARCH..... | 1, ${ }^{3} 500$ | 1,230 | 1,200 | 1,700 | 2,100 | 1,900 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMIN........ | 2,200 | 2, 600 | 3,400 | 3,000 | 4, ${ }^{2} 000$ | 4,200 |
| OR $\mathrm{GESE}_{\text {RED }}$ | 1, 7000 | 1, | 2,500 | 2,100 | 2,800 | 2,900 |
| TEACEING: | 2,200 | 1,'900 | 1,800 | 2, ${ }^{\circ} 00$ | 2,400 | 3,000 |
| Sorsestinc | 100 | 100 | 100 | 400 | 400 | 400 |
| PROR. SERVİES | * | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 400 |
| PROD. R RELATED ACT.... | * | * | 100 | 100 | 300 | 300 |
| Materials sci enginers |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 4,800 | 2,400 | 5,700 | 6,100 | 7,400 | 7,300 |
| BASIC RESEARCH......: | , 300 | 2,400 | 2,100 | 3,060 | 3,600 | 3,300 |
| APPLIED RESEARCE..... | 1,200 | 1,500 | 1,200 | 1,700 | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| mavagere chadiinio.... | 1,500 | 1,600 | 2,200 | 1,600 | 2,300 |  |
| Of RED | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,800 | 1,200 | 1.900 | 1,500 |
| teaching. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 800 | 700 | 8800 | 880 | 4800 | 400 |
| Consulit | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 100 | 200 |
|  | * | * | 10 | 100 | ${ }_{\text {10 }}$ | 200 |
| PROD. \& RELATED ACT. | 100 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 300 | 300 |

[^28]TABLE B-11. EMPLOYED DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY HORK CONTINUED ACTIVITY: 1975-85

| FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK ACTIVITY | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MEGEANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EPMPLYED....... | 4,000 | 4,600 | 5,200 | 5,400 | 5,700 | 6,600 |
| RESEARCH 6 DEVELOPMENT. | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,600 | 2,200 | 1,900 | 2,500 |
| BASIC RESEARCH...... | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 400 |
| APPLILD RESEARCH. . . . | 800 | 800 | 600 | 900 | 700 | 800 |
| DEVELOFMENT...... | 600 | 600 | 900 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,300 |
| MANAGEMENT/ADMIN | 1,000 | 1,400 | 1,400 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,400 |
| OF RED. | . 600 | - 800 | 1,000 | 1 700 | 600 | - 900 |
| GENERAL | 400 | 600 | + 400 | 400 | 500 | 500 |
| TEACEING. | 1,300 | 1,300 | 1,600 | 1,500 | 1,900 | 2,000 |
| CONSULTING | 100 | 200 | 400 | 400 | 300 | 300 |
|  | * |  | 100 |  |  |  |
|  | * | 100 | 100 | 100 100 | $30{ }^{*}$ | 100 |
| NUCLEAR ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. <br>  | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,900 | 2,100 | 2,300 1,100 | 2,400 1,100 |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMENT. BASIC RESEARCH. | 600 $*$ | 600 | ${ }^{900}$ | ${ }^{900}$ | 1,100 | 1,100 |
| APPLIED R ' GEARCH..... | 300 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 600 |
| DEVELOPM | 300 | 300 | 400 | 400 | 500 | 500 |
| MANAGEMENT/AUMI | 600 | 700 | 800 | 700 | 500 | 600 |
| OF RED. | 400 | 500 | 700 | 500 | 3.0 | 300 |
| GENEERAL | 200 | 200 | 100 | 100 | 300 | 300 |
| TEACAING. | 300 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 300 | 100 |
| CONSULTING | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 |
| SALES. SERVİCES | * | * | * | * | ** | * |
| PROD. \& RELATED ACT.... | 100 | * | * | * | * | * |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 2,400 | 3,600 | 4,900 | 5,300 | 3,900 | 3,700 |
| RESEARCE E DEVELOPMENT. | 1,000 | 1,400 | 2,300 | 2,400 | 1,7 | 1,900 |
| BASIC RESEARCE - . |  | 100 | 200 | 100 | $40{ }^{*}$ | 100 |
| APELELOPMENT | 600 | 900 |  |  | 1,400 | 1,100 |
| MANAGEELENT/ADMIN: ...... | 700 | 1,300 | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,800 | 1,800 |
| OP RED. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 400 | 900 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 700 | 600 |
| GEETERAL | 300 | 500 | 300 | 400 | 100 | 200 |
| TEACEING.: | 400 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 400 |
| CONSULTING. | 200 | 200 | 100 | 500 | 300 | 400 |
| SALES |  |  | * | 100 | 100 | * |
|  | * | * | $100^{*}$ | 100 | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | 100 |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9,800 | 9,900 | 9,900 | 11,800 | 13,600 | 14,300 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | 3,900 | 4,100 | 3,700 | 4,500 | 5,600 | 5,400 |
| APPLIED RESEARCE. ${ }^{\text {BAS }}$. | 2,100 | 2,400 | 1,600 | 2,300 | 3,300 | 2, 600 |
| DEVEEOPMENT | 1, 300 | 1,300 | 1,300 | 1,300 | 1, 600 | 1,800 |
| MANAGEFEDAT/ADMIN | 3,100 | 3, 000 | 3,300 | 3,700 | 3,300 | 3,500 |
| OR RED. . . . . . | 1, 900 | 1,600 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,100 | 2,100 |
| TEACEIERAL | 1,200 ,+ 900 | 1,400 1,600 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ 1,600 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,300 1,900 | 1,200 | 1,400 |
| CONSULTING. | 1900 | -1800 | 1,400 | 1,800 | 1,100 | 1,000 |
| SALES.- ${ }^{\text {Servicersi......... }}$ |  | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 300 |
|  | $10{ }^{\text {* }}$ | 100 100 | $3{ }^{\text {* }}$ | 200 400 | 100 600 | 200 600 |

* TOO FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE TEAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "No REMORT." SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FUUNDATION, SRS

TABLE B-12. EMPLOYED MEN DOCTORAL SCIENTIST: AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY HORK

| FIELD AND PRTMARY WORK ACTIVITY | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL EIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 233,900 | 257,500 | 280,990 | 303,000 | 320,500 | 341,900 |
| RESEARCH ${ }^{\text {S }}$ DEVELOPMENT. | 76, 400 | 85,900 | 90,300 | 107,700 | 110,200 | 116,100 |
| MANAGPMENT OR RED. $\cdot$.... | 27,800 | 29,500 | 41,000 | 31,200 | 30,000 | 32,800 |
| TEACEING................ | 81, 700 | 27,700 80,400 | 26,200 | 24,300 | 26,500 | 29,700 |
| CONSULTING. | 5,100 | 5,700 | 8,400 | 11,000 | 11,600 | 12,700 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. ......... | 191,700 | 212,700 | 231,000 | 246,700 | 260,000 | 277,500 |
| RESEARCH ${ }^{\text {E }}$ DEVELOPMENT. | 60,100 | 68,800 | 72,800 | 84,700 | 86, 700 | 91,000 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED | 19,800 | 20,900 | 28, 600 | 21, 000 | 19,300 | 22,100 |
| TEACEING.......... | 72,40c | 71,700 | 71, 600 | 80,600 | 81,000 | 21,300 |
| consulting | 3,400 | 4,100 | 5,800 | 7,200 | 7,900 | 9,'100 |
| P ${ }^{\text {®STCAL SCIENIISTS }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 52,100 | 54,600 | 57,100 | 59,300 | 59,800 | 62,800 |
| RESEARCH F DEVELOPMENT. | 21,800 | 23,600 | 22,700 | 27,800 | 27,100 | 27,900 |
|  | 8,400 3,600 | 8,300 4,500 | 12,300 | 8,600 | 8,500 | 9.100 |
| TEACEITIG.NAGEMENT....... | 3,600 14,500 | 13,700 | 13,300 | 12,900 | 13,900 | 3,400 |
| CGNSULTING. | , 400 | 13,400 | 13,700 | 1,100 | 13,900 | 1,200 |
| MATH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TUTAL ERPLOYED. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 12,700 | 13,600 | 14,100 | 14,300 | 15,000 | 15,200 |
| RESEARCE | 2,600 | 3,100 | 3,500 | 3,100 | 3,100 | 3,700 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT | 800 | 300 1,000 | 1, 200 | +300 | 500 | - 300 |
| TEACEING. | 8,400 | 8,300 | 1,200 | 1,900 | 8,800 | 1,300 |
| CONSULTING | 100 | 100 | , 300 | 8,400 | - 500 | 8,400 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL MMPLOYED. | 3,400 | 5,500 | 6,300 | 8,400 | 10,900 | 13,300 |
| RESEARCH | 1,300 | 2,500 | 2,900 | 4,200 | 4,900 | 5,500 |
| GANAGEMENT MANGEMENT. | 400 | 700 | 700 | 800 900 | 1,000 | 1,600 |
| TEACAING | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,000 | 1,400 | 2,200 | 1,000 |
| CONSULTING | 100 | 100 | , 300 | 1,500 | 2,600 | -800 |
| ENVIROAMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED......... | 11,800 | 12,600 | 14,000 | 15,100 | 15,600 | 16,200 |
| RESEARCE \& DEVELOPMENT. | 4,400 | 4,700 | 5,300 | 5,900 | 6,300 | 6,300 |
| GENAGEMEHT MANAGEMENT. | 1, 300 | 1,600 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 1,840 | 2,000 |
|  | 13,400 | 3,400 | 1,100 | 1,100 | 1,300 | 1,300 |
| CONSULTING | 500 | , 400 | , 800 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,400 |
| LIPE SCIEMTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 55,800 | 51,400 | 67,500 | 71,600 | 76,600 |  |
| RESEARCE | 22,300 | 24,600 | 27,700 | 32,500 | 33,400 | 35,800 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMEDT: | 5,900 | 6,900 | 5,800 | 6, 200 | 5,800 | 6,700 |
| TEACEING. | 17,300 | 16,200 | 16,000 | 18,100 | 5,700 | 17,400 |
| CONSULTING | , 800 | 16,900 | 1,300 | 1,400 | 1,700 | 12,000 |
| PSYCAOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ERPLOYED. ${ }^{\text {Pr }}$ | 23,700 | 26,100 | 28,700 | 31.100 | 33,000 | 35,600 |
| REAAGEMENT DEF R\&D | 2,800 | 3,200 | 3,800 | 4, ${ }^{0} 0$ | 3,700 | 3,700 |
| GENEPAL MANAGEMENT: ${ }^{\text {a }}$, | 3, 000 | 1,600 | 4, ${ }^{1}$, 000 | 3,500 | 3,600 | 3,700 |
| TEACHING. | 9,100 | 8,600 | 3,000 | 9,300 | 9,300 | 9,400 |
| CONSULIING | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,600 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 32,200 | 39,000 | 43,300 | 47,000 | 49,300 | 52,200 |
|  | 4,800 | 7,000 | 6,900 | 7,000 | 7,400 | 82,100 |
| GENERAI MANAGEMENT: | 1,780 | 1,800 | 2,900 | 2,100 | 1,300 | 1,700 |
| TEACHING. | 18,800 | 20,400 | 22,300 | 25,200 | 26,100 | 26,900 |
| COXSULIIN | 600 | 900 | 1,100 | 1,300 | 1,300 | 1,700 |
| ENGTNEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED |  |  |  | 56,300 | 60,500 | 64,400 |
| RESEARCH ${ }^{\text {MANAGEMENI }}$ DEVELOPMENT. | 16,300 | 17, 000 | 17,500 | 23,000 | 24,200 | 25,100 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT: . . . | 4,600 | 8,600 | 12,400 | 10,100 | 10,400 | 10,800 |
| TEACAING. | 9,300 | 8,800 | 9,300 | 10,600 | 11.700 | 12,200 |
| CONSULTING | 1,700 | 1,600 | 2,600 | 3,800 | 2,760 | 3,700 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ERPLOYED........ | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,300 | 2,500 | 3,600 | 3,700 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | 1,000 | 2,900 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1, 800 | 1,800 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED...... | 50 C | 500 | 600 | 600 | 800 | 1,900 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT | 200 300 | 200 300 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| COASULTING | 30 | 300 | 300 | 400 | 500 100 | 300 100 |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED......... | 5,300 | 5,600 |  | 7,100 | 6,900 |  |
| RESEARCH \% DEVELOPMENT. | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,100 | 3,600 | 2, 900 | 3,100 |
| MANAGEMENT OP RED | 1,000 | 1,300 | 1,800 | 1,200 | -,100 | 1,200 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT | 900 | 900 | 700 | + 400 | , 600 | 500 |
| TEACAING. | 800 | 700 | 600 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 900 |
| CONSULTING. | 200 | 200 | 200 | 400 | 200 | 200 |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | 5,800 | 4,100 | 5,100 | 6,000 | 5,200 |  |
| RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT. | 700 | 900 | 900 | 1,206 | - 900 | 1,300 |
| MANAGEMENT OR RED. | 400 | 400 | 400 | 1400 | 200 | -,500 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . | +600 | , 700 | 600 | 800 | 600 | 700 |
| CONSULTING. | 1,400 | 1,500 | 1,600 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,200 |
| Consulinc............... | 400 | 300 | 1,100 | 900 | 900 | 800 |

[^29]TABLE B-12. EMPLOYED MEN DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK
CONIINUED Conlwan Acxivil: 1975-85

| FIELD AND PRIMARY KORK Activity | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ELEC. (ELECTRON. EMGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 8,500 | 8,200 | 8,500 | 10,500 | 12,500 | 13,900 |
| RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT. | 3,600 | 3,200 | 2,700 | 4,300 | 4, 900 | 5,100 |
| MANAGEAENT OF RED. | 1,500 | 1,609 | 2,500 | 2,100 | 2,800 | 2,900 |
| GENERAL I'SAGEMENT. | , 700 | 1,000 | + 800 | 800 2,300 | 1, 2,100 | $\frac{1}{3}, 3000$ |
| TEACEING. | 2,200 100 | 1,900 100 | 1,800 100 | 2,300 400 | 2,400 400 | 3,000 |
| MECHANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. ....... | 4,000 | 4,600 | 5,200 | 5,300 | 5,600 | 6,500 |
| RESEARCE ${ }^{\text {a }}$ DEVELOPMENT. | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,600 | 2,200 | 1,900 | 2,500 |
| MRNAGEMENT OF RED. .... | 600 | 800 | 1,000 | 700 | 600 | 900 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT.... | + 400 | 600 | 400 | 1 400 | , 500 | 500 |
| TEACAING.. | 1,300 | 1,300 | 1,400 | 1,500 | 1,800 | 2,000 |
| cossulting. | 1100 | 1, 200 | 400 | 400 | 300 | 300 |
| OTHER ENGIPEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.......... | 18,600 | 2v, 300 | 22,580 | 24,900 | 26,700 | 26,900 |
| RESEARCE | 7,400 | 8,500 | 8,810 | 10,600 | 11,900 | 11,200 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED...... | 3,900 | 4,000 | 6,100 | 5,100 | 5,000 | 4,400 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. .... | 2,006 | 2,600 | 1,710 | 2,300 | 2,000 | 2,200 |
| TEACEING. | 3,300 | 3,100 | 3, 300 | 3,400 | 3,700 | 3,900 |
| CONSULTING. . . . . . . . . . . . | 800 | 800 | 803 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 1,800 |

* TOO FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER' AND "NO REPORT."
SOURCE: NATIOKAL SCIENCE POURDATION, SRS

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TABLE B-13. EMTLOYED WOMEN DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK

| FTELD AND PRIMARY KORK Autivity | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOESEARCH | 22,100 | 27,600 | 33,400 | 41,000 | 48,800 | 58,500 |
|  | +,900 | 1, ${ }^{1}$,200 | 2, 3100 | 1, ${ }^{1}$, 500 | 12,400 | 2, 1100 |
| TEACRING MNGEMENI......: | 9,400 | 10, ${ }^{2} \mathbf{2 0 0}$ | +3,100 | 14,500 | 15,800 | 17,000 |
| Consuliting..............: |  |  | - 600 | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,400 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESEARCC E DEVELOMMENT: | 21,8000 | 27,300 | 32,900 | 40,200 | 47,800 | 57,000 |
| MENAGEMENT OF RED | 1,900 | 1, 2 200 | 3, 3 3,100 | 1,500 | - 1,300 | 1, ${ }^{1} 9000$ |
| TEACHING.............: | 9,400 | 10, 400 | 11,300 | 13,800 | 15, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | 17, ${ }^{1,400}$ |
| Consulting. . | 400 |  |  | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,400 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTTSTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 2,500 | 2,900 | 3,100 | 3,800 | 4,200 | 4,700 |
| MANAGEAENT OF RED | 1 100 | 1,200 | 1,300 | 1, 200 | 1,300 | 2, 300 |
| GENERAL MANAGEIENT..... |  |  |  | +200 | 200 | +200 |
|  | 1,100 | 1,100 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1, 100 |
| MATH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPL | 900 100 | 1, 200 | 1,100 | 1,300 | 1,400 | 1,600 |
|  | 100 |  |  |  |  | 300 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT...... | $70{ }^{*}$ | 700 | 100 |  | 100 | 100 |
|  | 700 | 700 | ${ }^{800}$ | 900 100 | 900 100 | 1,000 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 100 | 200 | 400 | 700 | 1,300 | 1,600 |
| RESEARCHE | 100 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 500 |  |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT: ..... | * | ${ }^{*}$ | * |  | 100 | 200 100 |
| CEACHING | * | 100 | 100 | $\stackrel{100}{*}$ | 200 100 | 200 100 |
| ENYTROAMENTAL SCIENIISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESEARCH ESMED | 300 100 | 400 200 | 600 300 | 900 | 900 | 1, 100 |
| MANAGEAENI OFF RED |  | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENI..... |  |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  | ${ }^{100}$ | 100 | 100 | 200 100 | 200 100 | 200 100 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ESTPLOXED. | 7,500 | 4,100 | 11,300 | 13,300 | 16,200 | 19,700 |
| MANAGMPENI OF RED. |  | 4, ${ }_{400}$ |  | 6,600 |  |  |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENI....: | 400 | 700 | 800 | 900 | 1,100 | 1,600 |
| Cowsulting.............. | 2,600 100 | 2,800 | 3,300 | 3,600 | 4,500 | 5, 3 3,00 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. RESEAR $^{\text {a }}$ | 6,300 | 7,600 | 9,200 | 11,700 | 13,700 | 16,600 |
| MANAGEMENT OFE RED | 200 | 300 | 1,300 | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,300 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT..... | 7700 | 700 | 1,000 |  |  |  |
| Cokiging ing | 2,200 | 2,200 | 1,400 $\mathbf{3 0 0}$ | 3, $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ | 3, 5500 | 3, ${ }^{1} \mathbf{8 0 0}$ |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL REMPLOYED ${ }_{\text {R }}$ | 4,100 | 6,900 | 7,100 | 8,600 | 10,100 | 11,800 |
| MATAGEMENT OF RED | 200 | 200 | 1,200 | 1,400 |  |  |
| GENER M MANAGEMENT..... | ${ }^{300}$ | ${ }^{200}$ | ${ }^{960}$ | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,400 |
| TEACHING. | 2,600 | 3,300 | 3,600 100 | 4, 600 $\mathbf{2 0 0}$ | 5, 2000 | 5,900 |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 200 | 300 100 | 500 | 800 | 1, 100 | 1,500 |
|  | 100 | 100 | 300 100 | 400 | 600 100 | 700 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT...... | * | $10{ }^{*}$ | $10{ }^{\circ}$ |  | $20{ }^{*}$ | 100 300 |
| Cotsuluing ${ }^{\text {a }}$, | * | 10 | 10 | 100 | * | ${ }_{*}$ |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGTEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| GEEALCINGANAGEMENT....... | * | * | * | * |  | * |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CHEMrCal engineers |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED ${ }_{\text {RSE }}$ | * | * |  | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| MANAMTENT OF RED | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | * | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | * | 10 | 100 |
| TEAECINGMAAGEMENT....... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Consulting............... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL RESEARCE ${ }_{\text {EYED }}$ |  |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| MANAGEEENT OF RESD.... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. .... | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| COKSULTING: | * |  |  | * |  | * |

* TOO FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE

TABLE B-13. EMPLOYED HOMEN DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY HORR
CONIINUED

| FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK ACTIVITY | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ELEC. ELECTRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.......... | * | * | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | * | * | * | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| MANAGLMENT OF R\&D...... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| TEACHING........... | * | $\star$ | * | * | * | 100 |
| CONSULTING | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| MECRANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMENT. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED...... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . . | * | * | * | * | ${ }^{*}$ | * |
| TEACATNG................. | $\star$ | $\star$ | * | $\star$ | * | * |
| CONSULTING. . . . . . . . . . . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| OTHER ENGTNEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 800 |
| RESEARCT \& DEVEL-OPMENT. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED...... | * | * | * | $\stackrel{3}{*}$ | 100 | 100 |
| GENERAL MANAGEATENT. . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| TEACHING. ${ }^{\text {P }}$. . . . . . . . . | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| CONSULTING. . . . . . . . . . . . | * | * | * | + | * |  |

* TOO FEH CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAİ NOT ADD TO TOTAL BEGAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT." SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDAIION, SRS

TASE B-14. ENPIOYED WHITE DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK

| FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK ACTIVITY | 197.5 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. . . . . . . | 232,800 | 258,300 | 285,000 | 309, 100 | 329,900 | 355,100 |
| RESEARCH ${ }^{\text {E A }}$ DEVELOPNENT. | 72,900 | 81,600 | 88,900 | 104,200 | 107,300 | 113,100 |
| MANAGEMENT OF R\&D...... | 26,800 | 28, 600 | 37,800 | 29,500 | 28,600 | 30,800 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . . | 21,800 | 28,000 | 27,600 | 26,300 | 28,400 | 32,400 |
| TEACAING. | 83,600 | 83,300 | 84,400 | 95,900 | 97,800 | 100,200 |
| CONSULTING | 5,00: | 5,600 | 7,900 | 10,800 | 11,300 | 12,800 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED......... | 195,800 | 219,600 | 243,000 | 261,900 | 280,000 | 302,500 |
| RESEARCE \& DEVELOPMENT. | 59,400 | 68,000 | 74,900 | 86,400 | 89,200 | 94,100 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED...... | 19,400 | 20,600 | 27,500 | 20,500 | 19,300 | 21, 800 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . . | 175,400 | 22,600 | 23,500 | 21,600 | 23,900 | 27,300 |
|  | 75,300 3,600 | 75,600 | 76,300 | 86,300 | 87,800 | 89,900 |
| PRYSICAL SCIENTISTS 49,800 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMENT. | 20,400 | 22,000 | 21,700 | 25,400 | 25,100 | 25,700 |
| MANAGEMENT OF R\&D...... | 8,000 | 7,900 | 11,100 | 8,000 | 8,100 | 8,400 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT | 3,500 | 4,400 | 3, 400 | 2,900 | 2,800 | 3,300 |
| TEACEIMG........ | 14,200 | 13,400 | 13,100 | 14,400 | 13,300 | 13,700 |
| CONSULTING.. | 400 | + 400 | - 800 | 1,100 | - 800 | 1,100 |
| MATH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMP | 12,300 | 13,200 | 13,700 | 14,000 | 14,600 | 14,900 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | 2, 400 | 2,900 | 3,200 | 3,100 | 3,100 | 3, 600 |
| MANAGEMENT OF R\&D...... | 2.) 400 | 2,300 | + 400 | +300 | - 400 | - 300 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . . | 880 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,000 | 900 | 1,300 |
| TEACEING......... | 8,200 | 8,200 | 8,100 | 8,600 | 8,700 | 8,300 |
| CONSULTING | 100 | 100 | 300 | 400 | - 500 | 400 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPTOYED. | 3,200 | 5,000 | 6,100 | 8,100 | 11,000 | 13,100 |
| RESEARCH DEEVELOPMENT. | 1,300 | 2,200 | 2,800 | 4,000 | 4,800 | 5,200 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED...... | , 400 | 2,700 | 2900 | - 700 | 1,000 | 1,400 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT | 400 | 600 | 600 | 900 | 1,900 | 1,000 |
| TEACEING. | 900 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,300 | 2,100 | 2,600 |
| CONSULTING | 100 | 100 | 200 | - 500 | - 700 | -900 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 11,400 | 12,100 | 13,800 | 15,000 | 15,500 | 15,900 |
| RESEARCH E DTVELOPMENT. | 4, 200 | 4,400 | 5,200 | 6,000 | 6,300 | 6,100 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RCD...... | 1,400 | 1,500 | 2,200 | 2,200 | 1,700 | 1,900 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT | 1, 3 , 4000 | 1,400 3,400 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1, 3,300 | 1,400 |
| COASEUING | 3,400 400 | 3,400 300 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2,900 } \\ \mathbf{8 0 0} \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,400 1,000 | 3,300 1,100 | 3,200 1,300 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 57,700 | 64,200 | 71,900 | 77,100 | 83,700 | 92,000 |
| RESEARCH ${ }^{\text {L }}$ DEVELOPMENT. | 22,900 | 25,400 | 29,700 | 35,000 | 36,400 | 39,400 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED. | 5,800 | 6,800 | 8,300 | 6,100 | 5,700 | 6,800 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMEN | 4,200 | 5,800 | 6,200 | 5,100 | 6,300 | 7, ? 20 |
| TEACAING. | 18,400 | 17,700 | 17,700 | 19,900 | 20,400 | 20,5is |
| CONSULTIN | - 800 | 1,000 | 1,300 | 1, 500 | 1,800 | 2,200 |
| PSYCzOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL AMPLOYED.......... | 28, 300 | 31,900 | 36,500 | 41,000 | 44,500 | 49,500 |
| RESEARCH F EEVELOPMENT. | 3,300 | 3,800 | 4,600 | 5,100 | 4,900 | 5,000 |
| MANAGEMENT OF R\&D. . . . |  | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,000 | + 800 | + 900 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT | 3,500 | 4,100 | 4,700 | 4,500 | 4,500 | 4,900 |
| TEACEING. | 10,700 | 10,200 | 10,000 | 11,900 | 12,100 | 12,400 |
| CONSULTING | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,400 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| SOCTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TCAAL EMPLOYED. ....... | 33,100 | 41,100 | 46,400 | 50,500 | 53,800 | 57,700 |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMENT. | 4,900 | 7,200 | 7,800 | 7,900 | 8,700 | 9,200 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED...... | 1, 800 | 1,900 | 3,000 | 2,300 | 1,500 | 2,000 |
| GENERAI MANAGEMENT | 3,700 | 5,200 | 6,100 | 6,000 | 7,200 | 7,600 |
| TEACHING. | 19,500 | 21,700 | 23,500 | 26,800 | 27,900 | 29,000 |
| CONSULTING | 600 | 900 | 1,100 | 1,400 | 1,400 | 1,800 |
| ENGI NEFRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESEARCH ${ }^{\text {\& }}$ DEVELOPMENT. | 13,500 | 13,600 | 14,000 | 17,700 | 18,100 | 19,100 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED. . . . . | 7,400 | 8,000 | 10,300 | 8,'900 | 9,300 | 8,'900 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . . | 4,400 | 5,500 | 4,200 | 4,700 | 4,500 | 5,100 |
| TEACHING........... | 8,200 | 7,700 | 8,200 | 9,600 | 10,100 | 10,300 |
| CONSULTING | 1,400 | 1,400 | 2,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,100 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED........ | 1,800 | 1,800 | 2,100 | 2,200 | 3,100 | 3,300 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | - 900 | 1,800 | 1,100 | 2,800 | 1,400 | 1,400 |
| MANAGEMENT OF R\&D...... | 400 | 400 | - 600 | 600 | - 800 | 1. 900 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT..... | 200 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| TEACHING. | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 300 |
| CONSULTING. | * | * | * | + | 100 | 100 |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EPPLOYED......... | 4,700 | 4,700 | 5,000 | 5,600 | 5,400 | 5,100 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | 1,700 | 1,500 | 1,300 | 2,400 | 2,100 | 1,900 |
| MANAGEMENT OF R\&D...... | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,400 | 1,000 | 2, 900 | 1,900 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT | 800 | 800 | - 600 | - 400 | 600 | 500 |
| TEACEING. | 700 | 600 | 500 | 800 | 800 | 700 |
| CONSULTING. | 200 | 200 | 200 | 400 | 200 | 200 |
| GIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL MMPLOYED. ${ }^{\text {P }}$, | 3,100 | 3,300 | 3,900 | 4,800 | 4,200 | 5,100 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVEI,OPMEN'S. | 500 | + 500 | - 500 | - 800 | - 700 | 1,000 |
| MANAGEMENT OF R\&D. <br> GENERAL MANAGEMENT | 400 500 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 100 | 1,400 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT..... | 500 1,200 | 600 1.200 | $\begin{array}{r}600 \\ \hline 100\end{array}$ | 2. 700 | + 500 | 700 |
| CONSULTING: | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,500 600 | 2, 000 | 1,900 $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ | 2,000 500 |

[^30]TABLE B-14. ENPLOYED WHITE DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY PIELD AND PRIMARY WORK
CONTINUED ACTIVITY: $1975-85$

| FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK ACTIVITY | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ELEC. (ELECTRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESEARCH 5 DEVELOPMENT. | 2,900 | 2,700 | 2,190 | 3,300 | 3,600 | 3,800 |
| MANAGEMENT OF R\&D...... | 1,500 | 1,500 | 2,200 | 1,900 | 2,500 | 2,400 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT | 600 | . 900 | 800 | 800 | 1,000 | 1,200 |
| TEACHING. | 1,900 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 2,000 | 2,100 | 2,500 |
| CONSULTING | 100 | 100 | 100 | 2,300 | 400 | 2,300 |
| MECEANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ENPLOYED.: | 3,400 | 3,800 | 4,100 | 4,300 | 4,400 | 5,100 |
| RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT. | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,100 | 1,600 | 1,300 | 1,700 |
| MANAGEXENT OF RED. | 600 | 700 | 800 | 500 | 500 | 700 |
| GENERAL HANAGEMENT | 300 | 500 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 500 |
| TEACEING. | 1,100 | i, 100 | 1,300 | 1,400 | 1,500 | 1,600 |
| CONSULTING | 100 | , 200 | - 300 | , 300 | , 300 | , 300 |
| OTEER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED........ | 16,700 | 17,900 | 19,700 | 21,400 | 22,400 | 22,700 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | 6,400 | 6,900 | 7,700 | 8,900 | 9,100 | 9,300 |
| MANAGEMENT OF R\&D...... | 3,600 | 3,800 | 5,100 | 4,500 | 4,500 | 3,600 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT...... | 1,900 | 2,400 | 1,700 | 2,200 | 1,800 | 2,100 |
| TEACEING. | 3,000 | 2,800 | 2,900 | 3,100 | 3,300 | 3,200 |
| CONSULTING. . . . . . . . . . . . | 700 | 700 | 800 | 1,300 | 1,500 | 1,600 |

* TOO FEN CASES 20 ESTIMATE

NOTE: COKPONENTS MAZ NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT." SOURCE: MATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

TABLE B-15. EMPLOYED BLACK DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK

| FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK ACTIVITY | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED......... | 2,500 | 2,700 | 3,200 | 4,200 | 5,000 | 5,700 |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMENT. | 500 | 600 | 600 | . 800 | 1,000 | 1,100 |
| GENERAL HANAGEEENT..... | 200 | 300 | 400 | 300 | 300 | 1300 |
|  | 2,100 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 2,200 |
| CONSULTING.................. | 1,100 | 1,00 | 1,100 | 1,100 | 1,200 | 2,200 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,400 | 2,600 | 3,100 | 4,000 | 4,500 | 5,200 |
| RESEARCH | 400 | 600 | 600 | 700 | 800 | , 900 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT...... | 200 400 | 300 400 | 400 500 | 300 800 | 200 | 200 |
| TEACHING............... | 1,100 | 900 | 1,200 | 1,600 | 1,700 | 2,000 |
| CONSULTING.............. |  |  | ${ }^{100}$ | 100 | -100 | 2, 200 |
| PGYSICAL SCIENTISTS 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED........ | 500 | 505 | 400 | 600 | 700 | 500 |
| RESEARCH ¢ DEVELOPMENT. | 200 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED | 100 $*$ | 100 | 100 | 100 100 | 100 100 100 | 100 |
| TEACHING <br> CONSULTING: | 200 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 100 |
| MATH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMENT. | * | * | * | * | * | 200 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMCNT..... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| TEACHING.... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 160 | 100 | 100 |
| CONSULTING. | * |  | , | , | , | * |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS <br> TOTAL EMPLOYED |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED...... | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CEACHING. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CONSUTING. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED... ${ }^{\text {E }}$. | * | * | 100 | * | * | 100 |
| RESEARCH | * | * | 100 | * | * | 10 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED...... | + | * | * | * | * |  |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| TEACHING. | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| CONSULTING. . . . . . . . . . . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED......... | 700 | 800 | 900 | 1,000 | 1,9,00 | 1,400 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | 200 | 200 | 200 | . 300 | , 300 | 1, 300 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED. ${ }^{\text {G }}$. . | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| GENCRALGMANAGMENI. . . . . . . | $\frac{100}{}$ | 100 | 100 | 100 | 300 | 300 |
| CONSULTINĠ.................. | 30 | 20 | * | 400 | 400 | 500 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED....... | 400 | 500 | 600 | 000 | 1,000 |  |
|  | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 1,000 100 | 1,200 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . . | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |  |  |
| TEACHING.............. | 200 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 100 300 | 200 |
| consulting............... | + | * | ** | 100 | 300 100 | 100 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED........ | 600 | 700 | 1,000 | 1,300 | 1,500 | 1,700 |
| RESEARCH MANGENENT DEVELOPRIENT. | 100 | 100 | -100 | 100 | - 200 | 1,100 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT:..... | 100 | $10{ }^{\circ}$ | 100 | 300 |  |  |
|  | 300 | 300 | 400 | 600 | 300 | + 300 |
| CONSULTING. | * | * | 40 | 60 | 70 | 1,000 |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 300 | 400 | 500 |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMEITT. | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | $\stackrel{\text { * }}{*}$ |  | 100 | 200 | 200 |
| MANAGEAENT OF RGD. . . . | * | * | * | 100 | 100 | *** |
| TEACHING............... | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| CONSULTING................ | * | * | * | * | 10 | 100 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGI NEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.......... | * | * | * | * | $*$ | * |
| RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| MANGM ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CEEERAI. MANAGEMENT. . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CONSLLTING.................. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | * | * | * | * | * | 100 |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPTEETT. | * |  | * | * | * | 100 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED..... | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| GTNERRIL MANAGEMENT. . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| TEACHING. | + | * | * | * | * | * |
| CONSULTING. . . . . . . . . . . . . | * | * | * | * |  |  |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESEARCH © DEVELOPMENT. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED. . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| GENERRAL MANAGEMENT. . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| TEACHING. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CONSULTING............... | * | * | * | * | * | * |

[^31]TARLE B-15. EMPLOYED BLACK DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY UNM CONTINUED ACTIVITY: 1975-85

| FIELD AND PRIHARY WORK ACTIVITY | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ELEC. ELECTRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| MANACEMENT OF RED..... | * |  | * | * | $\star$ | * |
| GENERAI MANAGEMENT..... | * | + | * | * | * | * |
| TEACHING, | * | * | * | * | 100 | * |
| MECHANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EAPLOYED | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED..... | * | * | - | * | * | * |
| gEnERAL MANAGEMENT. .... | * | * | * | * | 100 | * |
| TEACHING. | * | * | * | * | * | 100 |
| CONSULTING. .............. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EYPLOYED. | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 |
| RESEARCH ${ }^{\text {M }}$ ( DEEVELOPYENT. | * | * | * | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| GLNERAL HANA : MENT ...... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CONSUT,TING. . | * | * | * | * | * | * |

* 700 FEW CASES 70 Estimate

NOTE: COHPCHENAS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "HO REPORT." SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

TABLE B-16. ENPLOYED ASIAN DOCTOKAL SC TTTSS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AKD PRIMARY HORR

| FIELD AND PRTHARY KORK Activity |  | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL MTPLOYED | 15.600 | 16,300 | 22,900 | 27,400 | 2¢1,900 | 34, $=00$ |
| RESEARCH | 6,900 | 8,800 1,200 | 4,600 | 14,100 | 15,400 | 17, 300 |
|  | 400 | , 800 | 5,900 | 2,700 | - 800 | 1,000 |
|  | 3, 300 | 3,800 | 5,400 | 6,300 | 7,000 | 1, 1 ,000 |
| Scientists |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ETPLOYED | 9,300 | 11,200 | 15,000 | 18,300 | 19,300 | 22,700 |
| MNALGEMENT OP RED..... | + 500 | 5,700 | 2,500 | 8,800 1.400 | 1, 1000 | 11,000 1,700 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT..... | 3 300 | 500 | , 800 | 5 500 | , 500 | 2,800 |
|  | 3,100 | 3, 2000 | 4,400 | 5,400 | 5,700 | 5,900 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL MPSPLOYED | 3,000 | 3,400 | 4,700 2,000 | 5,800 | 5,706 | 6,600 |
| MNAMGEGMI | 1,200 | 2,100 | 2,000 | 3,800 | 3,400 | 3,800 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT.... | 100 | 100 | , 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| TEACHING <br> consulting. | 700 | 700 | 1,000 | 800 | 1,000 100 | 1, ${ }^{1000}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESEARCH E DEVEIOPM, | 200 | 800 | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,400 |
|  | * | * | 100 |  | , |  |
| TEACHING, | 50 | 50 | 600 | 800 | $800^{\circ}$ | 900 |
| COPPUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 200 | 600 400 | 600 200 | 900 | 900 | 1,600 |
| MANAGEHENI OF RED......: <br> Genepat Manacticit. | * | * | $20{ }^{*}$ | * | 500 100 | 700 300 |
| TEACHNG | 10 | 10 | 100 | $20{ }_{*}^{*}$ | $30{ }^{*}$ | 200 |
| ENVIROATENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ERPLOYED | 300 | 600 300 | 500 | 700 | 800 | 1,100 |
|  | 200 | 300 | 300 100 | 300 200 | 300 100 | 600 100 |
| GENERA MANGEEMENT..... | $10{ }^{*}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotsultimico............: | 100 | 100 | $\stackrel{\star}{*}$ | 100 100 | 100 | 100 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,400 | 4,000 | 2,400 | 6,300 | 6,800 | 7,400 |
| MANAGEMENT OF REDD | 200 | 300 | 700 | , 400 | 4,300 | , 300 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT..... | 7 | 200 600 | 1,200 | , 100 | + 100 | 200 |
| Cowsulting.............: | 100 | 6 | 1.100 | 1,300 | 1, 100 | , 100 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESEARH |  | 300 | 400 100 | $\begin{array}{r}600 \\ 100 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 700 100 | 800 100 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENİ: | * | * | 100 | ${ }_{\text {* }}$ |  |  |
| TEACHING. $\qquad$ | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 20 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,400 | 1,500 | 2,300 | 3,000 | 3,100 | 3,800 |
| RENAMCE | 200 | 300 100 | 200 100 | 300 100 | 500 | 800 |
| GEAERAL MANAGEMENT..... | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 100 | 200 |
| COACHING | 900 | 900 | 1,500 100 | 1,900 | 1,900 | 2,400 |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL REMPLOYED | 4,300 | 3,000 | 7,900 | 9,000 | 10,500 | 11, 500 |
| MANAEEMENI OPREAL....: | 2,300 | 3, 500 | 2,100 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,800 |
| GEMERING............... | 200 700 | 300 800 | , 100 | 200 | + 300 | , 200 |
| CONSULTING. .............. | 200 | 200 | 1,600 | 8800 | 1,500 | 1,700 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 200 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 500 |
|  |  |  | 200 | 200 | 400 | 500 |
| GEARAINGMNALE............ | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Consulting. .............. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CHEMTCAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL MESPLCH Y | 500 300 | 700 | 1,200 | 1,600 | 1,500 |  |
|  | 300 | 500 <br> 100 | 700 4 | $\begin{array}{r}1,200 \\ 200 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2000 | 1,200 |
| CEACHING | 100 | 200* | 100 | 200 | $300^{*}$ | 200 |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL RGPLOYED. | 600 200 | 700 300 |  |  | 1,100 | 1,200 |
| MASMEEMENT OF RGD..... CHOT MANCEID | 200 | 300 100 | 400 100 \# | 500 | 200* | 400 100 $\#$ |
|  | 100 | 200 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 |
| Consurinc............... | 100 | 100 | 500 | 400 | 400 | 300 |

TABLE B-1G. EMPLOYED ASIAN DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK CONTINUED ACTIVITY: 1975-85


* TOO FEW CASES TO Estimate

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT." SOURCE: RATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SR

| FIELD AND PRIMARY HORK ACTIVITY | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,000 | 2,700 | 4,100 | 4,800 | 5,400 | 5,900 |
| RESEARCE | 600 | 900 | 1,700 | 1,900 | 1,900 | 2,000 |
| MANAGEMENI OFAGEMENT: | 200 | 200 | 400 300 | 400 | 300 | 400 |
| TEACEING | 700 | 900 | 1,200 | 1, 200 | 1,500 | 1,200 |
| CONSULTING. . . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | 100 | 100 | - 400 | , 200 | 1,400 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 1,700 | 2,300 | 3,400 | 4,100 | 4,500 | 5,100 |
| RESEARCE \& DEVELOPMENT. | 500 | 700 | 1,500 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,800 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED | 100 | 100 | 300 | 300 | 200 | , 300 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT..... | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 |
|  | 600 100 | 800 100 | 900 100 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,100 |
| PEYSICAL SCIENTISTS 400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | 200 | 200 | 500 | 300 | 300 | 400 |
|  | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| TEACEING.-............. | 100 | 200 |  |  |  |  |
| CONSUTIING: . . . . . . . . . . . | * | ${ }_{*}$ | 20 | 300 | 300 | 200 |
| MATH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.......... | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 300 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | * | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ | 100 | 100 | * | 100 |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT..... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| TEACAING................ | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| CONSULTING. . . . . . . . . . . . . | * | * | * | * | 10 | * |
| COMPUTER STECTALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | * | * | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 |
| RESEARCG \& DEVELOPMENT. | * | * | * | * | 100 |  |
| MANAGEMENT OF R\&D. . . | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. | * | * | * | * | 100 | * |
| TEACEING........... | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| CONSULTING. . . . . . . . . . . . | * | * | * | * |  | 100 |
| ENYTRONMENTA', SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | * | \% | 100 | 100 | 10, | 100 |
| MANAGEPHENI OF RED...... | * | * |  | * | * | * |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . . | * | * | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | * | * | * |
| CONSULTiNG.............. | * | * | * | * | * | * |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.......... | 600 | 700 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,300 | 1,400 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | 300 | 300 | 500 | 1,700 | 700 | 700 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED...... | * | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| GENERAL MANAGERENT. . . . | ** | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 |
|  | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 100 | 200 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED......... | 200 | 304 | 500 | 600 | 700 | 1,000 |
| RESEARCH | * | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED . . . . | * | * |  |  |  |  |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . . | * | ** | $1{ }^{10}$ | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  | * | 100 |  | 100 100 | 100 | 100 |
| SGCIAL SCIENTAETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. | 300 | buj | 600 | 800 | 1,000 | 1,100 |
| RESEARCE \& DEVELOPMENT. | * | 100 | 200 | 300 | 1300 | 1,400 |
| MANAGEMENT OF R\&D $\ldots$. ${ }^{\text {G }}$. | * |  | 100 |  |  |  |
| TEACHING................. | 100 | 200 |  | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| CONSULTINGG............. | * | + | * | 100 | 400 | 300 100 |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED.... ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 300 | 400 | 600 | 800 | 1,000 |  |
| RESEARCH E DEVELOPMENT. | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 1,300 | 200 |
| MANAGENENT OF RED..... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | * |
| GENERAI, MANAGEELENT. . . . | ${ }^{*}$ | 100 | 100 | 100 | ${ }^{*}$ | 100 |
| TEACBING | 100 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 400 | 200 |
| AERO/ASTR $\quad$ ETGINEERS TOTAL EMHLOYED |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESEARCH ¢ DEVELOPMENT. | * | + | * | * | * | * |
| MANAGEMENT OZ RED. . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| general management. . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| TEACAING................ | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CONSULTING............... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED......... | * | 100 | 100 | * | 100 | 100 |
| RESEARCR \% DEVELOPMENT. | * | * | * | * |  | * |
| MANAGEY I O R RED..... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| GENERAL | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CONSULTING... ............. | * | * | 100 | * | 100 | 100 |
| GIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 100 | * | * | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT. | * | * | * | * |  |  |
| MANAGEMENT OF RED . . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT. . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| TEACAING................ | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CONSULTING. . . . . . . . . . | * | * | * | 100 | * | * |

[^32]TABLE B-17. EMPLOYED HISPANIC DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK
CONTINUED

| ÁCTIDITIND PRIMARY HORR | 1975 | 1977 | 1979 | 1981 | 1983 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ELEC /ELECIRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMMLOYED | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 |
| RESEARCE DEVELOPMENT. | * | * | 100 | * | * | * |
| GENERAL MAHAGEMENT..... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| TEACHING. | * | * | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| CONSULTING. .............. | * | * | * | + | * | * |
| MECHANICRL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | * | $\star$ | 100 | * | 100 | 100 |
| RESEARCE \& DEVELCPMENT. | * | * | * | * | 100 | * |
| MANAGEMENT OF DED . ..... | * | * | * | * |  | * |
| GENERAL MANAGEMENT..... | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| TEACAING................ | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CONSULTING. . . . . . . . . . . . | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EMPLOYED | 100 | 200 | 400 | 500 | 500 | 400 |
| RESEARCE | * | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 100 |
| GENAGAL MANAGEMENT:..... | * | * | 20 | 100 | * | 100 |
| TEACHING. | * | * | 200 | 100 | 100 | * |
| CONSULTING. . . . . . . . . . . . | * | * | * | 100 | + | 100 |

* TOO FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOCAL BECAUSE TEAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT." HISPANICS INCLUDE MEMBEIRS OF ALL RACIAL GROUPS.
SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

TABLE B-18. DOCTORAL SGIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS IN INDUSTRY BY FIELD AND SEX: 1985

| FIELD | TOTAL EMPLOYED | MEN | HOMEI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 125,800 | 112,800 | 12,900 |
| SCIENTISTS. | 87,900 | 75,800 | 12,100 |
| PtiYSICAL SCIENTISTS...... | 30,300 | 28,600 | 1,.00 |
| CBEMISTS. | 24,100 | 22,600 | 1,500 |
| PGYSICISTS/ASTRONOMERS.. | 6,200 | 6,000 | 200 |
| MATHEMATICAL SCIENTISTS.. | 1,900 | 1,700 | 200 |
| MATHEMATICIANS. | 1,400 | 1,300 | 100 |
| STATISTICIANS. | 500 | 400 | 100 |
| COMPUTER/INFORMATION SPEC | 8,400 | 7,400 | 2,000 |
| ENVIRONMENEAL SCIENTISTS. | 5,300 | 4,900 | 300 |
| EARTH SCIENTISTS... | 4,800 | 4,500 | 300 |
| OCEANOGRAPHERS. | 200 | 100 | * |
| ATMOSPHERIC SCIENTISTS.. | 300 | 300 | * |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS.. | 19,200 | 16,600 | 2,600 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENTISTS... | 9,300 | 7,900 | 1,400 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCIENTISTS. | 4,000 | 3,700 | 300 |
| MEDICAİ SLIENTISTS...... | 5,800 | 5,000 | 800 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS. | 15,500 | 10,400 | 5,100 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS. | 7,400 | 6,200 | 1,200 |
| ECOHOMISTS. | 3,000 | 2,700 | 300 |
| SOCIOLOGISTS/AYTRERO. . . . | 1,100 | 800 | 300 |
| OTHER SOCIAL SCIENTISTS. | 3,300 | 2,700 | 600 |
| E\#GINEERS. | 37,900 | 37,000 | 800 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGTNEERS. | 2,100 | 2,000 | 100 |
| CHEMICAL ENGIMLERS. | 5,100 | 5,000 | 100 |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS.. | 2,400 | 2,400 | * |
| ELEC. /ELECTRON. ENGINEERS | 8,600 | 8, ${ }^{70}$ | 200 |
| MatErials Sci. Engineers. | 4,800 | 2,000 | 200 |
| MECHANICAL ENGIAEERS..... | 3,100 | 3,100 | * |
| NUCLEAR ENGINEERS........ | 1,500 | 2,500 | * |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ENGINEERS. | 2,507 | 2,4130 | 100 |
| OTAER EMGINEERS........... | 7,800 | 7,700 | 200 |

* TO FEH CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: INDUSTRY INCLUDES SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUALS.
SOURCE: RATIONAL SCIENCE FOUHDATION, SRS

TABLE B-19. DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS IN INDUSTRY BY FIELD AND RACTAL/ETHNIC GROUP: 1985

| FIELD |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { HIS- } \\ \text { EANIC(1) } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EMPLOYED | WHITE | BLACK | NATIVE AMERICAN | ASIAN |  |
| TOTAL..................... | 125,800 | 108,100 | 1,000 | 100 | 15,100 | 1,600 |
| SCIENIISTS................. | 87,900 | 78,900 | 700 | 100 | 7,200 | 1,100 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS. | 30,300 | 26,300 | 100 | * | 3,600 | 300 |
| camerists. | 24,100 | 20,900 | 100 | * | 2,800 | 300 |
| PHYSICISTS/ASTRONOMERS.. | 6,200 | 5,400 | * | * | 800 | * |
| MATHEMATICAL SCIENTISTS.. | 1,900 | 1,800 | * | * | 100 | * |
| matmematicians........... | 1,400 | 1,300 | * | * | 100 | * |
| Statisticians. . . . . . . . . | 500 | 500 | * | * | * | * |
| COPPUTER/IAPORMATION SPEC | 8,400 | 7,200 | * | * | 1,000 | 100 |
| ENVIROMMENTAL SCIENTISTS. | 5,300 | 4,700 | * | * | 40.3 | * |
| EARIH SCIENTISTS........ | 4,800 | 4,300 | * | * | 400 | * |
| OCEANOGRAPHERS. . . . . . . . | 200 | 200 | * | * | * | * |
| ATMOSPGERIC SCIENTISTS.. | 300 | 300 | * | * | 100 | * |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS.. | 19,200 | 17,100 | 100 | * | 1,600 | 200 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENTISTS... | 9,300 | 8,360 | * | $\star$ | 900 | 100 |
| AGRICULTURAI. SCIENTISTS. | 4,000 | 3,600 | * | * | 400 | 100 |
| MEDICAL SCIENTISTS...... | 5,800 | 5,300 | 100 | * | 300 | 100 |
| PSYCBOLOGISTS............. | 15,500 | 15,100 | 200 | * | 200 | 300 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS........ | 7,400 | 6,800 | 100 | * | 400 | 100 |
| ECUNCMISTS. | 3,000 | 2,700 | * | * | 200 | 100 |
| SOCIOLOEISTS/ANTERO. . . . | 1,100 | 1,000 | * | * | * | * |
| OTHER SJCIAL SCIENTISTS. | 3,300 | 3,000 | 100 | * | 100 | * |
| Engineers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 37,900 | 29,200 | 300 | + | 7,900 | 400 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGITEERS. . . . | 2,100 | 1,800 | * | * | 300 | * |
| CEEMICAL ENGINEERS. | 5,100 | 3,600 | 100 | * | 1,400 | * |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS.... | 2, 000 | 1,600 | 100 | * | 800 | * |
| ELEC. /ELECTRON. ENGINEERS | 8,0w0 | 6,700 | * | * | 1,700 | 100 |
| MATERIALS SCI. ENGINEERS. | 4,800 | 3,600 | * | * | 1,100 | * |
| MECEANIGAL ENGIKEERS..... | 3,100 | 2,300 | * | * | 800 | * |
| NuCLEAR EIGGINEERS........ | 1,500 | 1,100 | * | * | 300 | * |
| SYSTFMS DESIGN ENGINEERS | 2,500 | 2,200 | * | * | 300 | 100 |
| OTHFR ENGINEERS........... | 7,800 | 6,300 | 100 | * | 1,20. | 100 |

(1)HISPANICS INCLUDE MEMBERS OF ALL RACIAL GROUPS.

* TOO FEH CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NOE ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SIM CNCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT." INDUSTRY INCLUDES SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUALS.

SOURCE: RATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS
table b-20. DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS IN INDUSTRY BY FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK ACTIVITY: 1985


NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY MOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT." INDUSTRY INCLUDES SELF-EMPLOYED
INDIVIDUALS.

SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SR

TABLE B-21. DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS IN INDUSIA. BY FIELD AND AGE: 1985


* too FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NUT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT." INDUSTRY INCLUDES SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUALS.

SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, PRS

TABLE B-22. DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS IN 4-YEAR COLLEGES/ UNIVERSITIES BY FIELD AND SEX: 1985

| FIELD | TOTAL EMPLOYED | MEN | WOMEN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 202,000 | 170,300 | 31,700 |
| SCIENTISTS.................. | 180,500 | 149,300 | 31,200 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS. | 28,20 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 26,100 | 2,100 |
| CHEMISTS. | 15,00! | 13,400 | 1,600 |
| PHYSICISTS/ASTRONOMERS.. | 13,200 | 12,700 | 500 |
| MATHENALICAL SCIENIISTS.. | 13,000 | 11,900 | 1,100 |
| MATHEMATICIANS. . . . . . . . | 11,100 | 10,200 | 1,000 |
| STATISTICISN:. | 1,900 | 1,700 | 200 |
| COXPUTEI/INFORMATION SPEC | 5,100 | 4,700 | 500 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS. | 7,100 | 6,600 | 500 |
| EARTH SCIENTISTS........ | 5,000 | 4,700 | 300 |
| OCEANOGRAPHERS. | 1,200 | 1,000 | 100 |
| ATMOSPHERIC SCIENTISTS | 1,600 | 900 | 2:0 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS. | 61,800 | 48,900 | 12,900 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENTISTS... | 39,200 | 30,500 | 8,700 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCIENTISTS. | 8,500 | 8,000 | 400 |
| MEDICAL SCIENTISTS...... | 14,100 | 10,400 | 3,700 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS.... . . . . . . . | 21,500 | 15,300 | 6,200 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS........ | 43,800 | 35,800 | 8,000 |
| ECONOMISTS. | 11,600 | 10,700 | 1,000 |
| SOCIOLOGISTS/ANTHRO. | 10,000 | 7,100 | 2,900 |
| OTHER SOCIAL SCIENTISTS. | 22,100 | 18,000 | 4,100 |
| ENGINEERS. | 21,500 | 21,100 | 400 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS. | 700 | 700 | * |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS. | 1,700 | 1,700 | * |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS.. | 3,400 | 3,400 | * |
| ELEC./ELECTRON. ENGINEERS | 4,600 | 4,500 | 100 |
| Materials sci. ENGINEERS. | 1,800 | 1,800 | * |
| MECERANICAL ENGINEERS .. | 2,900 | 2,900 | * |
| NuCLEAR EngInEers........ | 500 | 500 | + |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ENGINEEELS. | 800 | 700 | * |
| OTHER ENGINEERS.... . . . . . | 5,000 | 4,900 | 100 |

* TOO FEN CASES TO ESTMMATE

SOURCE: NAIIOIALL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

TABLE B-23. DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS IN 4-YEAR COLLEGES/UNIVERSITIES BY FIELD AND RACIAL/ETHNIC GROUP: 1985

| FiELD | TOTAL |  | Native |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { HIS- } \\ \text { PANIC(1) } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EMPLOYED | WHITE | BLACK | AMERICAN | ASIAN |  |
| total.......... | 202,000 | 181,100 | 3,500 | 300 | 14,800 | 2,900 |
| SCIENTISTS. | 180,50'J | 163,100 | 3,400 | 200 | 11,900 | 2,600 |
| PHYSICAL SCIESTISTS.. | 28,200 | 25,100 | 300 | 100 | 2,300 | 400 |
| Chemists | 15,000 | 13,400 | 200 | * | 1,100 | 300 |
| PHYSICISTS/ASTRONOMERS. . | 13,200 | 11,700 | 100 | * | 1,200 | 100 |
| Mathematical scientists.. | 13,000 | 11,600 | 100 | * | 1,100 | 200 |
| MATHEMATICIANS. | 11,100 | 10,000 | 100 | * | 800 | 200 |
| STATISTICIANS. | 1,900 | 1,600 | * | * | 300 | * |
| COMPUTER/INFORMATION SPEC | 5,100 | 4,400 | * | * | 600 | 100 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS. | 7,100 | 6,600 | * | * | 400 | 100 |
| EARTH SCIENTISTS. | 5,000 | 4,600 | * | * | 300 | 100 |
| OCEANOGRAPHERS. | 1,200 | 1,100 | * | * | 100 | * |
| ATYOSPHERTC SCIENTISTS.. | 1,000 | 800 | * | * | 100 | * |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS. | 61,800 | 55,900 | 900 | * | 4,500 | 800 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENTISTS... | 39,200 | 35,301 | 600 | $\star$ | 3,000 | 500 |
| AGRICULTURAT SCIENTISTS. | 8,500 | 8,000 | 100 | * | 300 | 100 |
| MEDICAL SCIENTISTS...... | 14,100 | 12,500 | 300 | * | 1.200 | 200 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS. | 21,500 | 20,200 | 600 | * | 300 | 400 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS. | 43,800 | 39,300 | 1,300 | * | 2,700 | 603 |
| ECONOMISTS. | 11,600 | 10,300 | 200 | * | 1,000 | 200 |
| SOCIOLOGISTS/ANTHRO. | 10,000 | 9,200 | 300 | * | 400 | 200 |
| OTEER SOCIAL SCIENTISTS. | 22,100 | 19,800 | 800 | * | 1,300 | 300 |
| ENGINELMS. | 21,500 | 18,000 | 200 | 100 | 3,000 | 300 |
| AERn/ASTRO ENGINEERS. | 700 | 600 | * | * | 100 | * |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS. | 1,700 | 1,300 | * | * | 400 | 100 |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS. | 3,400 | 3, 200 | * | * | 300 | * |
| ELT ',/ELECTRON. ENGINEERS | 4,600 | 3,800 | * | * | 600 | 100 |
| Materialis sci. Engineers. | 1,800 | 1,500 | * | * | 300 | * |
| MECEANICAL ENGINEERS..... | 2,900 | 2,300 | 100 | * | 500 | * |
| NUCLEAR ENGINEEKS. | 500 | 500 | * | * | * | * |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ENGINEERS. | 800 | 700 | * | * | 100 | * |
| OTHER ENGIL..̇ERS.. | 5,000 | 4,300 | * | * | 700 | * |

(1) HISPANICS INCLUDE MEMBERS OF ALL RACIAL GKOUPS.

* TOO FEN CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPONENTS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" Ai "NO REPORT." SOIRCE: MATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

| FIELD | $\begin{array}{r} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { ERPLOYED } \end{array}$ | ...RESTOTAL | $\begin{gathered} \text { EARCH AND } \\ \text { BASIC } \\ \text { RE- } \\ \text { SEARCH } \end{gathered}$ | ```DEVELOPMENT. . . APPL'D RE- DEVEJ,- SEARCH ORMENT``` |  | . MANAGEMENI OR ADMIN. . |  |  |  |  | SALES | PROF. SERVICES | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PROD. } \\ & \text { \& RE- } \\ & \text { LATED } \\ & \text { ACT. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | rotal | $\begin{gathered} \text { OF } \\ \text { R\&D } \end{gathered}$ | GEN- <br> ERAL | TEACB- <br> ING |  |  |  |  |
| rotal. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 202,000 | 60,600 | 43,600 | 15,700 | 1,300 | 39,700 | 3,900 | 18,700 | 103,700 | 1,200 | 100 | 4,700 | 600 |
| SCIENTISTS. | 180,500 | 55,400 | 41.200 | 13,300 | 900 | 19,100 | 2,900 | 16,300 | 91,800 | 1,100 | 100 | 4,600 | 400 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS...... | 28,200 | 10,700 | 8,700 | 1,700 | 200 | ?,700 | 900 | 1,900 | 13,500 | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| CHEMISTS. | 15,000 | 5,100 | 4,600 | 400 | * | 1,100 | 200 | 900 | 8,100 | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| PHYSICISTS/ASTRONOMERS. . | 13,200 | 5,600 | 4,100 | 1,300 | 200 | 1,600 | 700 | 1,000 | 5,500 | * | * | * | * |
| Mathematical scientists.. | 13,000 | 2,400 | 2,100 | 300 | * | 1,200 | 100 | 1,100 | 8,900 | 100 | * | * | * |
| Mattematicians. | 11,100 | 2,100 | 1,900 | 200 | * | 1,000 | * | 1,000 | 7,600 | 100 | * | * | * |
| Statisticians. . . . . . . . . | 1,900 | 30 | 200 | 100 | * | 100 | * | 100 | 1,300 | 100 | * | * | * |
| COMPUTER/INFORMATION SPEC | 5,100 | 1,400 | 700 | 300 | 300 | 500 | 100 | 500 | 2,600 | 100 | * | 100 | 100 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS. | 7,100 | 2,700 | 1,900 | 700 | * | 900 | 400 | 600 | 3,200 | * | * | * | * |
| EARTE SCIENTISTS. | 5,000 | 1,300 | 1,000 | 300 | * | 600 | $\bigcirc 50$ | 400 | 2,800 | * | * | * | * |
| OCEANOGRAPHERS. . | 1,200 | 800 | 700 | * | * | 200 | 100 | 100 | 200 | * | * | * | * |
| ATMOSPHEPIC SCIENTISTS.. | 1,000 | 600 | 300 | 300 | * | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | * | * | $\star$ | * |
| LIEE SCIENTISTS. | 61,800 | 29,100 | 22,700 | 6,100 | 300 | 6,200 | 1,000 | 5,200 | 20,700 | 300 | * | 2,100 | 200 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENTISTS. | 39,200 | 20,000 | 18,100 | 1,800 | 100 | 2,900 | 400 | 2,500 | 14,000 | 200 | * | 400 | 200 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCIENTISTS. | 8,500 | 4,300 | 1,200 | 3,100 | * | 1,100 | 300 | 900 | 2,200 | 100 | * | 200 | * |
| MEDICAL SCIENTISTS. | 14,100 | 4,900 | 3,500 | 1,200 | 200 | 2,200 | 300 | 1,900 | 4,500 | 100 | * | 1,500 | 100 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS. | 21,500 | 3,600 | 2,100 | 1,400 | * | 2,400 | 100 | 2,300 | 12,000 | 300 | * | 2,100 | 100 |
| SOCTAL SCIENTISTS. | 43,800 | 5,500 | 2,900 | 2,600 | * | 5,100 | 300 | 4,800 | 30,800 | 200 | * | 200 | * |
| ECONOMISTS. | 11,50n | 2,300 | 800 | 1,500 | * | 1,200 | * | 1,200 | 7,600 | 100 | * | 200 | * |
| SOCIOLOGISTS/ANTHRO. | 10,000 | 1,300 | 1,000 | 300 |  | 800 | 100 | 700 | 7,300 | * | * | 170 | * |
| OTHER SOGIAL SCIENIISTS. | 22,100 | 1,900 | 1,100 | $\varepsilon 00$ | * | 3,100 | 200 | 2,900 | 15,900 | 100 | * | 100 | * |
| ENGINEERS. | 21,500 | 5,200 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 400 | 3,500 | 1,100 | 2,500 | 11,900 | 100 | * | 100 | 100 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS. | 700 | 300 | 100 | 100 | * | 100 | 100 | , | 300 | * | * | 100 | 100 |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS. | 1,700 | 600 | 300 | 200 | * | 200 | * | 200 | 900 | * | * | * | * |
| GIVIL ENGINEERS. | 3,400 | 600 | 300 | 300 | * | 600 | 100 | 500 | 2,200 | * | * | * | * |
| ELEC./ELECTRON. ENGINEERS | 4,600 | 800 | 400 | 300 | 100 | 800 | 200 | 600 | 2,900 | * | * | * | 100 |
| MATERIALS SCI. ENGINEERS. | 1,800 | 500 | 200 | 200 | 100 | 400 | 100 | 200 | 800 | * | * | * | 100 |
| MECHANICAL ENGINEERS. | 2,900 | 600 | 300 | ' 00 | * | 400 | 100 | 300 | 1,800 | * | * | * | * |
| NUCLEAR ENGINEERS. | 500 | 300 | * | 200 | * | 200 | 100 | * | 100 | * | * | * | * |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ENGINEERS. | 800 | 200 | 100 | * | * | 200 | 100 | 100 | 400 | * | * | * | * |
| OTHER ENGINEERS. . . . . | 5,000 | 1,500 | 600 | 800 | 100 | 900 | 300 | 600 | 2,400 | 100 | * | 100 | 100 |

## * TOO FEW CASES TO EStimate

note: components may not add to total because that sum includes "other" and "no report."
SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

TABLE B-25. DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS IN 4-YEAR COLLEGES/ UNIVERSITIES BY FIELD AND AGE: 1985


* TOO FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE

NOTE: COMPON"'TS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE THAT SUM INCLUDES "OTHER" AND "NO REPORT."

SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SR

TABLE B-26. pERCENT distribution or doctoral scientists and ingineers by field of employment and field of doctorate: 1975

| FIELD OR DOCTORATE | 1975 FIELD OP EPPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TOTAL |  |  |  | . Math. | SCIENTISTS.... |  | COMP/ | ENVIROMMENTAL |  | scientists |  |
|  | TOTAL | $\begin{gathered} \text { SCIEN- } \\ \text { TISTS } \end{gathered}$ | IOTAL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEES }- \\ & \text { ISTS } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CISTS/ } \\ & \text { ASTRON. } \end{aligned}$ | TOTAL | MATH. | Stat. | INFRM. spec. | total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EARTH } \\ & \text { SCI. } \end{aligned}$ | OCEAN. | ATMOS. SCI. |
| TOTAL | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100,0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.5 | 100.0 |
| SCIENTISTS, TOTAL | 82.9 | . 5.8 | 96.5 | 98.3 | 93.1 | 93.3 | 93.4 | 92.8 | 74.3 | 93.2 | 92.9 | 96.6 | 92.5 |
| PEYSICAL SCI. | 25.0 | 27.2 | 92.5 | 93.1 | 91.4 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 2.5 | 17.6 | 16.9 | 13.2 | 10.6 | 49.6 |
| CEI ISTS | 16.0 | 18.0 | 62.0 | 92.4 | 4.1 | . 7 | . 7 | 1.1 | 3,8 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 2.3 | 13.0 |
| PEYSICISTS/ASTRON. | 8.9 | 9.2 | 30.5 | . 8 | 37.3 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 1.4 | :3.9 | 9.3 | 5.6 | 2.3 | 36.7 |
| mathematical sci. | 5.5 | 6.3 | . 1 | * | . 4 | 86.9 | 87.9 | 80.0 | 30.8 | . 4 | . 3 | .f | . 9 |
| mathematicians | 5.0 | 5.7 | . 1 | * | . 4 | 79.1 | 86.4 | 29.3 | 29.3 | . 3 | . 2 |  | . 9 |
| Stati Sticians | . 5 | . 6 | * | * | . | 7.8 | 1.4 | 50.8 | 29.3 1.4 | . | . 2 | ${ }_{*}$ | * |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS | . 3 | . 4 | * | * | * | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | 21.9 | * | * | * | * |
| Environyental sci. | 3.2 | 3.7 | . 3 | . 2 | . 5 | * | * | * | . 5 | 62.8 |  |  |  |
| Earth Scientists | 2.6 | 3.0 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | * | * | * | . 2 | 62.8 50.8 | 65.8 62.3 | 62.2 | 41.2 3.3 |
| OCEANOGRAPHERS | . 3 | 4 | * | * | * | * | * | * | . 2 | 50.8 | 62.3 | 14.2 | 3.3 |
| ATMOSPHEPIC SCI. | . 3 | . 3 | . 1 | * | . 3 | * | * | * | . 3 | 6.4 5.5 | 1.9 1.6 | 46.0 2.0 | 37.4 |
| LIfE SCIENTISTS | 23.7 | 28.3 | 3.5 | 4.9 | . 7 | . 3 | . 2 | 1.3 | . 8 | 10.5 |  |  |  |
| BIOLOGICAL SCI. | 16.9 | 20.1 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 5 | . 2 | . 1 | 1.3 .5 | . 5 | 10.5 | 10.3 |  | * |
| AGRICULTURAL SCI. | 4.2 | 5.0 | . 4 | . 6 | * | . 1 | * | . 8 | . 3 | 8.5 1.5 | 7.7 2.0 | 23.1 | * |
| MEDICAL SCI. | 2.7 | 3.2 | . 3 | .4 | . 1 | . 1 | * | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | . 3 | 1.5 .5 | 2.0 .6 | * | * |
| PSYCBOLOGISTS | 10.9 | 13.0 | * | * | * | . 4 | . 3 | 1.4 | . 8 | $\pm$ | * | * | * |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS | 14.2 | 17.0 | * | . 1 | * | 1.5 | . 7 | 7.3 | 2.0 | 2.7 |  |  |  |
| ECONOMISTS | 4.8 | 5.7 | * | . 1 | * | 8 |  |  |  | 2.7 | 3.3 | * | . 8 |
| SOCIOLOGST/ ANTHRO. | 3.4 | 4.1 | * | . 1 | * | . 8 | . 5 | 3.1 | $\stackrel{.}{*}$ | . 3 | . 4 | * | * |
| OTHER SOCIAL SCI. | 6.0 | 7.2 | * | * | * | . 7 | . 2 | 4.2 | 1.0 | 2.2 | $\stackrel{.1}{2.8}$ | * | . 8 |
| ENGINEERS, TOTAL | 15.4 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 1.4 | 6.6 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 24.9 | 6.4 | 6.7 |  |  |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEER | . 7 | . 1 | . 3 | * | . 9 | . 3 | . 3 | 4. 5 | 24.9 1.4 | 6.4 .3 | 6.7 .2 | 2.7 | 7.5 .8 |
| CHPMICAL ENGINEERS | 2.5 | . 3 | . 6 | . 8 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | .6 | 2.7 | . 5 | . 7 | * | . 8 |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS | 1.5 | . 2 | . 1 | + | . 1 | . | 1 | . | 2.7 | . 8 | . 0 |  | * |
| ELEC. / ELECTRON. ENG. | 3.7 | . 7 | 1.0 | * | 2.8 | . 9 | .8 | 1.1 | 14.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | . 5 | 1.2 |
| Materials sci. eng. | 1.7 | . 2 | . 5 | 4 | . 6 | . | . | 1.1 | 14.3 | 1.4 | 1.3 | . 8 | 2.9 |
| mechanical eng. | 1.7 | . 1 | . 3 | * | .7 | 2 | 2 | * | . 6 | . 6 | 7 | * | * |
| nuclear eng. | . 3 |  | . | * | . 1 | . 2 | . ${ }^{*}$ | * | . 6 | . 5 | . 4 | * | 2.0 |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ELGG. | . 3 | . 1 | * | * | * |  |  | * | 6 | * | * | * | * |
| OTHER ENGINEERS | 2.8 | . 4 | . 5 | . 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | .9 | 4.6 | 13 | 1.4 | 1.4 | * |
| NON S/E, TOTAL | 1.8 | 2.0 | . 3 | . 3 | 3 | 3.1 | 3.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^33]TABLE S-26. PERCENI DISTRIBUTION OF DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGIMEERS BY FIELD OF EMPLOMMENT COATINUED AND FIELD OF DOCTORATE: 1975

## 1975 FIELD OF EMPLOMAENT

| FIELD OF DOCTORATE | .......life scientists........ |  |  |  |  | . ..... SOCIAL SCIENTISTS....... |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TOTAL | $\begin{gathered} \text { BIOL. } \\ \text { SCI. } \end{gathered}$ | AGRIC. SCI. | MEDICAL SCI. |  | TOTAL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ECON- } \\ & \text { OTISIS } \end{aligned}$ | sociol ANTBRO. | OTHER |
| TOTAL | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| SCIENTISTS, TOTAL | 98.8 | 99.0 | 99.2 | 97.9 | 90.4 | 98.1 | 98.8 | 98.2 | 97.5 |
| PEYSICAL SCI. | 6.3 | 6.1 | 3.0 | 9.7 | . 2 | . 6 | . 5 | * | . 8 |
| Chamsts | 5.3 | 5.1 | 2.7 | 8.2 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | * | . 2 |
| PEYSICISTS/ASTRON. | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 3 | 1.5 | . 1 | . 4 | . 4 | * | . 7 |
| matiematical sci. | . 5 | . 7 | * | . 2 | * | . 3 | . 2 | * | . 4 |
| maimmaticians | . 2 | . 3 | * | . 1 | * | . 2 | . 2 | * | . 4 |
| STATISTICLANS | . 3 | . 5 | * | . 1 | * | * | * | * | . 1 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | . 1 |
| Envirommental scr. | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 1 | * | . 1 | * | * | . 2 |
| EARTH SCIENTISTS | . 1 | . 1 | . 3 | . 1 | * | * | * | * | . 1 |
| OCEANOGRAPHERS | . 1 | . 1 | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ATHOSPHERIC SCI. | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | . 1 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS | 89.7 | 91.0 | 94.7 | 81.5 | . 4 | . 6 | . 5 | .4 | . 3 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCY. | 63.4 | 86.2 | 15.5 | 36.3 | . 3 | . 2 | * | . 2 | . 4 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCI. | 16.0 | 3.4 | 79.1 | 1.0 | * | . 3 | . 5 | . 2 | . 3 |
| MEDICAL SCI. | 10.2 | 1.5 | . 1 | 44.1 | . 1 | . 1 | * | * | . 2 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS | 1.2 | . 6 | * | 3.9 | 88.5 | 1.1 | . 1 | . 6 | 2.0 |
| Social scientists | 1.0 | . 3 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 95.4 | 97.5 | 97.2 | 93.2 |
| ECONOMSTS | . 3 | * | 1.2 | . 3 | . 1 | 32.2 | 95.8 | . 3 | 2.2 |
| SOCIOLOGST/ ANTHRO. | . 4 | . 2 | * | 1.4 | . 7 | 22.9 | * | 94.7 | 5.1 |
| OTHER SOCIAL SCI. | . 2 | . 1 | . 1 | . 8 | . 5 | 40.3 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 85.9 |
| ENGINEERS, TOTAL | . 8 | . 6 | . 6 | 1.5 | 1 | . 4 | . 5 | * | . 5 |
| Chemical emgineers | . 1 | * | . 2 | . 2 | * | . 1 | . 3 | * | * |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS | * | * | * | * | * | 1 | . 1 | * | . 2 |
| ELEC./ELECTRON. Eng. | . 1 | * | . 1 | . 2 | * | . 1 | * | * | . 3 |
| materials sci. eng. | * | * | * | . 1 | * | * | * | * | * |
| mechanical eng. | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | * | * | * | * | * |
| nuclear zng. | * | * | * | . 1 | * | * | . 1 | * | * |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ENG. | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| OTEER FNGINEERS | . 4 | . 4 | . 2 | . 7 | . 1 | * | . 1 | * | * |
| NON S/E, TOTAL | . 4 | . 4 | . 2 | . 6 | 9.5 | 1.6 | . 7 | 1.8 | 2.1 |

[^34]table b-26. percent distribution of doctoicu scientists and engineers by field of tiploment and COHIINUED FIELD OP DOCTORATE: 1975

1975 FIELD OF EMPLOYMENT

| FIELD OF DOCTORATE | AERO/ |  |  | EEEC. 1 |  | mat'ls |  |  | SYSTEMS | OTER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TOTAL | ASTRO | chear | civil | ELECIRN | SCI | MECH | JuClear | idesign | ENGIM |
| total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100 ) | 10 n .0 |
| SCIENTISTS, TOTAL | 17.6 | 14.0 | 10.7 | 8.1 | 15.3 | 19.7 | 3.0 | 35.2 | 35.8 | 25.4 |
| PHYSICAL SCI. | 13.9 | 9.8 | 10.4 | 4.6 | 12.8 | 18.4 | 2.2 | 33.5 | 16.9 | 19.9 |
| Cherists | 6.0 | 2.0 | 9.7 | 4.3 | 2.7 | 12.3 | . 2 | 7.3 | 4.6 | 7.9 |
| PEYSICISTS/ASTRON. | 7.9 | 7.8 | . 7 | . 3 | 1 n .1 | 6.1 | 2.0 | 26.1 | 12.2 | 12.1 |
| mathematical sci. | 1.5 | 3.2 | . 1 | . 5 | 1.0 | . 1 | . 4 | 1.3 | 12.0 | 1.3 |
| Mathematicians | 1.4 | 3.1 | . 1 | . 5 | 1.0 | . 1 | . 4 | 1.3 | 12.2 | 1.3 |
| Statisticians | . 1 | . 1 | * | * | * | * | * | , | . 9 | . |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS | . 1 | * | * | * | . 4 | * | . 1 | * | * | . 2 |
| Environmental sci. | . 5 | * | * | 1.2 | . 2 | . 5 | * | * |  | 1.2 |
| EARTH SCIENTISTS | . 5 | * | * | 1.2 | . 2 | . 5 | * | * |  | 1.2 |
| ATMOSPHERIC SCI. | * | * | * | * | . | . | * | * | . 5 | 1.2 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS | . 9 | . 7 | . 2 | . 9 | . 4 | . 7 | . 1 | . 5 | . 9 | 2.1 |
| BXOLOGICAL SCI. | . 6 | . 5 | . 2 | . 5 | . 4 | .4 | . 1 | . 5 | . 6 | 1.5 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCI. | . 1 | . 2 | * | . 2 | * | . 1 | * | . | . 6 | . 4 |
| MEDICAL SCI. | .1 | * | * | . 2 | * | . 2 | * | * | . 2 | . 1 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS | . 2 | * | * | * | . 3 | * | * | * | 1.6 | . 1 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS | . 5 | . 3 | * | . 9 | . 3 | * | . 2 | * | 3.7 | . 6 |
| ECONOMISTS | . 2 | . 3 | * | . 3 | . 1 | * | . 2 | * | 2.5 | . 1 |
| SOCIOLOGST/ANTERO. | * | * | * | . 3 | * | * | * | * | 2.5 | . 1 |
| jther social sci. | . 3 | * | * | . 3 | . 2 | * | . 2 | * | 1.2 | . 5 |
| ENGINEERS, TOTAL | 82.1 | 85.7 | 89.2 | 91.8 | 84.5 | 80.3 | 96.9 | 64.5 | 62.9 | 74.0 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEER | 3.7 | 48.1 | * | . 3 | . 4 | * | 6.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 7.0 2.6 |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS | 13.8 | 1.3 | 86.0 | 3.0 | . 2 | 3.7 | 1.0 | 10.4 | 5.5 | 5.5 |
| CYVIL ENGEINEERS | 8.5 | 2.9 | . 2 | 79.2 | + | . 4 | 2.2 | 10. | 2.0 | 4.0 |
| ELEC. IELECTRON. ENG. | 19.3 | 7.1 | * | * | 76.9 | 1.1 | . 4 | . 7 | 20.2 | 9.0 |
| Materials sci. eng. | 9.3 | * | . 3 | . 6 | 1.1 | 71.1 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 20.2 | 3.3 |
| HECRANICAI. ENG. | 9.5 | 9.2 | . 5 | . 7 | . 5 | . 6 | 71.0 | 6.1 | 2.0 | 7.2 |
| nuclear I 6. | 1.8 | . 7 | . 4 | . 3 | * | .1 | . 6 | 36.5 | 2.0 | . 8 |
| SYSTEMS D SİG ENG. | 1.4 | 1.5 | * | . 7 | . 8 | . | . | 36.5 | 18.2 | . 1 |
| OTHER ENGINEERS | 14.8 | 14.8 | 1.8 | 7.0 | 4.5 | 3.3 | 13.8 | 7.8 | 12.8 | 41.4 |
| NON S/E,TOTAL | . 3 | . 3 | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | * | . 1 | . 2 | 1.3 | . 6 |

## * TOO FEN CASES to Estimate

SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIEMCE FOUBDATION, SRS

TABLE B-27. PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD OF EMPLOMENT AND FIELD OF DOCTORATE: 1985

| FIELD OF DOCTORAIE | 1985 FIELD OE EMPLOYMENT PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS ...MATH. SCIENTISTS. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | total |  |  | PEYSI- |  |  |  | COMP/ |  |  |  |  |
|  | TOTAL | $\begin{gathered} \text { SCIEN- } \\ \text { TISTS } \end{gathered}$ | TOTAL | $\begin{gathered} \text { CHEM- } \\ \text { ISTS } \end{gathered}$ | CISTS/ ASTRON. | TOTAL | Math. | Stat. | INFRM. SPEC. | TOTAL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EARTH } \\ & \text { SCI. } \end{aligned}$ | OCEAN. | atmos. scI. |
| total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| SCIENTISTS, TOTAL | 83.0 | 95.4 | 97.5 | 99.1 | 94.5 | 93.9 | 93.3 | 96.6 | 72.4 | 92.6 | 92.0 | 95.0 | 93.8 |
| PEYSICAL SCI. | 20.4 | 21.8 | 91.9 | 92.2 | 91.3 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 17.1 | 12.3 | 11.0 | 3.8 | 28.1 |
| CHEMISTS | 12.7 | 14.3 | 60.7 | 91.8 | 3.4 | . 6 | . 7 | * | 6.6 | 6.1 | 6.0 | . 3 | 11.7 |
| PEYSICISIS/ASTRON. | 7.6 | 7.5 | 31.1 | . 3 | 87.8 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 10.5 | 6.2 | 5.0 | 3.5 | 16.3 |
| mathematical sci. | 4.9 | 5.5 | . 2 | * | . 4 | 86.5 | 87.5 | 81.9 | 18.1 | . 5 | .4 | . 7 | . 8 |
| MATHEMATICIANS | 4.4 | 4.9 | . 2 | * | . 4 | 77.8 | 86.3 | 36.2 | 17.1 | . 5 | . 4 | . 6 | . 8 |
| STATISTICIANS | . 5 | . 6 | * | * | * | 8.7 | 1.3 | 45.7 | 1.1 | * | * | . 1 | * |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS | . 8 | . 8 | * | * | * | . 2 | . 3 | * | 18.2 | * | * | * | * |
| ENVIROMMENTAL SCI. | 3.3 | 3.8 | . 6 | . 4 | 1.1 | . 2 | . 3 | * | . 9 | 65.8 | 6 6.5 | 69.3 | 58.7 |
| EARTH SCIENTISTS | 2.4 | 2.8 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 1 | . 1 | * | . 5 | 49.8 | 63.1 | 10.4 | 3.4 |
| OCEANOGRAPHERS | . 5 | . 5 | . 1 | * | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | * | . 1 | 8.5 | 2.6 | 56.8 | . 9 |
| ATMOSPHERIC SCI. | . 4 | . 5 | . 2 | * | . 7 | * | * | * | . 3 | 7.5 | . 8 | 2.1 | 54.4 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS | 24.3 | 28.7 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 1.8 | 1.5 | . 7 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 18.9 | 3.0 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCI. | 16.4 | 19.5 | 3.8 | 5.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | . 6 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 16.3 | 1.5 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCI. | 3.9 | 4.6 | . 5 | . 7 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 5 | . 8 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 1.5 |
| MEDICAL SCI. | 3.9 | 4.6 | . 6 | . 7 | .4 | * | * | * | .4 | . 3 | . 4 | . 3 |  |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS | 13.6 | 16.1 | * | . 1 | * | .4 | . 1 | 2.2 | 6.7 | . 1 | * | . 7 | * |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS | 15.8 | 18.8 | . 1 | . 1 | * | 1.7 | 1.0 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 3.2 |
| ECONOMISTS | 4.6 | 5.5 | * | * | * | . 9 | . 8 | 1.8 | 1.0 | . 1 | . 1 | * | * |
| -SOCIOLOGST/ANTHRO. | 4.1 | 4.9 | * | . 1 | * | * | * | * | 1.7 | . 5 | . 6 | * | * |
| Other social sci. | 7.1 | 8.4 | * | * | * | . 8 | . 2 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 3.2 |
| ENGINEERS, TOTAL | 15.0 | 2.2 | 2.3 | . 8 | 5.1 | 2.8 | 3.3 | . 1 | 19.0 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 3.7 | 5.2 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEER | . 8 | . 2 | . 3 | * | . 8 | . 3 | . 3 | * | 1.5 | . 3 | . 3 | * | * |
| Chemical engineers | 2.3 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | * | . 1 | . 2 | * | 1.3 | * | * | * | * |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS | 1.9 | . 3 | . 1 | * | . 3 | * | * | * | 1.3 | 2.8 | 2.9 | . 2 | 4.5 |
| ELEC./Electron. Eng. | 3.2 | . 6 | . 4 | * | 1.2 | * | * | * | 7.2 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 2.8 | . 7 |
| Materials sci. Eng. | 1.4 | . 1 | . 4 | . 3 | . 5 | * | * | * | . 4 | . 1 | . 1 | * |  |
| mechanical eng. | 1.6 | . 1 | . 1 | * | . 2 | . 1 | . 2 | * | . 2 | . 5 | . 3 | 1.7 | * |
| NuCLEAR ENG. | . 5 | . 1 | . 3 | * | .9 | * | * | * | . 2 | . 1 | . 1 | * | * |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ENG. | . 4 | . 2 | * | * | * | 2.2 | 2.5 | . 1 | 1.5 | . 1 | 2 | * | * |
| OTHER ENGINEERS | 2.7 | . 5 | . 5 | . 2 | 1.2 | . 1 | . 1 | * | 5.4 | 1.5 | 2.0 | * | * |
| SON S/E,TOTAL | 2.1 | 2.4 | . 2 | . 1 | . 3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 8.6 | . 5 | . 3 | 1.3 | 1.0 |

TABLE B-27. PERCENI DISTRIBUIION OR DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINSERS BY FIELD OF EMPLOYMENT CONTINUED AND FIELD OF DOCTORATE: 1985

1985 FIELD OF EMPLOMMENT

| FIELD OF DOCTORATE | ....... .LIPE SCIENTISTS. ....... |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { PSY- } \\ \text { CHOL- } \\ \text { OGISTS } \end{array}$ | ...... SOCIAL SCIENTISTS....... |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TOTAL | BIOL. SCI. | AGRIC. SCI. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MEDICAL } \\ & \text { SCI. } \end{aligned}$ |  | TOTAL |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { SOCIOI } \\ \text { ANTERO. } \end{gathered}$ | OTEER |
| TOTAL | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| SCIENTISTS, TOTAL | 98.4 | 99.1 | 98.4 | 96.6 | 95.7 | 94.9 | 99.0 | 98.5 | 91.3 |
| PEYSICAL SCI. | 5.3 | 5.0 | 2.2 | 7.6 | . 1 | . 4 | . 4 | * | . 6 |
| CEEMISTS | 4.5 | 4.4 | 2.1 | 6.2 | * | . 3 | . 4 | * | . 3 |
| PEYSICISTS/ASTRON. | . 7 | . 6 | . 1 | 1.3 | . 1 | . 2 | * | * | . 3 |
| MATEEMATICAL SCI. | . 7 | 1.0 | * | . 4 | * | . 4 | . 4 | * | . 5 |
| MATEEMATICIANS | . 3 | . 4 | * | . 3 | * | . 3 | . 4 | * | . 4 |
| STATISTICIANS | . 4 | . 6 | * | . 2 | * | . 1 | * | * | . 1 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS | * | * | * | . 1 | * | * | * | * | * |
| ENVIROMMENTAL SCI. | . 5 | . 4 | 1.1 | . 4 | * | . 2 | . 1 | * | . 3 |
| EARTH SCIENTISTS | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | * | . 2 | . 1 | * | . 3 |
| OGEANOGRAPHERS | . 2 | . 2 | . 7 | * | * |  | * | * | . |
| ATMOSPEERIC SCI. | * | * | * | . 1 | * | * | * | * | * |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS | 87.6 | 90.2 | S3.3 | 78.2 | . 5 | . 8 | . 7 | . 2 | 1.1 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCI. | 59.0 | 82.4 | 16.0 | 31.3 | . 2 | . 2 | . 1 | * | . 4 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCI. | 14.2 | 3.8 | 76.9 | 1.0 | * | . 3 | . 5 | . 1 | . 2 |
| MEDICAL SCI. | 14.3 | 4.0 | . 4 | 45.9 | . 2 | . 3 | . 1 | . 1 | .4 |
| PSYCEOLOGISTS | 2.6 | 2.0 | * | 5.3 | 94.1 | 1.6 | . 3 | . 5 | 2.7 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS | 1.8 | . 5 | 1.9 | 4.7 | 1.0 | 91.6 | 97.1 | 97.8 | 86.2 |
| ECONOMLSTS | . 3 | . 1 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 1 | 27.8 | 95.3 | . 2 | 2.1 |
| SOCIOLOGST/ANTERO. | 1.0 | . 3 | . 2 | 3.1 | . 4 | 22.9 | . 2 | 95.0 | 7.6 |
| OTHER SOCIAL SCI. | . 4 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.4 | . 5 | 40.9 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 76.5 |
| ENGINEERS, TOTAL | 1.0 | . 7 | . 7 | 1.8 | * | . 2 | 3 | * | 2 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEER | * | * | * | . 1 | * | * | * | * | 2 |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS | . 2 | . 1 | . 1 | . 3 | * | . 1 | * | * | 1 |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS | . 1 | . 1 | * | . 1 | * | . 1 | . 1 | * | 1 |
| ELEC. /ELECTRON. ENG. | . 2 | . 3 | * | . 2 | * | * | . 1 | * | * |
| MATERIALS SCI. ENG. | . 1 | * | . 1 | . 3 | * | * | * | * | * |
| MECHANICAL ENG. | . 1 | * | * | . 2 | * | * | * | * | * |
| NUCLEAR ENG. | . 1 | * | * | . 3 | * | $\star$ | * | * | * |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ENG. | * | * | . 2 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| OTHER ENGINEERS | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | * | * | * | * | * |
| NON S/E,TOTAL | . 7 | . 2 | . 9 | 1.5 | 4.3 | 4.9 | . 7 | 1.5 | 8.5 |

TABLE B-27. PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD OF EMPLOMMENT AND CONTIMUED FIELD OF DOCTORATE: 1985

1985 FIELD OF EMPLOYMENT

| FIELD OF DOGTORATE | AERO/ |  |  | ELEC. 1 |  | mat'LS |  |  | SYSTEYS | OTEER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | total | ASTRO | Chima | CIVIL | ELECIRN | SCI | MECA | nuclear | DESIGN | ENGIN |
| total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| SCIENTISTS, TOTAL | 19.7 | 20.9 | 6.9 | 4.8 | 21.8 | 26.2 | 5.0 | 18.0 | 46.2 | 27.2 |
| fgysical sci. | 13.2 | 10.6 | 5.3 | . 9 | 12.9 | 24.3 | 3.4 | 17.3 | 23.0 | 18.6 |
| CHEMISTS | 4.7 | 2.8 | 5.2 | . 9 | 2.7 | 15.8 | . 3 | 5.6 | 1.8 | 5.4 |
| PHYSICISTS/ASTRON. | 8.5 | 7.8 | 1.1 | * | 10.2 | 8.5 | 3.1 | 11.7 | 21.2 | 13.9 |
| mathematical sci. | 1.9 | 5.0 | * | * | 2.9 | * | . 8 | * | 10.5 | 1.7 |
| mathematicians | 1.8 | 4.6 | * | * | 2.8 | * | . 8 | * | 10.3 | 1.4 |
| STATISTICIANS | . 1 | . 4 | * | * | . 1 | * | * | * | . 2 | . 3 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS | . 5 | . 4 | * | * | 1.6 | * | * | * | 1.4 | . 1 |
| ENUIROMMENTAL SCI. | . 9 | 1.5 | . 4 | . 7 | . 6 | . 8 | . 4 | * | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| Earth scientists | . 6 | . 2 | . 4 | . 7 | . 3 | . 8 | . 3 | * | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| OCEANOGRAPHERS | . 1 | . 1 | * | * | . 2 | * | * | * | * | . 3 |
| ATMOSFHERIC SCI. | . 2 | 1.2 | * | * | . 1 | * | . 1 | * | . 2 | . 2 |
| LIfe scienlists | 1.7 | 1.0 | . 2 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.0 | . 3 | . 6 | 1.6 | 3.3 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCX. | 1.1 | . 2 | . 1 | 2.0 | 1.3 | . 3 | * | . 6 | 1.1 | 2.1 |
| AGRICULTURAL SCI. | . 4 | . 5 | * | . 2 | * | . 7 | . 3 | * | . 5 | . 9 |
| medical Sci. | . 2 | . 3 | . 1 | . 6 | . 3 | * | * | * | * | . 3 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS | . 8 | . 4 | * | * | 1.4 | * | * | * | 3.4 | 1.4 |
| SOCINL SCIENTISTS | . 7 | 2.0 | * | . 3 | . 7 | * | * | * | 5.1 | . 4 |
| ECONOMSTS | . 1 | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | 1.4 | . 1 |
| SOCIOLOGST/ANTHRO. | . 1 | * | * | * | . 2 | * | * | * | * | . 1 |
| OTHER SOCIAL SCI. | . 5 | 2.0 | * | . 3 | . 5 | * | * | * | 3.6 | . 1 |
| ENG INEERS, TOTAL | 80.1 | 78.9 | 93.1 | 95.0 | 77.8 | 73.8 | 95.0 | 82.0 | 52.6 | 72.4 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEER | 4.0 | 44.1 | . 2 | . 7 | . 8 | * | 6.7 | 4.3 | * | 1.6 |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS | 13.3 | 3.6 | 88.2 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 8.0 | . 7 | 5.9 | 1.3 | 8.5 |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS | 10.3 | 3.1 | . 9 | 83.7 | . 4 | * | 2.5 | . 1 | 2.1 | 6.8 |
| ELEC./ELECTRON. ENG. | 16.9 | 7.2 | * | * | 64.1 | 1.5 | * | 3.6 | 15.8 | 6.4 |
| MATERIALS SCI. ENG. | 8.0 | * | 1.9 | * | 2.0 | 59.7 | 2.0 | * | * | 2.9 |
| mechanical eng. | 9.4 | 6.6 | * | . 4 | . 8 | . 9 | 65.7 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 7.0 |
| nuclear eng. | 2.8 | . 6 | . 3 | * | . 3 | . 8 | . 9 | 58.4 | 2.9 | . 8 |
| SYSTEMS DESIGN ENG. | 1.6 | 2.8 | * | . 4 | 1.0 | * | * | . 1 | 19.3 | . 6 |
| OTHER ENGINEERS | 13.8 | 10.9 | 1.6 | 8.6 | 6.8 | 3.0 | 16.6 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 37.8 |
| NON S/E, Total | . 3 | . 2 | * | . 2 | . 4 | * | * | * | 1.2 | . 4 |

## * TOO FEW Cases to estimate

SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

TABLE B-28. MEDIAN ANNUAL SALARIES OF DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND SECTOR OF EMPLOMMENT: 1975 AND 1985

| FIELD AND YEAR | TOTAL | ...IND <br> TOTAL | USTRY. . . SELFEMPL | 4-YEAR COLL/ UNIV |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FED- } \\ & \text { ERAL } \\ & \text { GOV'T } \end{aligned}$ | STATE/ LOCAL GOV'T |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All FiEldS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | \$23,200 | \$26,000 | \$30,500 | \$21,500 | \$21,800 | \$24,400 | \$26,300 | \$21,500 |
| 1985. | 44,800 | 52,000 | 50,600 | 40,800 | 37,800 | 43,900 | 48,400 | 36,000 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 22,600 | 20,000 | 30,500 | 21,100 | 21,800 | 24,000 | 26,200 | 21,500 |
| 1985. | 42,500 | 50,500 | 50,400 | 40,000 | 37,700 | 40,500 | 47,900 | 35,800 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 23,900 | 25,900 | 24,100 | 21,400 | 22,600 | 23,900 | 26,000 | 19,000 |
| 1985..... . . . . . . . . . . . . | 47,000 | 51,100 | 44,900 | 41,700 | 46,000 | 45,600 | 49,600 | 35,600 |
| Math Scientists |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975..... . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2i,200 | 25,600 | $\star$ | 20,600 | ** | 25,800 | 27,600 | * |
| 1985..................... | 42,100 | 50,200 | ** | 40,600 | ** | 36,800 | 48,100 | ** |
| COMIFUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 23,400 | 24,000 | ** | 22,700 | ** | ** | 24,900 | ** |
| 1985.................... | 46,000 | 48,700 | 60,900 | 44,000 | ** | 47,300 | 50,500 | 33,200 |
| ENVIROMEENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 23,500 | 26,200 | 25,500 | 21,200 | ** | 23,400 | 27,500 | 19,600 |
| 1985. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 46,600 | 54,400 | 55,200 | 40,900 | ** | 46,200 | 50,000 | 36,100 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 22,200 | 25,400 | 35,400 | 21,000 | 24,000 | 22,600 | 25,300 | 21,000 |
| 1985. | 41,700 | 49,200 | 50,100 | 40,000 | 41,500 | 40,400 | 46,600 | 41,200 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 22,100 | 30,500 | 30,800 | 20,900 | 21,300 | 24,200 | 26,8C0 | 21,500 |
| 1985.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 39,500 | 50,500 | 50,700 | 37,400 | 35,900 | 32,400 | 44,100 | 32,400 |
| SOCIAL SGIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 22,200 | 28,600 | 26,200 | 21,200 | ** | 25,700 | 28,800 | 25,900 |
| 1985................... | 40,500 | 50,600 | 42,600 | 39,000 | ** | 38,400 | 48,200 | 36,400 |
| ENGI NEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 25,200 | 26,100 | 30,600 | 23,600 | ** | 25,900 | 26,700 | 21,100 |
| 1985.... . . . . . . . . . . . . | 52,400 | 55,200 | 69,200 | 48,600 | ** | 55,900 | 50,800 | 40,600 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 25,200 | 25,900 | ** | 24,100 | ** | ** | 24,90C | ** |
| 1985.. | 53,800 | 56,600 | ** | 53,100 | ** | ** | 51,800 | ** |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 26,400 | 27,300 | ** | 24,700 | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| 1985. | 55,700 | 58,600 | ** | 48,100 | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 22,900 | 24,300 | ** | 22,600 | ** | ** | 23,400 | 20,500 |
| 1985. | 48,500 | 50,400 | ** | 47,100 | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| ELEC. /ELECTRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 25,000 | 25,900 | ** | 23,800 | ** | ** | 23,500 | ** |
| 1985.... . . . . . . . . . . . . | 55,100 | 58,500 | ** | 49,700 | ** | ** | 54,600 | ** |
| MECHANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 23,800 | 24,500 | ** | 22,700 | ** | ** | 26,400 | ** |
| 1985. ...... . . . . . . . . . . | 51,100 | 53,400 | ** | 46,900 | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 25,700 | 26,306 | 30,900 | 23,800 | ** | 26,500 | 29,300 | ** |
| 1985..................... | 52,300 | 54,600 | 60,600 | 49,900 | ** | 57,100 | 50,400 | ** |

**NO MEDIAN COMPUTED FOR GROUPS HITH FEWER TEAN 20 INDIVIDUALS REPORTING SALARY
NOTE: MEDIANS COMPUTED FOR FULL-TIME EMPLOYED CIVILIANS ONLY.
SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

TABLE B-29: MEDIAN ANNUAL SALARIES OF DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND PRIMARY WORK ACTIVITY: 1975 AND 1985

| FIELD AND YEAR | TOTAL | R\&D | MGMT. OF R\&D |  | TEACHING |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALI FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | \$23,200 | \$23,000 | \$30,100 | \$28,600 | \$20,600 | \$25,500 |
| 1985.................... | 44,800 | 45,400 | 60,300 | 50,900 | 39,200 | 50,600 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 22,600 | 22,700 | 30,000 | 28,000 | 20,300 | 25,400 |
| 1985................... | 42,500 | 43,600 | 58,300 | 49,100 | 37,500 | 49,300 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 23,900 | 23,700 | 30,400 | 29,400 | 20,300 | 27,500 |
| 1985................... | 47,000 | 46,600 | 60,600 | 56,500 | 39,000 | 58,300 |
| MATE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 21,200 | 22,700 | 31,400 | 27,100 | 19,900 | 25,600 |
| 1985.................... | 42,100 | 45,000 | 58,300 | 49,300 | 38,900 | 45,900 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 23,400 | 23,000 | 30,600 | 27,400 | 22,100 | ** |
| 1985................... | 46,000 | 46,200 | 59,500 | 50,600 | 42,100 | 50,300 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 23,500 | 23,300 | 29,600 | 28,800 | 20,300 | 25,100 |
| 1985.................... | 46,600 | 45,700 | 57,000 | 55,800 | 39,400 | 51,500 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 22,200 | 21,600 | 29,900 | 28,200 | 20,300 | 20,900 |
| 1985.................... | 41,700 | 40,500 | 57,700 | 50,200 | 37,400 | 45,500 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 22,100 | 22,500 | 26,800 | 25,400 | 20,200 | 23,900 |
| 1985................... | 39,500 | 39,700 | 50,800 | 43,300 | 36,700 | 44,100 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 22,200 | 22,800 | 29,100 | 30,400 | 20,400 | 30,500 |
| 1985................... | 40,500 | 42,500 | 51,400 | 47,800 | 36,800 | 48,800 |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 25,200 | 23,800 | 30,400 | 30,700 | 22,900 | 25,600 |
| 1985................... | 52,400 | 50,300 | 62,300 | 65,200 | 47,100 | 55,800 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 25,200 | 23,700 | 32,400 | ** | 24,500 | ** |
| 1985................... | 53,800 | 50,000 | 62,200 | ** | ** | ** |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 26,400 | 25,000 | 30,300 | 33,100 | 23,400 | ** |
| 1985.................. . . | 55,700 | 50,700 | 61,100 | 75,500 | 47,000 | ** |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... . | 22,900 | 21,700 | 26,700 | 28,200 | 22,000 | 24,100 |
| 1985................... | 48,500 | 50,100 | ** | 67,400 | 43,300 | 50,700 |
| ELEC./ELECTRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 25,000 | 24,000 | 30,900 | 32,600 | 22,900 | ** |
| 1985. . | 55,100 | 52,400 | 68,500 | 65,800 | 47,400 | ** |
| MECHANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 23,800 | 22,500 | 27,600 | 27,400 | 22,500 | ** |
| 1985................... | 51,100 | 49,700 | 60,600 | ** | 46,200 | ** |
| OTHER EHGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... . | 25,700 | 23,800 | 30,600 | 30,800 | 23,400 | 26,600 |
| 1985................... | 52,300 | 49,600 | 61,500 | 58,900 | 48,500 | 60,200 |

**NO MEDIAN COMPUZED FOR GROUPS WITH FEWER THAN 20 INDIVIDUALS REPORTING SALARY NOTE: MEDIANS COMPUTED FOR FULL-TIME EMPLOYED CIVILIANS ONLY.

SOURCE: NATIONAS SCIENCE FOUML. * SRS

| FIELD AND YEAR | TOTAL | R\&D | MGKT. OF R\&D | GENERAL MGMT. | TEACHING | CON-SULTING |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | \$26,000 | \$24,000 | \$30,400 | \$32,000 | ** | \$25,800 |
| 1985. | 52,000 | 48,700 | 62,500 | 69,300 | 57,600 | 53,700 |
| SCIENTİSTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 26,000 | 23,900 | 30,300 | 32,200 | ** | 26,300 |
| 1985................... | 50,500 | 47,100 | 60,900 | 66,600 | 45,700 | 50,900 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 25,900 | 24,000 | 30,200 | 32,500 | ** | 28,400 |
| 1985. | 51,100 | 48,200 | 61,100 | 75,700 | ** | 60,000 |
| MATH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 25.600 | 24,400 | 32,500 | ** | ** | ** |
| 1985. | 50,200 | 48,100 | ** | ** | ** | 52,700 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 24,000 | 23,100 | 30,200 | ** | ** | ** |
| 1985. ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | 48,700 | 47,400 | 63,300 | 55,500 | ** | 50,600 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 26,200 | 25,300 | 30,300 | 30,200 | ** | 25,400 |
| 1985. | 54,400 | 50,800 | 60,900 | 82,200 | ** | 54,600 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 25,400 | 22,700 | 30,300 | 28,700 | ** | 20,900 |
| 1985. | 49,200 | 42,900 | 62,700 | 55,900 | ** | 50,100 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 30,500 | 24,500 | 34,400 | 42,000 | ** | 30,400 |
| 1985. | 50,500 | 46,500 | ** | 60,700 | ** | 54,500 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.......... | 28,600 | 24,000 | 32,000 | 36,800 | ** | 30,800 |
| 1985.................... | 50,600 | 50,300 | ** | 65,400 | ** | 50,900 |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 26,100 | 24,200 | 30,600 | 31,800 | ** | 25,600 |
| 1985. | 55,200 | 50,500 | 64,800 | 70,800 | ** | 58,200 |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 25,900 | 23,300 | 32,300 | ** | ** | ** |
| 1985. | 56,600 | 49,400 | 64,300 | ** | ** | ** |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 27,300 | 25,100 | 30,500 | 35,300 | ** | ** |
| 1985.... ............... | 58,600 | 50,900 | 60,900 | ** | ** | ** |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 24,300 | 21,800 | ** | 30,600 | ** | 24,000 |
| 1985. | 50,400 | 50,200 | ** | ** | ** | 52,100 |
| ELEC./ELECTRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 25,900 | 24,400 | 32,100 | 30,800 | ** | ** |
| 1985.................... | 58,500 | 53,200 | 70,200 | 75,400 | ** | ** |
| MECHANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975..... . . . . . . . . . . . | 24,500 | 22,700 | 27,100 | ** | ** | ** |
| 1985..................... | 53,400 | 50,900 | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 26,300 | 24,200 | 30,600 | 31,600 | ** | 25,900 |
| 1985.................... | 54,600 | 49,900 | 62,600 | 59,500 | ** | 60,400 |

**NO MEDIAN COMPUTED FOR GROUPS WITH FEWER THAN 20 Imdividuals REPORTIGG SALARy note: medians computed for full-time employed civilians only.
source: national science foundation, sRS
table b-31. median annual salaries or docitoral scientists and engineers in 4-YEAR COLLEGES/UNIVERSITIES BY FIELD AND PRIMARY WORX ACTIVITY: 1975 AND 1985

| FIELD AND YEAR | TOTAL | R\&D | MGMT. <br> OF <br> R\&D | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GEN- } \\ & \text { ERAL } \\ & \text { MG:TT } \end{aligned}$ | TEACHING | $\begin{array}{r} \text { CON- } \\ \text { SULT- } \\ \text { ING } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | \$21,500 | \$21,200 | \$28,100 | \$27,800 | \$20,600 | \$23,500 |
| 1985. | 40,800 | 41,400 | 56,300 | 50,300 | 39,300 | 38,500 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 21,100 | 20,900 | 27,700 | 27,500 | 20,400 | 23,700 |
| 1985.................... | 40,000 | 40,600 | 55,900 | 48,800 | 37,700 | 38,200 |
| PEYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 21,400 | 22,000 | 29,300 | 27,200 | 20,600 | ** |
| 1985. | 41,700 | 44,900 | 60,600 | 53,200 | 39,200 | ** |
| MATH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 20,600 | 20,800 | ** | 26,600 | 20,000 | ** |
| 1985................ . . . | 40,600 | 43,700 | ** | 49,400 | 39,200 | ** |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975............... . . . . | 22,700 | 22,500 | ** | 27,000 | 22,100 | ** |
| 1985.................... | 44,000 | 45,000 | ** | 47,800 | 42,300 | * |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIEN 「ISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 21,200 | 20,400 | 26,400 | 28,400 | 20,500 | ** |
| 1985..................... | 40,900 | 42,500 | 58,900 | 55,400 | 39,500 | ** |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 21,000 | 20,600 | 29,000 | 28,600 | 20,300 | ** |
| 1985. | 40,000 | 38,800 | 55,900 | 50,500 | 37,600 | 40,500 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 20,900 | 22,000 | 24,800 | 25,800 | 20,200 | ** |
| 1985. | 37,400 | 38,400 | ** | 44,900 | 36,700 | ** |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 21,200 | 21,600 | 26,200 | 28,800 | 20,400 | ** |
| 1985. | 39,000 | 41,400 | ** | 45,500 | 36,900 | ** |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 23,600 | 22,300 | 28,900 | 30,500 | 23,000 | ** |
| 1985. | 48,600 | 47,700 | 57,500 | 62,200 | 46,600 | ** |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 24,100 | 22,400 | ** | ** | 24,700 | ** |
| 1985.................... | 53,100 | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 24,700 | ** | ** | 32,000 | 23,500 | ** |
| 1985.................... | 48,100 | 41,600 | ** | ** | 47,600 | ** |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 22,600 | ** | ** | 28,800 | 22,000 | ** |
| 1985. | 47,100 | ** | ** | ** | 43,200 | ** |
| ELEC. /ELECTRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 23,800 | 23,700 | ** | 34,200 | 22,900 | ** |
| 1985. | 49,700 | 48,800 | ** | 6C 800 | 47,200 | ** |
| MECHANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 22,700 | 20,100 | ** | ** | 22,600 | ** |
| 1985.................... | 46,900 | ** | ** | ** | 45,300 | ** |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 23,800 | 22,100 | 28,700 | 30,600 | 23,400 | ** |
| 1985.................... | 49,900 | 48,800 | 58,300 | 60,700 | 48,300 | ** |

* $N$ NO MEDIAN COMPUTED FOR GROUPS WITH FEIER THAN 20 INDIVIDUALS REPORTING SALARY NOTE: MEDIANS COMPUTED FOR FULL-TIME EMPLOYED CIVILIANS ONLY.

SOURCE: NATIONAI SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS
table b-32. MEDIAN ANNUAL SALARIES OF DOCTORAL SCJENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD, SEX, AND RACIAL/ETHNIC GROUP: 1975 AND 1985

|  |  |  |  |  |  | RACE. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FIELD AND YEAR | TOTAL | MEN | HOMEN | WHITE | BLACK | AMERICAN INDIAN | ASIAN | OTHER | HIS- <br> PANIC(1) |
| ALL FIELDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 23,200 | 23,500 | 19,100 | 23,300 | 22,800 | 19,100 | 21,500 | 20,600 | 22,500 |
| 1985. | 44,800 | 46,000 | 35,500 | 44,800 | 40,100 | 42,100 | 45,500 | 40,300 | 42,200 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 22,600 | 23,000 | 19,000 | 22,700 | 22,600 | 18,900 | 21,000 | 20,400 | 22,200 |
| 1985. | 42,500 | 44,300 | 35,300 | 42,600 | 39,400 | 40,200 | 42,600 | 36,900 | 40,600 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 23,900 | 24,100 | 19,100 | 24,100 | 23,100 | ** | 20,900 | ** | 22,000 |
| 1¢85................... | 47,000 | 47,900 | 38,600 | 47,600 | 42,700 | ** | 44,300 | ** | 47,300 |
| MATH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 21,200 | 21,400 | 18,400 | 21,200 | 21,700 | ** | 20,700 | ** | 21,200 |
| 1985.... . . . . . . . . . . . . | 42,100 | 42,600 | 35,400 | 42,200 | 41,200 | ** | 39,500 | ** | 39,300 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 23,400 | 23,700 | 18,000 | 23,500 | ** | ** | 21,000 | ** | ** |
| 1985................... | 4,6,000 | 46,700 | 38,600 | 45,900 | ** | ** | 46,900 | ** | 48,600 |
| ENVIROMMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 23,500 | 23,600 | 19,100 | 23,500 | ** | ** | 21,900 | ** | ** |
| 1985................... | 46,600 | 47,300 | 38,700 | 46,100 | ** | ** | 53,000 | ** | 40,600 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.. | 22,200 | 22,600 | 19,000 | 22,300 | 21,900 | ** | 20,700 | ** | 22,300 |
| 1985................... | 41,700 | 43,400 | 35,100 | 41,800 | 40,000 | 39,800 | 41,000 | ** | 40,600 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 22,100 | 22,700 | 19,600 | 22,000 | 23,100 | ** | 21,700 | ** | 22,800 |
| 1985.................... | 39,500 | 40,700 | 34,800 | 39,700 | 35,400 | ** | 37,200 | ** | 36,600 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 22,200 | 22,600 | 18,700 | 22,200 | 22,400 | ** | 21,400 | ** | 22,500 |
| 1985. | 40,500 | 41,600 | 34,600 | 40,600 | 38,600 | ** | 39,600 | ** | 36,500 |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 25,200 | 25,200 | 21,200 | 25,500 | 25,100 | ** | 22,400 | ** | 23,900 |
| 1985.................. | 52.400 | 52,600 | 43, 300 | 53,600 | 45,600 | ** | 50,300 | ** | 50,100 |
| AEKO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 25,200 | 25,300 | ** | 25,700 | ** | ** | 23,100 | ** | ** |
| 2985.................... | 53,800 | 54,000 | 44,500 | 55,100 | ** | ** | 40,900 | ** | ** |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 26,400 | 26,400 | ** | 26,900 | ** | ** | 22,600 | ** | ** |
| 1985..... . . . . . . . . . . . | 55,700 | 55,800 | 43,500 | 60,800 | ** | ** | 50,000 | ** | ** |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 22,900 | 22,900 | ** | 23,300 | ** | ** | 20,800 | ** | ** |
| 1985................... | 48,500 | 48,700 | 37,000 | 48,600 | ** | ** | 45,100 | ** | ** |
| ELEC. /ELECTRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 25,000 | 25,000 | ** | 25,300 | ** | ** | 23,100 | ** | ** |
| 1985................... | 55,100 | 55,300 | 45,600 | 55,700 | ** | ** | 52,900 | ** | ** |
| MECHANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 23,800 | 23,800 | ** | 24,200 | ** | ** | 21,700 | ** | ** |
| 1985................... | 51,100 | 51,300 | 42,000 | 51,700 | ** | ** | 50,600 | ** | ** |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 25,700 | 25,700 | 21,000 | 25,900 | ** | ** | 22,600 | ** | ** |
| 1985................... | 52,300 | 52,500 | 44,200 | 52,900 | 51,000 | ** | 50,400 | ** | 60,000 |

(1)HISPANICS INCLUDE MEMBERS OF ATU RACIAL GROUPS.
**NO MEDIAN COMPUTED FOR GROUPS WITH FEWER THAN 2C INDIVIDUALS REPORTING SALARY
NOTE: MEDIAN COMPUTED FOR FULL-TIME EMPLOYED CIVILIANS ONLY.
SOURCE: NAITONAL SCIEMRE FOUNDATION, SRS
table b-33. MEDIAN ANNUL SALARIES OF DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD AND yEARS OE PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE: 1985

** NO MEDIAN COMPUTED FOR GROUPS WITH FEWER THAN 20 INDIVIDUALS REPORTING SALARY NOTE: MEDIANS COMPUTED FOR FULL-TIME EMPLOYED CIVILIANS ONLY.

SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SR

TABLE B-34. SELECTED EMPLOMMENT RATES OF DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD, SEX, AND RACIAL/ETHNIC GROUP: 1975

EMPLOYMENT RATES(1)

| FIELD, SEX, AND RACIAL/ ETENIC GROUP(2) | LABOR FORCE participation rate | UTEMPLOMMENT RATE | S/E EMPLOMTENT RATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 95.6 | 1.0 | 93.9 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 96.3 | . 8 | 93.9 |
| WOMEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 89.1 | 2.9 | 92.9 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE................... | 95.6 | . 9 | 93.9 |
| BLACK.................. | 96.6 | 1.0 | 86.5 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN........ | 98.6 | * | 95.3 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 98.8 | 1.6 | 96.4 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC................ | 96.1 | . 5 | 94.2 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 95.1 | 1.0 | 93.5 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 95.8 | . 8 | 93.5 |
| HOMEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 89.1 | 2.9 | 92.9 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 95.2 | 1.0 | 93.5 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 96.4 | . 8 | 85.7 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . . | 98.6 | * | 95.1 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 98.4 | 2.1 | 95.9 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| YISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 96.4 | . 5 | 94.0 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. ........................ | 94.8 | 1.4 | 91.6 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 95.3 | 1.2 | 91.8 |
| HOMEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 84.6 | 4.7 | 87.7 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 94.8 | 1.3 | 11.5 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 94.2 | 1.9 | 44.8 |
| NATIVE AIERICAN. . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 99.0 | 3.4 | 96.9 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC. | 99.7 | * | 92.8 |
| MATH SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. ..................... | 96.6 | . 7 | 94.4 |
| SEX 94.4 |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97.2 | . 6 | 94.6 |
| WOMEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 88.5 | 1.5 | 92.1 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE.................. | 96.5 | . 7 | 94.3 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | * | 100.0 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 99.2 | . 8 | 97.9 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC................ | 97.3 | * | 93.7 |
| COMPUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.9 | . 1 | 99.1 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | . 1 | 99.1 |
| HOMEN.................... | 98.0 | * | 99.3 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| HHITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | * | 99.0 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 98.9 | * | 100.0 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |

(1) SEe technical notes for definition of rates.
(2) HISPANICS INCLUDE MEMBERS OF ALL RACIAL GROUPS.

```
* LESS thaN 0.05 PERCENT
** tOO feh Cases tO estimate
```

TABLE B-34. SELECTED ERPLOYHENT RATES OF DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIEID, SEX, AND RACIAL/ETEXIC GROUP: 1975

## EMPLOMENT RATES(1)

| FIEID, SEX, AND RACIAL/ ETENIC GROUP(2) | LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE | UTEMPLOYMENT Rate | S/E ERPLOMENT RATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENVIROMMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97.8 | . 8 | 97.3 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97.9 | . 7 | 97.3 |
| HOTEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 93.9 | 4.1 | 98.5 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WEITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 98.0 | . 8 | 97.2 |
| BLACR. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 98.3 | 1.7 | 100.0 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| EISPANIC. | 100.0 | * | 95.4 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . | 93.7 | 1.0 | 96.3 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| Mmen. | 94.9 | . 7 | 96.4 |
| VCNEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 86.2 | 3.4 | 95.5 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 93.9 | 1.0 | 96.3 |
| BLACR. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 94.6 | * | 89.8 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . . | 95.9 | * | 92.9 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 97.6 | 1.9 | 97.4 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| ErSPANIC................ | 93.5 | . 2 | 99.0 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL...................... | 96.6 | . 7 | 95.3 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MER . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97.7 | . 5 | 95.5 |
| WCMEN . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 93.0 | 1.6 | 94.5 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WEITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 96.7 | . 8 | 95.6 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | 1.0 | 79.2 |
| HATIVE ANERICAN. . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 97.3 | . 7 | 96.9 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| BISPANIC................ | 96.8 | * | 93.3 |
| SOCIAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. ..................... | 94.9 | 1.0 | 87.6 |
| SEX ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 95.3 | . 6 | 87.6 |
| HCMEN. | 91.6 | 3.4 | 88.2 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 94.8 | . 9 | 87.8 |
| BLACK.................. | 97.3 | . 7 | 81.5 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . . | 100.0 | * | 90.9 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 99.3 | 1.2 | 87.3 |
| Etharcity |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC................ | 96.4 | 2.6 | 83.8 |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 98.2 | . 7 | 95.8 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 98.3 | . 7 | 95.8 |
| WOMEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 86.8 | 1.7 | 97.9 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 98.2 | . 7 | 95.7 |
| BLACK.................. . | 100.0 | 3.5 | 99.3 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 99.6 | . 4 | 97.4 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . | 95.1 | . 6 | 95.3 |

(1) SEe techaical notes for definition of rates.
(2) Hispanics include mabers of all racial groups.

* Less than 0.05 Percent
** TO FEH CASES TO ESTIMATE

TABLE D-34. SELECTED EMPLOMENT RATES OF DOCTORA', SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIEID, SEX, AND REKAOE/ETHNIC GROUP: 1975

ETPLOYTENT RATES(1)

FIELS, SEX, AND RACIAL/ ETHNIC GROUP(2)
AEROIASIRO ENGINEERS

| AEROIASIRO ENGINEERS TOTAL. |
| :---: |
|  |  | SE: MEN. HOMEN

$\qquad$ PARTICIPATION RATE RATE
S/E BPLLOMENT

RATE

TABLE B-34. SELECTED EMPLOYMENT RATES OF DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD, SEX, AND RACIAL/ETHNIC GROUP: 1975

EMPLOYMENT RATES (1)

| FIELD, SEX, AND RACIAL/ EIENIC GROUP(2) | LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE | UNEMPLOYMENT RATE | S/E EMPLOMMENT RATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OTHER ENGINEERS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 98.1 | . 5 | 96.3 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 98.2 | . 5 | 96.3 |
| WCMEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 87.3 | 1.5 | 97.0 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WEITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 98.2 | . 6 | 96.3 |
| BLACK................... | ** | ** | ** |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIIIC ISLANDER. | 99.7 | . 1 | 97.4 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC................ | 85.6 | 1.9 | 100.0 |

(1) SEE TECHNICAL NOTES FOR DEFINITION OF RATES.
(2) $\operatorname{liSPANICS}$ INCLUDE MEMBERS OF ALL RACIAL GROUPS.

```
* less than 0.05 percent
** TOO FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE
```

SOURGE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS

TABLE B-?'S. SELECTED EMPLOMENT RATRS OF DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD, SEX, AND RACIAL/ETENIC GROUP: 1985

EMPLOYMENT RATES(1)

| PIELD, SEX, AND RACIAL/ ETHNIC GROUP (2) | LABOR FORCE PRRTICIPATION RATE | UNEMPLOMEENT RATE | S/E EMPLOYMENT RATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |
| TOTAL...................... | 95.1 | . 8 | 91.3 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. | 95.4 | . 7 | 91.5 |
| HOMEN. | 93.1 | 1.8 | 89.8 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WaITE. | 94.7 | . 8 | 91.0 |
| BLACK. . | 97.5 | 1.2 | 85.6 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN........ | 96.1 | . 4 | 90.4 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 98.2 | . 9 | 94.9 |
| ETENICITY |  |  |  |
| EISPANIC. | 96.7 | 1.6 | 91.1 |
| SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 94.6 | . 9 | 90.8 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 95.0 | . 7 | 91.1 |
| WOMEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 93.0 | 1.9 | 89.6 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. | 94.3 | . 9 | 90.7 |
| BLACK. | 97.3 | 1.3 | 84.5 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . | 95.3 | . 5 | 88.5 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 97.7 | 1.0 | 94.5 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC................ | 97.9 | 1.4 | 92.5 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL.... | 93.2 | . 9 | 90.9 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . | 93.4 | . 8 | 90.9 |
| WOHEN. | 90.6 | 2.2 | 90.4 |
| PACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 92.6 | 1.0 | 90.3 |
| BLACR. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | . 4 | 96.4 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN........ | 100.0 | * | 100.0 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 97.9 | . 4 | 95.9 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| gispanic. . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.7 | . 6 | 97.8 |
| MATE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 96.3 | . 5 | 92.4 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN.. | 96.7 | . 4 | 92.4 |
| WOREN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 92.9 | 1.0 | 92.8 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. | 96.1 | . 5 | 92.4 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | * | 94.0 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 98.4 | . 4 | 93.5 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| EISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.2 | * | 100.0 |
| CCHPUTER SPECIALISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.9 | * | 99.2 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | * | 99.2 |
| HOMEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.2 | . 1 | 99.6 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| HHITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.9 | * | 99.1 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | * | 98.8 |
| Native american. . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 100.0 | . 2 | 100.0 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC................ | 100.0 | * | 100.0 |

(1) SEE TECHNICAL NOTES FOR DEFINITION OF RATES.
(2) HISPANICS INCLUDE MEMBERS OF ALL RACIAL GROUPS.

```
* LESS THAN 0.05 PERCENT
** TOO FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE
```

TABLE B-3S. SELECTED EMPLOYMENT RATES OF DOCTORAL, SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD, SEX, AND RACIAL/ETENIC GROUP: 1985

EMPLOYMENT RATES(1)

| FIELD, SEX, AND RACIAL/ EIANIC GROUP(2) | LABOR FORCE <br> PARTICIPATION RATE | UNEEPLOMMENT RATE | S/E EMPLOYMENT RATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 96.8 | . 6 | 96.3 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. | 96.8 | . 6 | 96.4 |
| HOMEN. | 96.1 | 1.2 | 95.6 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 96.6 | . 7 | 96.2 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.0 | * | 100.0 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 98.9 | . 2 | 97.3 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC.. | 100.0 | * | 89.6 |
| LIFE SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 23.7 | 1.1 | 94.8 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . | 94.4 | . 9 | 95.1 |
| HOMEN. | 91.2 | 1.8 | 93.7 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 93.5 | 1.1 | 94.8 |
| BLACK. | 94.4 | 1.3 | 89.0 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . . | 88.9 | 1.7 | 95.8 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 96.9 | 1.7 | 96.2 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| hispanic. . | 96.9 | 1.6 | 97.3 |
| PSYCHOLOGISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . | 95.9 | . 9 | 91.9 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. | 96.3 | . 6 | 91.7 |
| HOMEN. | 95.0 | 1.4 | 92.4 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 95.8 | . 8 | 92.2 |
| BLACR. | 99.2 | . 8 | 80.6 |
| NATIVE AHERICAN. | 96.3 | * | 92.3 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 99.0 | 2.5 | 87.8 |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC. | 95.0 | 2.7 | 88.6 |
| SOCLAL SCIENTISTS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 94.4 | 1.0 | 79.8 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. | 94.7 | . 6 | 80.7 |
| HOMEN. | 93.1 | 2.7 | 76.0 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 94.1 | 1.0 | 79.5 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97.3 | 2.0 | 77.4 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN......... | 97.7 | * | 70.1 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 97.3 | 1.2 | 87.5 |
| ETENICITY |  |  |  |
| HisPanic. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.2 | 1.4 | 82.3 |
| ENGINEERS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97.5 | . 5 | 93.4 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97.5 | . 5 | 93.3 |
| WOMEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97.7 | . 9 | 96.9 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97.1 | . 5 | 92.8 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.4 | * | 96.5 |
| IIATIVE AMERICAN......... | 100.0 | * | 100.0 |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 99.1 | . 8 | 95.6 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC.... . . . . . . . . . . | 89.9 | 2.9 | 82.6 |

(1) SEE TECHNICAL NOTES FOR DEFINITION OF RATES.
(2) HISPANICS INCLUDE MEMBERS OF ALL RACIAL GROUPS.

```
* less than 0.05 PERCENT
** TOO REN CASES TO ESTIMATE
```

TABLE B-35. SELECTED EMPLOMENT RATES OF DOCTORAL SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BY FIELD, SEX, AND RACIAL/ETHNIC GROUP: 1985

EMPLOYMENI RATES(1)

| FIELD, SEX, AND RACIAL/ ETHNIC GROUP(2) | LABOR FORCE Participation rate | $\begin{gathered} \text { UNEMPLOMMENT } \\ \text { RATE } \end{gathered}$ | S/E EMPLOYMENT Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AERO/ASTRO ENGINEERS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.9 | . 5 | 94.6 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | - | 94.5 |
| HOMEN. | 97.9 | * | 100.0 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.9 | . 5 | 93.7 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| NATIVE AMERICAN......... | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 100.0 | . 6 | 100.0 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC................ | ** | ** | ** |
| CHEMICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 94.5 | 1.8 | 87.9 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. | 94.6 | 1.7 | 87.9 |
| HOMEN. | 92.9 | 3.8 | 93.1 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. | 93.7 | 1.4 | 85.0 |
| BLACR. | 100.0 | * | 95.5 |
| NA"IVE AMERICAN. . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 96.7 | 2.8 | 95.4 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | * | 95.6 |
| CIVIL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 96.1 | . 8 | 92.7 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 96.1 | . 7 | 92.7 |
| WOMEN. | 96.9 | 4.2 | 94.5 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. | 95.6 | 1.0 | 91.3 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | * | 100.0 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN. . . . . . . | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 97.8 | * | 97.6 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC................ | 100.0 | * | 100.0 |
| ELEC. /ELECTRON. ENGINEERS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . | 98.3 | . 6 | 94.7 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 98.3 | . 6 | 94.6 |
| WOHEN. | 99.4 | * | 98.8 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 98.0 | . 7 | 93.9 |
| BLACK. | 100.0 | * | 100.0 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN........ | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 99.3 | * | 97.6 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC................ | 74.5 | * | 89.0 |
| MECHANICAL ENGINEERS |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97.2 | * | 92.2 |
| SEX |  |  |  |
| MEN. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97.2 | * | 92.1 |
| WOMEN. . | 95.1 | * | 96.6 |
| RACE |  |  |  |
| WHITE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 96.4 | * | 93.7 |
| BLACK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 96.4 | * | 100.0 |
| NATIVE AMERICAN........ | ** | ** | ** |
| ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER. | 100.0 | * | 85.4 |
| ETHNICITY |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC. . . . . . . . . . . . | 80.5 | * | 100.0 |

(1) SEE TECHNICAL NOTES FOR DEFINITION OF RATES.
(2) HISPANICS INCL.UDE MEMBERS OF ALL RACIAL GROUPS.

* Less than 0.05 percent
** TOO FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE


## EPRLOYMENT RATES(1)

| FIELD, SEX, AND RACIAL/ | LABOR FORCE <br> ETERIC GROUP (2) | UNEMPLOMMENT | S/E EMPLOMMENT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RATE |  |  |  |

(1) SEE TECANICAL NOTES FOR DEFINITION OF RATES.
(2) HISPANICS INCLUDE MEMBERS OF ALL RACIAL GROUPS.

* less tan 0.05 Percent
** TOO FEW CASES TO ESTIMATE
SOURCE: NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, SRS


## appendix c

# reproduction of 1985 survey questionnaire 

Page<br>1985 Survey of Doctorate Recipients<br>111

## 1985 SURYEY OF DOCTORATE RECIPIENTS

## CONDUCTED BY THE NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL WITH THE SUPPORT OF THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, THE NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES, THE NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH, AND THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

NOTE: THIS INFORMATION IS SOLICITED UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION ACT OF 1950, AS AMENDED. ALL INFORMATION YOU PROVIDE WILL BE TREATED AS CONFIDENTIAL, WILL BE SAFEGUARDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVACY ACT OF 1974 , and Will be used for statistical purposes only. information will be released only in the form of statistical summaries or in a FORM WHICH DOES NOT IDENTIFY INFORMATION ABOUT ANY PARTICULAR PERSON. YOUR RESPONSE IS ENTIRELY VOLUNTARY AND YOUR FAILURE TO PROVIDE SOME OR ALL OF THE REQUESTED INFORMATION WILL IN NO WAY ADVERSELY AFFECT YOU.

If your name and address are incorrect, please enter correct information below.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


1. Institution/Year
of Doctorats
2. Date of Birth
3. Marital Status

4a. What is.your racial background?
$\begin{array}{llll}1 \square & \square & \text { American Indian or Alaskan Native } & 3 \\ 2 & \square & \text { Black } \\ & \square & 4 & \\ \text { Asian or Pacific Isiznder } & \text { White }\end{array}$


4b. Is your ethnic heritage Hispanic?

(28)
6. Are you physically handicapped?
1Yes
2(33)

If Yes, what is the nature of your handicap(s)? (Mark as many as apply)
Between 6 and 18 years of age?(29)
$\square$ Yes How many? $\qquad$ (32)
5. Do you have aliy children
Under 6 years of age?
7. Citizenship
$1 \square$ U.S. Native BornU.S. Naturalized
3Non-U.S., Immigrant (Perm. Res.)

4 Non-U.S., Non-Immigrant (Temp. Res.)
(38)
IF NON-U.S., specify country of citizenshipVisual
3Auditory

Ambulatory $\square$ Other, specify $(34.37)$
8. Since recelving the doctorate, how many fultime squivalent years of professional work experience have you had? $\qquad$ Years(z)
9. What was your employment status (includes postdoctoral appointment ${ }^{*}$ ) during February 1985?

1. Employed full-time (Skip to \#13)
2. Employed part-time

If you were employed part-time, were you seeking full-time employment?
A $\square$ yes
BNo (44)
3. Postdoctoral appointment ${ }^{\text {- }}$

If you held a postdoctoral appointment, was it
AFull.time
BPart-time
(45)
(Skip to \#13)

[^35]10. If you were employed part-time during FEBRUARY 1985, what was the MOST important reason for being in part-time status?

Enter number from below (46)

1. Part-time employment preferred
2. Full-time position not àzailable
3. Constraints due to family or marital status
4. Other, specify $\qquad$
(Skip to \#13)
5. If you were unemployed and seeking enmployment during Fobruary 1985 was your job search restricted by:

Geographic location
2. Family responsibilities
3. Need for part-time employment
4. Other, specify
5. No restrictions (Skip to \#28)
12. If you were not smployed and not seeking work during Fobruary 1985, what was the most important reason for not seeking work?

Enter number from below (48)

1. Temporarily absent for health or personal ieasons
2. Tending to family responsibilties
3. Suitable job not available
4. Other, specify $\qquad$
(Skip to \#28)
5. Please give the name of your principal employer (company, organization, posidoctoral institution, etc. or, if self employed, write "self"'l and actual place of employment during FEBRUARY 1985.

Name of Employer
(49.56)
City $\quad$ State $\quad$ ZIP $\quad$ (57.65)
14. From the Employment Specialties List on page 4 select and enter both the number and title of the employment specialty most closely related to your principal employment or postdoctorsl appointment during FEBRUARY 1985. Write in your specialty if it is not on the list.

Number
Titie of Employment Specialty
(66.68)
15. Which category below best describes the type of your principal employment OR postdoctoral appoinument during FEBRUARY 1985?

Enter number from below (69.70)

1. Business or industry (including self-employed)
2. Junior coliege, 2-year college. technical institute
3. Medical school (including university affiluted hospital or medical center)
4. 4 -year college
5. University, other than medical school
6. Elementary or secondary school system
7. Private foundation
8. Hospital or clinic
9. U.S. milhary service, active duty, or Commissioned Corps, e.g., USPHS, NOAA
10. U.S. government, civilian employee
11. State government
12. Local or other government, specify
13. Nonprost Organization, other than those usted above
14. Other, specify
15. If you were employed during FEBRUARY 1985 in a speciality field other than your field of Ph.D., what was the MOST important reason for being in that position?

Enter number from below :71)

1. Better pay
2. More attractive career options
3. Preferred specific geographic location
4. Constraints due to family or marital status
5. Position in Ph.D. field not avallable
6. Promoted into new field
7. Other, specify $\qquad$
8. If you were employed by an academic institution during FEBRUARY 1985,
A. What was the rank of your position?

Enter number frem below (73)

FACULTY:

1. Professor
2. Associate professor
3. Assistant professor
4. Instructor
5. Administrator
6. Other, specify

NONFAC'JLTY:
7. Teaching staff
8. Research staff
9. Other, specify
17. If your doctorate is in a humanitias field and you were employed in a non-academic job in FEBRUARY 1985, what was the MOST important reason for your decision to enter the job?

Enter number from below (72)

1. Batter pay
2. More attractive career options
3. Preferred specific geographic location
4. Constraints due to family or marital status
5. Academic position not avalable
6. Other, specify $\qquad$
B. What was your tenure status?Tenured, Year
2 Not Tenured, in tenure•track position
Not Tenured, not in tenure-track position (74)
7. What is your best estimate of the percentage of your professional work time that you devoted to each of the following activities during a typical weok in your principal job? (Total should equal 100\%)

| \% |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Teaching (10) |
| 2. | 8 asic research (12) |
| 3. | Applied research (14) |
| 4. | Develorment of equipment, products, systems, data (16) |
| 5. | Design (18) |
| 6. | Writing, editing (20) |
| 7. | Professional services to Individuals (22) |
| 8. | Management of R\&D (24) |
| 9. | Management of educational/other programs (26) |
| 10. | Consulting (28) |

$\%$
11. Operations-production, maintenance, construction, installation $\mathbf{1 3 0}$
12. -. Quality control, testing, evaluation (32)
13. _- Sales, marketing, purchasing, estimating (34)
14. __ Archival work (36)
5. - Curatorial work 138i
16. _- Performing arts (40)
17. _Other, specify
(42)
TOTAL $=100 \%$
a. What were your primary and secondary work activities? (Enter number 1.17 from question above) $\quad \square$ Primary (44.45) $\square$ Secondary (46-47)
20. What was the basic annual salary* associated with your principal professional employment during FE8RUARY 1985 ? If you were on a postdoctoral appointment (see question 9 for definition), what was your stipend plus allowances?
$\qquad$
Check whether salary was for $\square 9.10$ months or $\square 11 \cdot 12$ months (51)

- Easic salary is your annual salary before deductions for income tax, social security, returement, etc., but does not include bonuses, overtıme. summer teaching, or other payment for professional work.

21a. After receiving your doctorate, did you have to acquire formal training in any of the following arses in order to obtain your presemt position?
$1 \square$ Yes $2 \square$ No (52) IF YES, specify below

1. $\square$ Foreign languages
2. $\quad$ Computer science
3. 
4. 

Management and administration
5.
22. Was any of your work during FE8RUARY 1985 supported or sponsored by U.S. Government funds?
$1 \square$
Yes
2No
3Don't Know (60)

IF YES, which federal agencies or departments were supporting the work?

Enter number(s) from the list of Federal Supporting Agencies on page 4.
$\qquad$ (61.72)
23. Listed below are selected topics of national interest. If you devoted a significant proportion of your professional time to any of these problem areas during FE8RUARY 1985, please give the corresponding number of the ONE on which you spent the MOST time.

Enter number from below (73.74)

1. Energy or fuel
2. Space
3. Health
4. Defense
5. Environ. protection, pollution control
6. Education (orher than teaching)
7. Crime prevention and control
8. Food and other agricultural products
9. Natural resources, other than fuel or food
10. Community development and services
11. Housing (planning, design, construction)
12. Transportation, communications
13. Cultural life
14. Other area, specify $\qquad$

15. What percens of your professional time did you devote to energy or fuel activities during a typical week? $\qquad$ percent (75.76)

## 25. From the list below, give the corresponding number of the ONE energy source that involved the LARGEST proportion of your energy-related work during

 FE8RUARY 1985.1. Coal and coál products

Enter number from below (77)
2. Petroleum (including oil shale and tar sands) or natural gas
6. Direct solar lincluding space and water heating, thermal, electric)
3. Fission
7. Indirect solar (winds, tides, biomass, etc.)
4. Fusion
8. Geothermal
5. Hydroenergy
9. Other, specify $\qquad$
26. Please read the following list of energy-related activities and give the corresponding number(s) from the list below of the activitylies) in which you were engaged during FE8RUARY 1985. Enter number(s) from below

1. Exploration
2. Extraction (gas, oil, mining)
3. Manufacture of energy-related components or products
4. Fuel processing (including refining and enriching)
5. Eiectric power generation
6. Transportation, transmission, distribution of fuel or energy
7. Energy storage
8. Energy utilization, management
9. Fuel reprocessing or disposa!
10. Energy conservation
11. Environmental impact (health, economic, etc.)
12. Education, training
13. Research and development
14. Other, spicify
15. Please enter the number $\mathbf{1 - 1 4}$ from question \#26 that 8EST describes the activity in which you spent MOST of your energy-related time.
16. Thank you for completing this questionnaire. Please return the completed form in the enclosed envelope to the National Research Council, JH630, 2101 Constitution Avenue, Washington, D.C. 20418.

MATHEMATICAL
sciences
000 - Algetr .
010 - Analys.s \& Functional Analysis 020 - Geometry
030 - Lo:̧ic (see alsu 834)
040 - Number Theory
052 - Probability
055 - Math. Staristics (see also 544, 670, 725, 727)
060 - Topology
062 - Operations Research (see also 478)

085 - Applied Mathematics
089 - Combinatorics \& Finite Mathematics
098 - Methematics, General
099 . Methematics, Other*

COMPUTER AND
INFORMATION SCIENCES
071 . Theory
072 - Software Systems
073 . Hardware Systems
074 - Intelligent Systems
079 - Computer Sciences, Other ${ }^{*}$ (see also 437, 476)
061 - Information Sci. \& Systems ${ }^{*}$

PHYSICS \& ASTRONOMY
101 - Astronomy
102 - Astrophysics
110 - Atomic \& Molecular
120. Electromagnetism

132 . Acoustics
134 - Fluids
135 - Plasma
136. Optics

140-E'ementary Particles
150 - Nuclear Structure
157 - Polymer
160 - Solid State
198 - Physics, General
199 - Physics, Other ${ }^{\circ}$

CHEMISTRY
200. Analytical

210 - Inorganic
215 - Synthetic Inorganic \& Organometallic
220 - Organic
225 - Synthetic Organic \& Natural Products
230 - Nuclear
240 - Physical
250. Theoretical

255 - Structural
260 - Agricultural \& Food
270 - Pharmaceutical
275 - Polymer
280 - Biochemistry (see also 540)
298 - Chemistry. General
299 - Chemistry, Other ${ }^{*}$

## EARTH, ENVIRONMENTAL,

 AND MARINE SCIENCES301 - Mineralogy, Petrology
305 - Geochemistry
$310 \cdot$ Stratigraphy, Sedimentation

320 - Paleontology
330 - Structural Gejlogy
341 - Geophysics (Solid Earth)
360 - Geomorph. \& Glecial Geology
2sit - Applicd Geol., Geol. Engr. \& Econ. Geol.
398 - Earth Sciences. General
399 - Earth Sciences, Other ${ }^{*}$
381 - Atmospheric Physics \& Chemistry
382 - Atmospheric Dyılamics
383-Atmos. \& Met viol. Sci., Other*
388 - Environmental Sciencas, General (see also 480, 528)
389 - Environmental Sciences, Other ${ }^{-}$
360 - Hydrology \& Water Resources
370 - Oceanography
397 - Marine Sciences, Other ${ }^{\bullet}$

## ENGINEERING

400-Aerospace, Aeronautical \& Astronautical
410 - Agricultural
415 - Bioengineering \& Biomedical
420 . Civil
430. Chemical

435 - Ceramic
436. Communications

437 . Computer
440 - Electrical
445 - Electronics
450 - Industrial \& Manufacturing
455 - Nuclear
460 - Engineering Mechanics
465 - Engineering Physics
470. Mechanical

475 - Metallurgical \& Phys. Met. Engr.
476 - Systems Design \& Systems Science (see also 072, 07, 074)
478 - Operations Research (see also 082)

47\% - Fuel Technology \& Petroleum
480. Sanitary \& Environmental Health

485 - Naval Arch. \& Marine Engr.
486- Mining \& Mineral
487 - Ocean
490 - Polymer
497- Materials Science \& Engineering
498- Engineerr.g, General
499 - Engineering, Other*

## AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES

501 - Agricultural Economics
508 - Animal Breeding \& Genetics
509 - Animal Nutrition
512 - Animal Sciences, Other ${ }^{-}$
500 - Agronomy
511 - Plant Path. (see also 553)
513 - Plant Breeding \& Genetics
514 - Plant Sciences, Other*
503 - Food Science and/or Technology (see also 573)
505 - Forestry
506 . Horticulture
507 . Soil Sciences
515 - Fisheries Sciences
516 . Wildife Management
518. Agriculture, Goneral

519 - Agriculture, Other ${ }^{*}$


## BiOLOGICAL SCIENI:ES

$540 \cdot$ Biochemistry (see also 230)
542 - Biophysics
550 - Botany
551 - : acteriology
552 - Plant Genetics
553 - Plant Path. (see aiso 511)
567 - Plant Physiology
563 - Human \& Animal Genetics
566 - Human \& Animal Physiology
569 - Zoology
544 - Biometrics \& Biostatisics Isee also 055, 670, 725, 727)
545 - Anatomy
54e Cell Biology
547 - Embryology
548 - Immunology
549 - Endocrinology
560 - Ecology
571 Entomology
572 - Molecular Biology
573 - Food Science and/or Technology (see also 503)
574 - Behavior/Ethnology
575 - Microbiology
576 - Nutrition \& Dietetics
589 - Neurosciences
590 - Toxicology
598- Biological Sciences, General
599 - Biological Sciences, Other*

PSYCHOLOGY
600 : Clinical
603. Cognitive

610 . Counseling \& Guidance
620. Developmental \& Gerontological

630 - Educational
635 . School
641 - Experimental
642 - Comparative
643 . Physiological
650- Industrial/Orgunizational
660 - Personality
670 - Psychometrics (see also 055,
544, 725, 727!
675 - Quantitative
680 - Socia!

698-Psychology, General
699 - Psychology, Other ${ }^{*}$

## SOCIAL SCIENCES

700 - Anthropology
703. Archeology

708-Communications
709-Linguistics
710 - Sociology
720 - Economics (see also 501)
725 - Econometrics (see also 055, 544, 670, 727)
727 - Social Statistics (see also 055, 544, 670, 725)
730- Demography
740. Geography

745 - Area Studies ${ }^{\circ}$
751 - Political Sci. \& Governmerıt
752 - Public Administration
753 - Public Policy Studies
755 - International Relation:.
760 - Criminology \& Crimiral Justice
770 - Urban \& Regional Plenning
775 . History \& Philosophy of Sci.
798 - Sccial Sciences, General
799 . Social Sciences, Other ${ }^{*}$

## hUMANITIES

804-History, American
805 - History, European
806 - History, Other ${ }^{*}$
811 - American Literature
813. English Language
$814 \cdot$ English Literature
827 - Classics
831 - Speech \& Debate
836. Cemparative Literature

839 - Letiers, Other ${ }^{*}$
821 - German
822 - Russian
823 - French
824 - Spanish \& Portuguese
$826 \cdot$ Italian
829. Other Languages*

802 - Art History \& Criticism
809. Americar. Studies

809 - Theatre \& Theatre Criticism
830 - Music
833 - Religious Studies (see also 881)
834 - Philosophy (see atso 030)
891 - Library \& Archival Sciences
878 - Humanities, General
879 - Humanities, Other ${ }^{*}$

## EDUCATION AND

PROFESSIONAL FIELDS
801 - Applied Art
881 - Theology (see also 833)
882 - Business \& Manasement
883 - Home Economics
884 - Jour nalism
886 - Law, Jurisprudence
887 - Social Work
888 - Architec. \& Environ. Design
896 - Professional Fields, General
897 - Professional Fields, Other ${ }^{\bullet}$
$938 \cdot$ Education lother than teaching ine field listed above)
-Identify the specific field in the space on the questionnaire.
899. OTHER FIELDS*

LIST OF FEDERAL SUPPORTING AGENCIES (For use with \# 22)

1. Agency for International Development
2. Environmental Protection Agency
3. National Aeronautics \& Space Adininistration
4. National Endowment for the Arts
5. National Endowment for the Humanities
6. National Science Foundation
7. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

114 8. Smithso nian Institution
9. Department of Agriculture
10. Department of Commerce
11. Department of Defense
12. Department of Energy
13. National Institutes of Health (DHHS)
14. Alcohol, Drug Abuse \& Mental Health Administration (NIAA, NIDA, NIMH)
15. Other DHHS, specify
16. Department of Education (NIE, OE, NCES)
17. Department of Housing and Urban Development
18. Depsitment of tine Interior
19. Departiean' of Justice
20. Department of Labor
21. Department of State
22. Department of Transportation
23. Other ajency or department. specify
24. Don't know source agency

## other science resources publications-Con.

NSF No. Price
S/E Personnel
Science and Engineering Doctorates: 1960-86 ..... 88-309
Immigrant Scientists and Engineers: 1986. ..... 88-308
Academic Science/Engineering: Graduate Enrollment and Support,Fall 198688-307
$\qquad$
U.S. Scientists and Engineers: 1986 ..... 87-322
$\qquad$
Characteristics of Recent Science and Engineering Graduates: 1986 ..... 87-321

$\qquad$
Federal Scientists and Engineers: 1986 ..... 87-320

$\qquad$
Reports
R\&D Funds
Federal R\&D Funding by Budget Function: Fiscal Years 1986-88 ..... 87-305
$\qquad$
S/E Personnel
Women and Minorities in Science and Engineering ..... 88-301
Foreign Citizens in U.S. Science and Engineering: History, Status, and Outlook ..... 86-305

$\qquad$
Revised
Composite
International Science and Technology Data Update ..... 87-319
Science and Technology Data Book ..... 87-317
Project Summaries: FY 1987 ..... 87-315
Profiles—Mechanical Engineering: Human Resources and Funding ..... 87-309
Profiles-Chemistry: Human Resources and Funding ..... 87-307
A Guide to NSF Science/Engineering Resources Data ..... 87-305


[^0]:    

    * Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made from the original document.

[^1]:    ${ }^{\text {'Inclu}}$ Indes members of all racial groups.

[^2]:    $i$

    | $\mathrm{ir}_{5}:$ |
    | :--- |
    | $\mathrm{C}_{5}$ |

    Governme

[^3]:    ${ }^{3}$ Economic Report of the President, op. ctt., p. 280.

[^4]:    ${ }^{4}$ Based on National Science Foundation, National Patterns of Science and Technology Resources: 1986 (NSF 86-309)(Washington, D.C., 1986), p. 37.

[^5]:    ${ }^{5}$ Economic Report of the Presilent, op. cit.

[^6]:    SOURCE: National Science Foundation, SRS; bzzed on unpublished data

[^7]:    ${ }^{5}$ For additonal information on doctoral wome. and minority scientists and engineers, see National Science Foundation, Women and Minorities in Science and Engineering (NSF 88-301)(Washington, D.C., January 1988).

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ For a detailed discussion of changes in sampling rates used throughout this survey series, as well as other technical details of the survey, see Mary Belisle, Methodological Rsport for the 1985 Survey of Doctorate Recipients (Washington, D.C.: Office of Science and Engineering Personnel, National Research Council), April 1987.

[^9]:    ${ }^{2}$ Minority status was first introduced in 1975 when it was substituted for "size of doctorate institution" as a stratification variable.
    ${ }^{3}$ Beciause of the increased response rate of U.S. citizens as compared with foreign cittzens/residents, citizenship was introduced as a stratification variable in 1979.
    ${ }^{4}$ Specialties are grouped in fields according to the classification presented in table A-1.

[^10]:    ${ }^{5}$ For information on the vanous data collection instruments used throughout this survey series, see National Science Foundation, Characteristics of Doctoral Scientists and Engineers in the Unted States (Detailed Statistical Tables)(Washington, D.C.), biennial senes.

[^11]:    ${ }^{6}$ The data and matenal on sampling relasbility presented here are adoped from Methodologicel Report for the 1985 Survey of Doctorate Recipiens, op. cit.

[^12]:    ${ }^{7}$ Based upon the ratio of two estimated totals, where the numerator is a subset of the denominator.

[^13]:    ${ }^{8}$ The standard error estimates were derived from generalized functions based upon a limited set of characteristics and may overstate the error associated with estimates drawn from strata with high sampling fractions. See Methodological Report for the 1985 Surery of Doctorate Recipients, op. cit.

[^14]:    Estimates not shown for groups with tower than 20 respondents or when rolativoity largo standard errors were associated with 90 percent or more of the subpopulation.

[^15]:    B-35. Selected employment rates of doctoral scientists and engineers by field, sex, and racial/ ethnic group: 1985 105

[^16]:    * 100 REW CASES TO ESTIMATE

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[^32]:    * tOO FEN CASES tO Estimate

[^33]:    * TOO PEN CASES TO ESTIMATE

[^34]:    * TOO FEH CASES TO ESTIMATE

[^35]:    - Temporary appointment in academia, industry or government, the primary purpose of which is to provide for continued education or experience in research.

